THE

Bombay Gazette.

TWELVE PAGES.

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No. 55,736—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, AUGUST 31, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON, WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing, 3-30 p.m.	Steamers	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
31st Aug.	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
7th Sept.	ARABIA	8000	....	....
14th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
21st ,,	ARCADIA	7000	....	....
28th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
5th Oct.	EGYPT	8000	....	....
12th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	10600
19th ,,	PERSIA	5000	....	....
26th ,,	* MALOJA	12500	MACEDONIA	10500
2nd Nov.	CHINA	8000	....	....
9th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
16th ,,	ARABIA	8000	....	....
23rd ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10000
30th ,,	MEDINA	12500	....	....

* This vessel proceeds to London via Malta, and Passengers for Marseilles transfer at Port Said to the S. S. MACEDONIA.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1913.

22nd Feb.	EGYPT	8000	....	..
1st March	MOREA	11000	....	..
8th ,,	PERSIA	5000	....	..
15th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10500
19th ,,	* ARCADIA	7000	....	..
22nd ,,	MANTUA	11000	....	..
29th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MEDINA	12500
5th Apl.	ARABIA	8000	....	..
12th ,,	MOLDAVIA	10000	....	..
19th ,,	MALOJA	12500	....	..
26th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
3rd May	EGYPT	8000	....	..
10th ,,	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10500

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER. ONE CLASS ONLY.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAY, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES, Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS

BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.

LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

ELLERMAN'S CITY & HALL LINES.

(JOINT SERVICE).

Approximate sailings from Bombay and Karachi for MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL, &c.

SPRING 1913.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay 1913.	Leave Karachi 1913.
*City of Birmingham	7475	10 Feb.	8 Feb.
City of Sparta	5415	.....	19 ,,
*City of Glasgow	6529	3 March	1 March
Trafford Hall	5321	.....	18 ,,
City of Athens	5594	15 March	...
City of Poona (Tw. Screw)	8500	.....	5 April
*City of Lahore	6375	16 April	14 ,,
City of Benares	6978	.....	23 ,,
*City of Calcutta	7631	5 May	3 May
*City of Marseilles (Tw. Screw)	8800	15 ,,	13 ,,
City of Manchester	5551	.....	21 ,,
City of York	7810	.....	31 ,,
Trafford Hall	5321	29 May	...
City of London	9000	.....	19 July

* Calling at Bombay for PASSENGERS ONLY.

FARES.	1st class Single.	1st class Return.	2nd class Single.	2nd class Return.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Marseilles	578	891	429	649
London via Marseilles	653	1,091	489	809
Liverpool	605	957	452	704

Concessions granted to Families, Railway Employes, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of steamers, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced stewardess.

All steamers have Electric Light and Fan fitted in each cabin FREE of CHARGE.

The Fares advertised include Free Passage by B. I. Steamer between Bombay and Karachi and vice-versa.

For passages and full particulars apply to:—

Bombay—Messrs. Ed. Bates and Sons Agency.

KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,

Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes, Campbell & Co., Ltd

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Gratton Geary. Rs. 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers. Tons. Sailing. Date. Time. Route via

Dumra... 1695 Thurs. 5th Sept. 9 a. m.

Linga ... 2185 Friday 6th Sept. † 6 a.m. direct.

† Or later on arrival of Mail-ish Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSSEH

(Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra" 1695 tons, on Thursday, 5th Sept. calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. Barjora 3220 tons, on Wednesday, 4th September, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Charbar, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomerah and Busreh.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA.

(Monthly.)

S. S. "Pentakota" 3418 tons, on Thursday 5th September, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS, AND CALCUTTA.

A. Steamer on or about 14th September.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO., Agents,

Nicol Road, near Ballard Pier, BOMBAY.

31st August, 1912.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	1st Sept
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Oct
Semiramis	3999	G. Gillhuber	16th Oct
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	1st Nov

HOMEWARD PASSENGERS' SEASON 1913

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st Feb
Semiramis	3999	G. Gillhuber	16th ,,
Gablonz	8060	...	1st Mar
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st April
Semiramis	3999	G. Gillhuber	16th ,,
Gablonz	8060	...	1st May
Habsburg	3979	E. Seberich	16th ,,
Cleopatra	4039	N. Chersich	1st June

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail about
Vorwaerts	5990	...	28th Feb
F. Ferdinand	6046	...	28th Mar
Austria	7588	...	28th Apr

All the above Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES ACCELERATED LINE.

FIRST CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 500

To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 750

To London via Trieste ... ,, 579 to 644*

To London via Trieste and back.. ,, 903 ,, 1083*

SECOND CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 350

To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 525

To London via Trieste ... ,, 429 to 449†

To London via Trieste and back... ,, 633 ,, 723†

* Fares according to class of Railway.

† Fares according to Route on Railway.

ORDINARY LINES.

SALOON CLASS—

To Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450

To Trieste or Venice and back ... ,, 675

To London via Trieste ... ,, 529 to 594*

To London via Trieste and back.. ,, 832 ,, 963*

* Fares according to Route and class on Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, by the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Societa Nazionale di Servizi Maritimi from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE

Steamer	Tons	Captain	To sail about
China	6017	N. Giurovich	5th Sept.

For further particulars regarding passages apply to

E. STUPARICH, Acting Agent, Austrian Lloyd S. N. Co. 52, Churchgate St., Fort, Bombay.

CEMENT

HAETON BRAND.

GUARANTEED BEST

English quality.

W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.

BOMBAY.

CLARKES B 41. PILLS.

A waranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

LONDON HOTEL WINDSOR.

VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER.

(*Near the Houses of Parliament.*)

FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

CONTAINING 250 Apartments, moderate charges.

Tariff and full particulars on application to the PROPRIETOR.

Telegraphic address "EARNESTNESS" LONDON.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP..... £400,000

RESERVE..... £ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE:—16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES:—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE:

4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.

CALCUTTA OFFICE:

103, Clive Street, Calcutta.

BOMBAY OFFICE:

Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL..... £1,000,000

CALLED UP £400,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS £600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)

EMILE FRANQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)

JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)

J. O. GEORGES BOUILLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).

J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,

A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,

Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.

MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON, Manager.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906,

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE:

ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED.....Rs. 1,00,00,000

CAPITAL CALLED UP..... ,, 50,00,000

RESERVE FUND..... ,, 3,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. p. a. from December 1st to May 31st, and at 2 per cent p. a., for the remaining six months. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter periods at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS, & CASH CREDITS

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW, Manager.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works, 2, Greco Street, Fort.

SMOKER SIR?

We question whether any house East of Suez can show a collection of smoker's commodities, so replete or in so charming a variety as that now being displayed in our show cases. To our hitherto representative collection we have recently added lavishly, and we would impress on our customers that every piece of Gold or Silver is

BRITISH HALL-MARKED

That useful adjunct to the smoker of the fragrant Turkish or Egyptian, the CIGARETTE CASE, is to be seen in a plethora of shapes and styles; curved and straight; single and double; long and short; plain and engine-turned; heavy and light; of which we have

OVER A GROSS

to select from. There are, besides, TOBACCO BOXES, MATCH BOXES, CIGARETTE BOXES, CIGARETTE HOLDERS, CIGAR CUTTERS, POCKET CIGAR or CIGARETTE LIGHTERS, the "EVER-READY" LIGHTER and other knick-knacks which appeal to the smoker and are so popular and useful also for presentation purposes.

MARCKS & Co., LTD.,

JEWELLERS, AND SILVERSMITHS,

BOMBAY AND POONA.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

150° "SHELL"

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED 150° TEST in AMERICA.

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

"SHELL" 150°

CONDOR'S (LATE D. FERNANDES & Co.)

WORLD RENOWNED HOUSEHOLD REMEDIES.

All the medicines in the world are not known to the public unless they have been tried ONCE at least. Undernoted are the few reliable and effective Specifics which are still an enormous Demand since 1870. Why not try then.

CONDORODYNE. A remedy far superior to all the Chlorodynes on the market, price, Re. 1 per bottle.

IODISED SARSAPARILLA. An invaluable remedy in all Impurities of the Blood. Re. 1-8.

CORN AND WART CURE.—An excellent preparation for the speedy and permanent removal of Corns, Warts, etc. Annas 8 only.

TOOTH ACHE DROPS GIVES INSTANT RELIEF.—Annas 8.

CAMPHORATED MYRRH DENTIFRICE.—An invaluable and exceedingly pleasant preparation for cleansing the teeth Strengthens the gums, imparts a pleasant and refreshing odour to the breath, prevents decay, removes all stains from the teeth, and renders them pearly white Annas 4 per pot only.

CAMPHOR COUGH AND COLD BALSAM.—An unrivalled and extremely palatable mixture for all chronic and acute affections of the Throat Chest and Lungs. Gives instant relief and effects a speedy cure. Annas 12 per bottle.

FEMALE PILLS.—(Mild.) An excellent remedy in suppressions, irregularities and disorders peculiar to the Sex Re. 1.

FEMALE PILLS.—(Strong) Same as the above but far more speedy and efficacious in action. Guaranteed safe and harmless. Rs. 3.

RINGWORM SPECIFIC.—A never failing remedy in even the most obstinate forms of all skins diseases. Annas 8 per pot.

CONTRA-FAT.—A perfectly harmless and extraordinarily effective remedy in Obesity Involves no restriction in diet and is very pleasant to take. Well worth a trial. Rs. 3 per bottle.

GENUINE HAIR GROWER.—A non-oily and delicately perfumed hair tonic. Promotes a rapid and luxuriant growth of the hair cools and cleanses the scalp removes dandruff, and speedily restores grey hairs to their natural colour. Rs. 3 only.

SANTALINE CAPSULES.—An exceedingly popular and highly efficacious remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of even the most chronic or acute urethral discharges. Rs. 3 per bottle.

ANTICHOLERA MIXTURE.—Re. 1. Perfumed Prickly Heat Powder. Annas 8.

ORIENTAL PILE OINTMENT. Rs. 2-8.

Condor's Sore Throat Solution, Rs. 3.

Most of the above remedies should always be kept handy in every home, so as to avoid doctors bills. If your chemist does not stock these write to the sole manufacturers.

THE ONLY EUROPEAN FIRM IN INDIA who supply all articles to the public at lowest rates prevailing in the market and deliver same to your door free of carriage and cooly charges, for all your monthly orders valued over Rs. 25 only.

CONDOR & SONS (Successors to D. Fernandes & Co.), Chemists, Druggists, Provision Merchants, Tobacconists, etc, 61 Hornby Road. (opp: Whiteaway Laidlaw & Co., Fort, Bombay.) Write for anything you may require. Mofussil orders attended very carefully and promptly. Trial solicited.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,

BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	,, ,,	
Chester	125°	,, ,,	
Devoe's	125°	,, ,,	
Monkey	125°	,, ,,	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

THE ITALIAN STORES.

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,

105, MEDOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

GRUYERE, GORGONZOLA and PARMESAN CHEESE, the best obtainable.

PURE ITALIAN OLIVE OIL, unsurpassable for purity.

ITALIAN WHITE WINE VINEGAR, the produce of the grape only.

MACCARONI, VERMICELLI and SOUP PASTES, always in stock, consignments received by every Italian Steamer.

SOFTSHELL NUTS for DESSERT such as WALNUTS, ALMONDS, and HAZELNUTS.

HORS-D'OUVRE in glass jars and in tins of different varieties from the best Home Firms.

WINES and LIQUEURS, from the best Houses in France and in Italy.

SINGAPORE CANE CHAIRS, SETTIES, EASY CHAIRS, and TABLES of various patterns and designs always in stock.

Our famous GRIGNOLINO CLARET (pure grape Wine) at Rs. 12 per dozen bottles.

MONGINI BROTHERS CAKE SPECIALITIES.

From 1lb. and upwards may be had Fresh daily if ordered before 9 a.m.

GATEAU YOLANDA—(a Lemon Tea Cake.)

GATEAU CAPRICE—(Chocolate Flake Cake.)

GATEAU CONVERSATION—(Custard Cream Cake.)

GATEAU NOISETTE—(Hazelnut Praline Cake.)

GATEAU JAPONAIS—Pineapple Iced Cake.)

GATEAU MOKA—(Coffee Cream Cake.)

MONGINI BROTHERS,

CHURCH GATE STREET.

Telephone No. 325.

FAVOURITES OF ROYALTY

ALL THINGS are now dated from the time of the great Coronation Durbar and however popular they were before that historic event there is no doubt that henceforth the proved merits and high class finish of the

DAIMLER, FIAT, AND WOLSELEY

Motor Cars as used by H. I. M. The King-Emperor, H. E. The Viceroy and all the principal Ruling Chiefs of India have placed these cars in the front rank far in advance of other Motors.

Full particulars of 1912 models from the SOLE AGENTS.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.

11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE, BOMBAY.

SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO

H. E. LORD HARDINGE.

Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

REVISION of the ELECTORAL ROLL of persons qualified to vote at the election of an additional member of the LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL of HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR of Bombay, representing the Mahomedan Community in Bombay.

NOTICE is hereby given that the draft list of Mahomedans resident, in Bombay, qualified under the Election Rules published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" Extraordinary of 15th November, 1909, to vote at the forthcoming election of an additional member of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay representing the Mahomedan Community in Bombay will be available for inspection at the office of the Collector of Bombay in the Custom House, on 31st August and following days, when the office is open for business, between the hours of 12 noon and 5 P.M. A limited number of copies of this draft list will be available for sale on application at a price of rupee one per copy. All persons whose names are not included in the list and who claim that their names should be entered in the final revised roll and all persons whose names appear in the list and who claim that any alteration or revision should be made in such list should forward their claims in writing to the Collector of Bombay before the 14th September, after which date no claims will be considered.

All letters submitting claims should be marked on the outside "Electoral Roll."

E. L. SALE,
Collector of Bombay.

Bombay Collector's Office,
29th August, 1912.

THE COLABA LAND & MILL COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that the THIRTY-THIRD ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Colaba Land and Mill Company, Limited, will be held at the Registered Office, No. 42-48, Church Gate Street, Fort, on WEDNESDAY the 18th September, 1912, at 3-30 P.M. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

(1). To receive the Directors' Report and the Audited Statements of Account for the year ended 30th June, 1912,

(2). To sanction payment of a Dividend.

(3). To appoint Directors in place of those who retire by rotation but are eligible for re-election.

(4) To appoint Auditors for the current year and to fix their remuneration.

(5). To transact any other business which the Chairman may bring before the Meeting.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 18th September, to WEDNESDAY, the 2nd October, 1912, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
BRADBURY & CO.,
Agents & Managers.

Bombay, 22nd August, 1912.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED, on WEDNESDAY, the 4th proximo, being a Public Holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

BOMBAY-POONA SERVICE.

THE FOLLOWING TRAINS, the running of which was TEMPORARILY SUSPENDED will resume running from to-day:—

23 Down Poona Passenger.			40 Up Bombay Passenger		
		H. M.			H. M.
Bombay	... Dep.	22-15	Poona	...Dep.	10-10
Poona...	... Arr.	5-30	Bombay	...Arr.	16-35

A. C. RUMBOLL,
General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, dated 28th Aug., 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 1094 of 1910.

RANCHHORDAS KALLIANJI ... Plaintiff.
Vs.
PRAGJI KALLIANJI and others ... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Decretal Order of Reference made in the above Suit and bearing date the 9th day of November, 1911, the following immoveable properties will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Hon'ble Court, at his office, in the Court House, on WEDNESDAY, the 18th day of September, 1912, at the hour of Four o'clock in the afternoon (Standard Time).

PARTICULARS.

All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiff and of the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th and 5th Defendants.—RANCHHORDAS KALLIANJI, PRAGJI KALLIANJI, GOCULDAS DAMODAR, MANGALDAS SHAMJI, LUXMIDAS SHAMJI and BAI SOONDERBAI, widow of SHAMJI KALLIANJI, in the undermentioned (properties) lots.

Lot No. 1.—All that piece or parcel of land or ground containing by admeasurement 812 square yards and one-fourth of another square yard be the same, a little, more or less, Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 594, New No. 2409, Old Survey No. 225 and New Survey No. 127, together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling-house buildings and premises standing thereon, situate on the North side of the Chewoolwady Street or Kolbhat Lane without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, and assessed by the Collector of Municipal taxes under Wards Nos. 3082 to 3084, 3086, Street Nos. 5-7 and 1-2 and 4, and bounded on the East by the Halai Bhatia Mahajanwady, on the West by the Property of Vassantrao Madhavrao, on the North partly by the property of Vassantrao Madhavrao and partly by the property of Anandrao Narayan Dabholker, and on the South by a public road formerly called Chewoolwady but now called Kolbhat Lane, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of Ranchhordas Kallianji, Pragji Kallianji, Goculdas Damodar, Mangaldas Shamji and Lakhmidas Shamji and their tenants and are more particularly described delineated by a red colour boundary line in the map or plan, thereof deposited in the Office of the Commissioner High Court.

Lot No. II.—All those two pieces or parcels of batty land adjoining each other and formed into one piece situate at Malad Pot Tukdi Bunder, Taluka Salsette Zilla or District of Thana, known by the name of Nevrya and bearing field No. 48, admeasuring about 1750 square yards, the Government Revenue payable in respect of which said pieces together is Rs. 3-3-2, and are bounded on or towards the East by a passage leading to the fields of Dr. Continho beyond which are the fields of Haridas Dharamsey and Jamnadas Manohardas, on or towards the West by the fields belonging to Lalji Ramji, and on or towards the North by the other field of Yessoo Marajit Bhandari and Pandu Maraji Bhandari and on or towards the South by the boundary of the fields belonging to the said Dr. Continho.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. Ardesir, Hormusji, Dinshaw & Co., Attorneys for the Plaintiff and the 1st and 2nd defendants abovenamed, at No. 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 2nd day of August, 1912.

J. E. MODI,
Commissioner.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rate for Subscribers is now Rs. 26 per annum in advance, post free.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

S. S. "CITY OF ATHENS,"
ARRIVED on 30th August, 1912.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the Docks. Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of the consignees unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay.

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Home Street, Bombay, 30th August, 1912.

NOTIFICATION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.
BOMBAY CASTLE, 28th August, 1912.

NO. 5683.—The Honourable Surgeon-General H. W. STEVENSON, C.S.I., I.M.S., having WITHDRAWN HIS CANDIDATURE for ELECTION as a member of the Bombay Medical Council as required by rule 6 (3) of the rules published in Government Notification No. 4442, dated the 10th July, 1912, his name should be deleted from the lists of persons nominated as candidates under sections 2 (2) (c) and 2 (2) (d) of the Bombay Medical Act (Bom. VI of 1912), published in Government Notification No. 5622, dated the 24th August, 1912.

By Order of His Excellency the Honourable the Governor in Council.

J. L. RIEU,
Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.
BOMBAY CASTLE, 30th August 1912.

NO. 5784.—THE HONOURABLE LIEUTENANT-COLONEL J. JACKSON, I.M.S., having WITHDRAWN his CANDIDATURE for ELECTION, as a member of the Bombay Medical Council, as required by rule 6 (3) of the rules published in Government Notification No. 4442, dated the 10th July, 1912, his name should be deleted from the list of persons nominated as candidates under section 2 (2) (d) of the Bombay Medical Act (Bom. VI of 1912), published in Government Notification No. 5622, dated the 24th August, 1912.

By Order, etc.,
J. L. RIEU,
Secretary to Government.

NOTICE.

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By Order of the Board,
L. C. BALDWIN,
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B. O. C.

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CALCUTTA—BOMBAY—MADRAS—KARACHI.

Messrs. BULLOCH BROTHERS & Co., Ld., CHITTAGONG.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD & COMPANY,
No. 16, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE of valuable landed property at New Kazi Street, Null Bazar, nearly opposite Police Chowky.

Under instructions from the mortgagees Mr. Jamnadas Bhagwandas and his wife Bai Kashibai and on account and at the risk of Bai Khatizabai and another Messrs CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 31st instant at 4-30 p.m, (S.T.) the following landed property on the premises.

PARTICULARS:—All that piece or parcel of land or ground of the quit or ground rent tenure together with the messuages, tenements and dwelling-house standing thereon situate lying and being at New Kazi Street out of the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 179 7-9 square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos 893, 894, New Nos 8059, 8061, Old Nos 1728, 1729 and New Survey Nos 847 and 848 and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Rates and Taxes under C. Ward Nos.6132 and 6133 and Street Nos. 203, 205, 207 and bounded as follows:—On or towards the east by a sweeper's passage on or towards the west by the New Kazi Street on or towards the south by the property of Hissamen bin Bunrey and on the north by the property of Abdul Kader Ooraukar.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Mulji, Khambatta and Thakoredas, attorneys for the said mortgagees at their office at Church Gate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

WEEKLY SALE.

On MONDAY, the 2nd September, 1912, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture such as cupboards, chairs, washing and dressing tables, leather kit and hand bags, glass veranda lamps, baba chairs, electric table lamps, phonographs, safes, &c.

At 2-30 p. m. (S. T.)

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 light rubber-tyred office shigram.
1 light rubber-tyred victoria.
1 light rubber-tyred glass fronted brougham.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE DIAMOND AND PEARL JEWELLERY.

Under instructions from Messrs K. F. Seervai and Nadirshaw B. Vakil, Receivers appointed in Suit No. 129 of 1910, (Dhunbai vs Byramji), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, on MONDAY, the 2nd September, 1912, at 4 p. m. (S. T.) the following valuable jewellery such as:—

1 diamond necklace, 1 pair bootties with single large diamonds, 1 pair gold bangles set with pearls, 1 pair bootties set with diamonds and a ruby, (ruby in 1 bootie missing) 1 large earring, set with diamond, 3 gold rings set with stone, 1 gold neck chain of two strings, 1 pair gold bangles, 1 gold neck chain, 1 gold neck chain with large coin, 1 gold neck chain.

A deposit of 25 per cent, will be required at the time of sale.

The jewellery can be seen in the office of Messrs. Jehangir and Seervai, Solicitors, at Esplanade Road, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of Oilmanstores, Provisions, Perfumery, Patent Medicine, Shop Furniture of the Empire Stores, Empire Building, Hornby Road, near Boree Bunder.

On TUESDAY, the 3rd September, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the abovementioned place, large quantity of Cross and Blackwalls provisions and oilmanstores, patent medicine, perfumery, Huntley and Palmer's and Jacob's biscuits, hams, bacons, chocolate by various makers. Brook Bond teas, etc., sliding, door cupboards, marble top, counter show cases, large shelves, chairs, copying press, clock, carriage whips, padlocks, door locks, etc.

The above is on view.

BONA-FIDE SALE OF OFFICE FURNITURE, ELECTRIC FANS, LIGHT etc.

On FRIDAY the 6th September, at 2 p. m. (S. T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the Rogay Building, Apollo Street, Fort, next to Share Bazar, substantial made teakwood office furniture of the Office of the Agent General of British Protectorates, in Africa consisting of office and writing tables, chairs, pigeon hole cupboards, glass and panel door cupboards, book-stands, benches, Oliver's typewriter duplicating machine, Avery's platform scale, screens, wall clocks, copying press, stands, electric lights, fans, table lamps, also several articles of household furniture, such as mahogany, Cheval glass, wash-hand and cardtables, iron cot, chairs, etc.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 3 days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 31st August, 1912.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort.

AUCTION SALE of the Undivided Half Equal Share of the Mortgagor in the Piece of Land at Worli near the Textile Mill,

THIS DAY, SATURDAY the 31st August, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T) Messrs. J. S. MODY & Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises under instructions from C. R. Billimoria Esq., Vakil for the mortgagee Mr. Allibhoy Mahomedally and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagor Bai Luxmibai, widow of Jagoo Undir pursuant to the power of sale given in the Indenture of mortgage dated the 20th day of October 1911 all the undivided half equal share of the mortgagor in the undermentioned property viz:—

All that piece or parcel of Foras land or ground situate lying and being at Worli (Goa) outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay containing by admeasurement 2832 Square yards or thereabouts registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 168, 169, New No. 12092 and New Survey Nos. 2-3030, 5-2765, 2-2776, 2-2783, and bounded as follows: on the East by the property of Municipal Gutter, on the West by the public passage on the North by the property of Aitwar Koli and on the South by the property of Manek Patil.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale apply to C. R. Billimoria Eqr., Vakil for the mortgagee at his office in Princess Street where the documents relating to the property can be inspected or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 31st August, 1912.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY,
No 35, HUMMUM STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF UNCLAIMED LUGGAGE, PARCELS, etc., at G. I. P. Railway, Victoria Terminus.

In accordance with sections 55 and 56 of Railway Act IX, of 1890, under instructions from the G.I.P. Railway Company, Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 31st August, 1912, at 2-30 p. m. (S.T.), at the abovenamed place:—

A quantity of unclaimed goods, parcels, etc., etc.

AUCTION SALE OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instructions from the Bombay Improvement Trust Messrs. MENESSE and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on MONDAY, the 2nd September, 1912, at 3-30 p.m.

The materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 34-38, case No. 214, Chimna Butcher Street.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 31st August, 1912.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 31st instant, at 3-30 p.m.(S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p. m. (S. T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred light Landaulette with patent spring hood, in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram in good order.

1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria.

1 bay Arab aged, quiet in harness.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred vis-a-vis, in good order.

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred glass fronted miniature brougham, in good order.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY the 1st proximo at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at Sans Sauci Victoria Road, Byculla very valuable and handsome choice mahogany teakwood and blackwood, plain and carved household furniture, by Lazarus Labus and Dewji Kanji & Co. and others (for many years the property of Sassoon's family) rich glass and crockeryware, best platedware, large dining table, arm and without arm chairs, rich mirror backside boards, and dumbwaiters, table hanging and hall lamps, drawing-room sofas and chairs, made to order fancy cabinets with writing tables by Labus & Co. rich ornaments, Parian, terracotta and bronze figures, rich oil paintings, and oliographs, old China and satsoomaware, fancy teapoys, marble top tables, bentwood furniture, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, marble top dressing and wash-hand tables, dressing, chival glasses, made to order Zoonde cupboard by Dewji Canji & Co., chest-of-drawers, cloth and gown presses, large mirror doors, almyrahs, copper and aluminium utensils, rich garden pots, etc, etc. The property of Major Montgomery T. R. A. G. and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE BUILDING PLOTS, at Carnac Road, opposite Crawford Market, and Saiyad Abdul Rehman Street and Balu Serang Street.

Under instructions from the Bombay-Improvement Trust Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 25th September next, at 4-30 p. m. (S. T.), sell by Public Auction, on plot No. 116, opposite Crawford Market, the following very valuable building plots for the period of 999 years:—

At Carnac Road, opposite Crawford Market.—

Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.	Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.
116	528	126	343

Both the above plots will be put up first in one lot and if the reserved bid is not reached then they will be sold separately. Saiyad Abdul Rehman Street:—

Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.	Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.
117	283	119	288
118	282		

Balu Serang Street:—

Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.	Plot No.	Sqr. Yds.
123	323	125	292
124	287		

Shops will be allowed on all these plots and nahanees will be allowed near the rooms.

Architects interested in the plots are advised to consult the Trust Engineer before the auction regarding the development they will have in view in connection with any of the above plots.

For further particulars of auction building conditions, form of lease plans of the sites can be had on application to the Trust Engineer, Trust Building or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 31st August, 1912.

BOMBAY GAZETTE

CHRISTMAS NUMBER.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

THE Literary Supplement of the *Bombay Gazette,* for publication in November, will be one of more than usual attractiveness and contain STORIES BY THE BEST WRITERS OF THE DAY.

In addition it will have numerous pages of SKETCHES BY WELL-KNOWN ARTISTS and in every way surpass its predecessors.

Advertisement space will be limited and it is therefore desirable that application should be made early to the

GENERAL MANAGER,
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Fort.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

EUROPE.

BIRTHS.

CARY GILSON—Aug. 9, at Canterbury House, Marston Green, Warwickshire, the wife of R. Cary Gilson, of King Edward's School, Brimingham, of a son.

JEFFREYS—Aug. 6, at Rooks Farm, Rotherwick, the wife of Commander Robert Jeffreys, R. N., of a son.

WOODIFIELD—Aug. 5, at 37 Monkgate, York, the wife of Lieut.-Col. A. H. Woodifield Army Ordnance Dept, of a son.

HARRIS-ST. JOHN—Aug. 8, at Hill House, Thorpe Hamlet, Norwich, the wife of Major E. St. J. Harris-St. John, D. S. O., 16th Lancers, of a daughter.

POPE—Aug. 7, at Ashwicke, Hall, Marshfield, Chippenham, the wife of Capt. Maurice Pope, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CLOQUET—COLLIS—Aug. 3, at Holy Trinity Church Wallington, Robert Louis Saurin, son of the late Rev. B. L. S. Cloquet, of Bassein, Burma, and of Mrs. Cloquet, of Wallington, to Bessie, daughter of the late Samuel J. Collis, of the Spa, Co. Kerry, Ireland, and Mrs. Collis, of Wallington.

LEA—WADWORTH—Aug. 7, at All Saint's Church, Hereford, Capt Gerald Ernest Lea, the Worcestershire Regt., son of Judge Lea, of Broadlands, Hereford, to Brenda, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Wadworth, of Breinton Court, Hereford.

MASON—KNIGHT—Aug. 3, at St. John's Church, Margate, Richard Lorimer, son of J. D. Mason, Esq., ex-P. M. G. of Ceylon, and Mrs. Mason, of Cricklewood, to Gladys Muriel, daughter of the late W. Knight, Esq., and Mrs. Knight, of Cliftonville.

WAINWRIGHT—PURCHAS—Aug. 8, at St. Paul's Church. Stonehouse, Plymouth, Oswald Johnson Wainwright, R. N., son of the late Rev. W. J. Wainwright, to Sybil, daughter of Lieut.-Col. Purchas, Army Ordnance Dept., retired.

DEATHS.

BENNETT—Aug. 2, at Whitby, Yorkshire, Col. William Bennett, D. S. O., late commanding 1st batt. Alexandra, Princess of Wales' Own Yorkshire Regt, aged 76.

BILLSON—Aug. 6, at her residence, Llanrhaiadr Hall, near Denbigh, Dame Lilla Billson, widow of Sir Alfred Billson, of Liverpool, aged 72.

GROVE—Aug. 9, at Sherborne, Dorset, Francis Hinton, widow of the late Sir Thomas Grove, Bart, of Ferne, Wilts, aged 75.

HALL—Aug. 7, at Manor House, Malmesbury, Col. Richard Spencer Hall, late Coldstream Guards, aged 69.

SHAW—Aug. 10, at Suez, Cecil O'Brien, son of the late Sir Eyre Massey Shaw.

WILLS—Aug. 9, at Eassett, Southampton, the Right Hon. Sir Alfred Wills, for 21 years a Judge of the High Court, one of his Majesty's Privy Council, aged 83.

BOMBAY.

The undersigned takes this opportunity of thanking their relations and friends for their letters and telegrams of sympathy in his recent bereavement of his much beloved sister, Aijimai Kursetjee Seervai, and regrets he cannot write to each one individually.

KHOOJESTA KURSETJEE SEERVAI.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

America-India Cinematograph, three shows nightly.
Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8; 8-30 to 9-30; 10 to 11.

Maxim: "Dees and Tar Collectors are too busy to argue."—"Baltimore Sun."

ENGLISH MAILS.

DEPARTURES.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. to-day.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE.

The following are the hours of arrival and departure of the principal Mail trains and Express trains at and from Victoria Terminus and Colaba daily. Standard Time is given in all cases:—

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Punjab Mail	12-35	19-15
Calcutta Mail (via Jubbulpur) ...	13-20	21-15
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur) ...	7-15	13-0
Madras Mail	6-0	22-0
Poona Mail	11-5	14-45
Delhi Express (3rd and inter. class).	6-45	7-30
Poona Express	19-30	8-0
Manmad Express	12-20	14-30

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

	Arr.	Dep.
Northern Express	8-55	21-30
Guzerat Mail	8-25	21-50
Third Class Express	6-45	19-52

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.—Gentlemen of the Special and Common Jury are required to attend at the High Court on Monday morning, the 2nd September, 1912, at 10-30 o'clock.

STRING BAND AT THE COMMERCIAL GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut. Colonel T. W. Bonner V. D., and Officers, the string band of the 1st. Battn., G. I. P. Volunteers, will play a programme of music under the direction of Sergt. J. O'Dell commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day.

STRING BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R. E. Pigott, C. I. E., V. D., and Officers, the string band of the 1st Battn., B. B. & C. I. Ry. Vols., will play the following programme of music under the direction of Mr. Geo. W. Salter, commencing at 6-15 p.m. to-day:—

March	The Blarney Stone	Englemann
Overture	Esmeralda	Hermann
Valse	Casino Tauze	Gung'l
Oriental Scene	The Dervish Chorus	Sebek
Selection	Gaisty Echoes	Monckton
Pizzicato	Herz and Herz	Latann
Indian Romance	Hoi omoko	Reeves
Two Step	The Cockney Band	Valentin

PRARTHANA MANDIR BOMBAY.—Babu A. C. Muzumdar will conduct the weekly Divine Service in Hindi at the local Prarthana Mandir at 5-30 p.m. to-morrow.

THE STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD.—The "At Home" fixed in the programme of the Brotherhood at the house of the Hon'ble Mr. G. K. Parekh has been indefinitely postponed. The usual class of the Brotherhood to-morrow will be conducted by Prof. P. W. Wadia, M. A.

BOMBAY Y. M. C. A.—"The Story of the Lost Word" by Henry Van Dyke will be read by Miss Haig at the Pleasant Sunday Evening meeting held to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 p. m. A service of song and special music will proceed the read of the story.

REPORTED THEFTS.—Vradhvan Cooverji, a cotton broker residing at Kandewadi Road, reports that he engaged a hamal on Thursday morning, and set him to work at once. An hour later, the man decamped with ten currency notes of Rs. 50 each.—Nadirshaw Byramji, residing at Girgaum Road, reports the theft of his bicycle, valued at Rs. 150, from the ground floor of his house.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.—Mutamma Yellamma, a Kamati labourer aged about 32, who was employed in the demolishing of the walls of the old Naigaum Mills which were burnt down about five years ago, knocked a large piece of masonry out. It fell on him and knocked him off the scaffolding. about 40 feet high, killing him on the spot.

WILSON COLLEGE LECTURES.—The Managing Committee of the Wilson College Literary Society have arranged for a lecture to be delivered in the College Hall on Monday the 2nd instant at 6-15 p.m. by Prof. William Burns B. Sc. Subject: "Some Indian Plant Parasites" The Rev. Dr. Mackichan will preside.

YOUNG MOHAMEDANS.—The annual general meeting of the members of the Young Men's Mohamedan Association will be held to-morrow (Sunday) at 10-40 a.m. (S.T.) in the Anjuman Islam School Hall, New Nagpada, when the last year's report will be adopted and new office-bearers elected for the ensuing year.

BOMBAY BOY'S SUCCESS AT OXFORD.—Mr. Shiavux Dhunjishaw Dhondy, who at the Bombay University took his M. A. degree, and has since been studying at Oxford, has according to news received by this mail, passed the Historical Tripos of the University in the second class with honours. Mr. Dhondy is a son of Mr. Dhunjishaw Jiwasji Dhondy, who is a member of the editorial staff of the "Rast Goftar." Mr. Shiavux Dhondy now intends to sit for the Indian Civil Service examination.

BOMBAY SANITARY ASSOCIATION.—At the Elphinstone High School a lecture on "Biting flies and their role in the spread of disease" was delivered by Dr. C. Coutinho, L. M. and S.,B. Sc., B. Hy. on the 28th instant. The Principal of the High School presided. The lecture was illustrated by magic lantern slides. As the number of students was very large, it was decided to give another lecture and demonstrations on the following day. Both these lectures were very much appreciated by the students.

LOYAL MOSLEM ASSOCIATION OF BOMBAY.—The object of this Association which was founded in January 1912, in honour of the Royal Visit to India, is to promote the interests and general welfare of the loyal Moslem community and generally the cause of education. Constitution—President: The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola, Kt., C. I. E.; Vice-Presidents: The Hon. Mr. Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy; Messrs. Cassum Ali Jairajbhoy Peerbhoy, J.P.; Mian Haji Jan Mahomed Chotani, J.P.; Suleman Cassum Hajee Mitha, J.P.; Munshi Mahomed Hasan Macba, J.P.; Fazulbhoy M. Chinoy, J.P.; General Secretary: Mr. M. A. Munshi, Managing Proprietor of the "Muslim Herald" (Daily and Weekly); Head Office: Green Chambers; Byculla Post, Bombay.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

The star film in the current programme, illustrates the representation, well acted by a company of leading artistes, of "The Judgment of Solomon," which is a faithful record of the Scripture story of the two women who claimed the same infant and of the means which Solomon devised of identifying which of the two was the mother of the living babe. Apart from the special interest in the story, arising out of the sagacity displayed by the Wise Men in ascertaining which of the two claimants was really the mother, in spetacular effect the film is a masterpiece both in stage and scenic production, and admirers of artistic work should not omit to see it. The dramatic and tragic items are a story of bitter revenge entitled "A Tragedy of the Sea," followed by a story of Continental Bandits and Apaches. The inimitable Max Linder in "Max and the Maid," of which he is the author and takes the principal part, will afford much food for laughter: and the Animated Gazette and Olympic Sports bring the programme quite up to date in relation to current events.

AMERICA-INDIA.

Historical subjects are always very popular, and the America-India Cinematograph is continuing the run of famous historical dramas by showing this week "The Last of the Saxons," a powerful story of the Norman Conquest, in which the Battle of Hastings and the death of King Harold is depicted with great realism. The life of Harold, the last Saxon King of England, has afforded the materials for one of Sir Bulwer Lytton's best historical novels from which this film has been adapted. Another picture which is full of thrilling war-scenes combined with an intensely exciting plot is the "Sepoy's Wife," a tale of Indian warfare.

The selection of comics this week is good, and the laughter-loving portion of the audience will certainly not be disappointed.

ARRIVALS.

Per s. s. "Salsette," August 30.

The P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Salsette," with the English mails of the 16th instant, arrived in harbour yesterday, brought the following passengers:—

LONDON TO BOMBAY.

Metcalfe, Mr E P
Oxley, Capt J C S Mrs
Scotson, Mr T T, Mrs and child.
Davidson, Mr J R
Glanley, Mr S A
Cowadery, Mr F
Marsh, Mr
Robert, Mrs N
Shilton, Mr C C
Thompson, Mr W
Bett, Mr D
Strick, Mr J A
Glanley, Mrs S A and Inft.

MARSEILLES TO BOMBAY.

Lanyon, Mr O M
Harrison, Lt P F
Evans, Miss N
Stocker, Capt E H
Henderson, Mr A F
Freund, Mr J J
Jackson, Capt V F
Staples, Mr F H
Clarke, Mr G S
Creagh, Capt A O
Davies, Mr F S
Black, Capt G C S
Jacob, Col C W
Moore, Major H A
Watling, Capt L D
Dallas, Major A E Mrs
Russell, Mr S F
De-Silva, Dr G
Greswell, Mr G B
Gibson, Mr H M
Marriott, Capt H J G
Park, Mr A R
Murdo, Mr J C
Guinness, Mr E W
Jung, Mr. W H M
O'Donaher, Mr T
Gibbs, Mr H P Mrs
Single, Mr A
Constable, Mr E A
Ellias, Mr S

BRINDISI TO BOMBAY.

Macheon, Major Gen F
Tuyll, Mr M de
Barnes, D S O Col R W R

MARSEILLES TO KARACHI.

Harley, Capt A B
Cooper, Mr W
Yapp, Mr G E

DEPARTURES.

Per s. s. "Salsette" Aug. 31.

The P. and O. Co's mail steamer "Salsette" sails to-day for Marseilles and Europe with the following passengers:—

Acton, Mr H T
Allott, Capt P B
Bignell, Capt B H
Billington, Mr W H and child
Billington, 2 Masters
Carden, Major R J
Cooper, Mr
Culbard, Miss
Dixon, Mr and Mrs F
Dreyer, Mr H
Edwards, Mr W
Halleran, Mr
Howlett, Mr. F. M.
Harichand, Mrs
Ibrahim, Mr Mahomed and servant
Jamnar, Mr B P
Krishnan, Mr B K M
Langley, Mr
Ley, Mr A H
Mainprice, Mr G D
Marson, Miss
McCalmont, Mr D H B
Mitchell, Mr C
Maniwar, Mr Said and 2 servants
Murtagh, Mr
Newport, Mr C J
Norman Leslie, Mr W R
Orr-Ewing, Mr H E D
Paterson, Mr James
Riley, Mr R C
Singh, Mr Gurdial
Strong, Maj and Mrs H S
Stallard, Mr
Westwood, Mr

Per s. s. "Habsburg," Sept 1.

List of passengers proceeding to Trieste and Venice via intermediate ports, per Austrian Lloyd's s. s. "Habsburg" to-morrow from the Victoria Dock No. 7. The medical inspection of the saloon passengers will take place at the Victoria Dock Shed No. 7 at 10 a.m. Deck passengers and native servants must be present at the Port Health Disinfecting Station, Frere Road, near Prince's Dock, with all their luggage and kit, at 8 a.m.

Butterworth, Mr G S
Brusook, Mrs J
Bunz, Dr H
Conceica, Dr F
D'Abreu, Miss Dr D
D'Souza, Mr P
Fuhrer, Mr H
Granger, Mr E
Kelkar, Mr G H
Marten, Mr J T
Olivera, Mr L
Renant, Mr
Roggen, Mr A
Ramlau, Miss H
Rama Reddi, Mr P H
Shuttleworth, Mr E M
Stiller, Mrs and child
Taylor, Mr J C
Waite, Mr W E
Abdullah Ahmed, Mr and party
Abdulcarim H Jusub, Mr and party
Jusub Peermahomed, Mr and party

HARWOOD LEAGUE.

R. G. A. vs. Hornets.

GUNNERS (1); HORNETS (0).

THERE was only a meagre attendance of spectators to witness the match in the Harwood League between the Royal Garrison Artillery and the Hornets, which took place on the Cooperage yesterday evening. The Hornets started two men short, but had a full team after about ten minutes, Powell turning out in his ordinary clothes and playing in the forward line. The game itself was a poor one to watch, neither side being particularly brilliant. During the first half of the game although the Gunners did not score, they had all the best of matters and should have scored two or three times, but then shooting was poor. The Hornets played a much better game in the second half and were decidely unlucky to be beaten. The result was a win for the Gunners by one goal, but even from the stand it appears a doubtful one, and we understand the Hornets have lodged a protest. The brothers James at back and Bradbury and Ennigan at half-backs, all played well for the Hornets, the latter in particular putting in some excellent work which was frequently applauded. Roache did well for the Gunners, but failed when in front of goal. Navin was kept pretty well occupied in goal, especially in the first half of the game. The goal that was scored was certainly through his mistake as in trying to punch out a long shot he missed the ball altogether, but it was about the only mistake he made and he saved some other very hot shots. If the protest lodged by the Hornets is upheld, the Gymkhana will still hold third place in the League. On the other hand, if the decision of the committee goes in favour of the Gunners they will go up a step and take third place.

The Hornets kicked off and the Gunners were at once on the attack, a corner being awarded. Rain came in and made things very unpleasant both for players and spectators. Roache centred well and White tried to head a goal. Another corner to the Gunners resulted in the ball going behind. Smart work by Bradbury saved the Gunners getting in a shot at close quarters. The Hornets' goal-keeper was being kept busy, but the Gunners' shooting was not very accurate. Roache, playing excellently, put in a grand centre off which Campbell should have scored, but he missed the ball altogether. Roache had an easy chance to score, but shot high. The Hornets' forwards then got away on the left, but were brought up by Steward, and the Gunners again got on the attack. Although the Gunners were having all the best of the exchanges and were continually in front of the Hornets' goal, but they were unable to get through the defence. White sent in a shot which went high, and shortly after a corner was awarded the Gunners. The Gunners pressed, but "offside" relieved matters Roache playing well took the ball up and passed to White who was in the mouth of the goal and was at once given "offside." The Hornets brightened matters up a bit and for first time got near the Gunners' goal, but Hawkins relieved and then Roache nearly got through when half-time was called with the score:

R. G. A. .... Nil.
Hornets .... Nil.

No time was lost in starting the second half, the game being proceeded with almost immediately when the Gunners forced a corner. The Gunners were continually "offside" and frequently spoilt chances of scoring through being so. Play was more or less level for a time. Windsor made a fine individual effort and got well down, but there was no one to take the centre, the ball going behind. Spain from outside left put in a hot shot which the goal-keeper just managed to save. Another shot from Spain was also excellently saved by Navin. Shortly after a lofty shot was again sent in which Navin tried to punch, he however missed the ball altogether and cleared with his feet, but the referee awarded the Gunners a goal. Play was level after this, Bradbury putting in some excellent work. A rush by the Hornets forward was well stopped by Parram. Both sides attacked in turn, Powell nearly scoring for the Hornets. Spain put in a pretty shot which just hit the top bar. Bradbury took a long shot which Quinn headed nicely and play was transferred to midfield. The whistle went without any further score. Results:—

R. G. A. .... 1 goal.
Hornets .... Nil.

Teams:—

Royal Garrison Artillery.—Goal, Quinn; backs, Steward and Hawkins; halves, McDermot, Thompson and Parram; forwards, Watson, Campbell, White, Capt. Roache and Spain.

Hornets.—Goal, Navin; backs, James (snr.) and James (jnr.); halves, Bradbury, Alikhan and Finnigan; forwards, Strelly, Garrick, Downes, Windsor and Powell.

Referee:—Corpl. Strod.

POONA RACES.

6th Extra Meeting.

Saturday, 31st August, 1912.

HORSES LEFT IN.

After declaration of forfeit at 4 p.m. on Thursday, the 29th August.

THE GARRISON PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Malmsey 9-12, Metal Boy 9-4, Picnic 8-5
Lithocian 9-10, Airman 8-12, Miss Santoi 8-4
HcKenna 9-7, Lord Merv 8-9, Lord Reay 7-12
Bombastic 9-6, Milford Lake 8-7, Mafoota 7-2

THE DHOND PLATE.—Distance 1 1-2 miles.

Tajilmulook 9-13, Terror 8-4, Lama 7-3
Precious 9-8, Well Done 8-2, Young Japan 6-8
Thaboor 8-8, Young Salanic 7-11, Mysore 6-6
Money Gold 8-4, Thulfha 7-7, Last Chance 6, and Berar 6

THE STRANGERS' PLATE.—(Div I.). Distance 6 furlongs.

Gowahajmer 9-8, Sutley 8-0, Assistant 7-9.
Moonspot, 9-1.
Different 8-11, Egyptian 8-0, Dalil 7-6.
Tenebreuse 8-10, Cherry Blossom 7-12, Moyaid 7-6
Solar Star 8-3, Mulla 7-11, Mubrook 7-4.
Raspberry 8-2, Favil Beg 7-10.

THE STRANGERS' PLATE.—(Div II.) Distance 6 furlongs.

Nashad Pasha 9-9, Mijbas 8-9, Jalinus 8-6.
Ream 9-7. Auwad 8-9, Scindia 8-1.
Tezab 9-7, Perozeshah 8-8, Sahbar 8-0.
Grey Ghost II 9-3, Reminder 8-8, Tooman II 7-4.
Imperial 8-13, Abdul Aziz 8-7.
Brandy II 8-10, Lord Timon 8-7.

THE NERAL PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Abdul Malik 9-13, Zuffer Beg 8-1, Sinclair 6-3.
Ashroff 9-7, Gafal, 7-13, Mat-hat-Baig 6-0.
Young Magib 9-6, Creditor 7-6, Upright 6-0.
Baloz 9-1, Sharar 7.4, Little Titch 6-0.
Aasud 8-12, British King 7-0, Sirkar 6-0.
Pendil 8-8, Masal 6-11, Mars 6-0.
Gowahajmer 8-2, Noomas 6-7, Solitaire 6-0.

REVUE DES DEUX MONDES.

15, RUE DE L'UNIVERSITE. PARIS.

LIVRAISON DU SOMMAIRE DU 15 AOUT 1912.

I. —La Vallee Bleue, deuxieme partie, par M. Jacques des Gachons.
II. —Les Questions Feminines Dans L'Ancienne Rome, par M. Rene Pichon.
III. —Suisse et Savoie.—La Zone Franghe de la Hautesavoie, par M. L. Paul-Dubois.
IV. —Un Drame D'Amour A La Cour de Suede (1784-1795).—III. Les Dessous D'un Proces Criminel, par M. Ernest Daudet.
V. —L'Armee Noire, par M. Andre Dussauge.
VI. —Les Origines de la Sculpture Romane, par M. Louis Brehier.
VII. —La Falsification des Alimens del Premiere Necessite, par M. le comic Antoine de Saporta.
VIII.—Revuelitteraire.—Le Dix-Septieme Siecle de Ferdinand Brunetiere, par M. Rene Doumic, del'Academie francaise.
IX. —Revues Etrangeres.—William Cowper D'apres ses Lettres Intimes, par M. T. de Wyzewa.
X. —Chronique de la Quinzaine, Histoire Politique, par M. Francis Charmes, de l'Academie francaise.
XI.—Bulletin Bibliographique.

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BOMBAY CHURCHES.

To-morrow's Services.

13th Sunday after Trinity.—1st September.

The Cathedral (S. Thomas the Apostle), Church Gate Street. Clergy: Rev. W. A. Sawtell; Senior Presidency Chaplain and Rev. C. D. T. Mason.—7 a.m., Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m., Holy Communion—Choral.—Eyre in E flat. Hymns—238, 195, 313, 202; 5-30 p.m. Children's Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Canticles—Barnby in E. Hymns 199, 254, 20. Collections for Cathedral High Schools. Daily Matins at 7-15 a.m. and Evensong at 5-45 p. m. Daily Holy Communion at 7-45 a.m. On Wednesdays, at 6-30 p.m. Choral Evensong.

Christ Church, Byculla—Clergy: Rev. W. J. Kennelly Senior Chaplain, and Rev. J.B. Glass.—7 a.m., Holy Communion; 8 a. m. Matins; 8-45 a.m. Holy Communion; 5-15 p.m., Children's Service; 6-30 p. m., Evensong and Sermon.

S. John the Evangelist, Colaba.—Clergy: Rev. G. F. Harvey. 7-15 a. m. and at 8 a. m. Holy Eucharist; 10 a.m., Parade Service; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. Week days.—7-30 a.m., Thursdays and Holydays, Holy Eucharist. Daily 8 a. m. Matins; Daily 5 p.m. Evensong.

Emmanuel Church, Girgaum—Clergy: Rev. C. W. Thorne, M. A.; Rev. H. W. Lea-Wilson, M. A.; Rev. T. W. Sharpley, B. A., Marathi, Rev. Canon D. L. Joshi; Gujerathi, Rev. Luxmon Hari. Licensed Readers—English, Mr. F. Anderson, M. A., J. P.; Mr. F. J. Clark; Marathi, Mr. B. N. Athavle, B.A., LL. B., J.P., Dr. Lemuel L. Joshi, M.D., B.Sc., D.T.M.; Gujerathi, Mr. Vishram Das Parekh. Sunday Services—English, 8 a.m. Holy Communion; 11 a.m. Morning Prayer, Litany and Sermon; 6-30 p.m., Evening Prayer, and Sermon. Collections for Church Expenses and Poor. Marathi, 9-30 a. m., Morning Prayer and Sermon. 1st and 3rd Sunday, Holy Communion; 2nd Sunday, Missionary meeting. Gujerathi, 2-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon N B—Daily Services, Bible Classes, Sunday's Schools and other meetings are held in connection with the respective congregations.

St. Paul's Church, Kamatipura, Foras Road:—Priest in charge, the Rev. Arthur French, M.A., Superintending Missionary S. P. G.; Assistant Priest, (Tamil Congregations), the Rev. Jas. Martin; Churchwardens: Hindustani, Vacant; Tamil, Mr. A. G. Joseph.—Sunday—7-45 a. m., Morning Prayer (Urdu); 8-30 a. m. Holy Communion (Urdu); 10 a.m., Morning Prayer or Holy Communion, (Tamil); 3-30 p. m., Sunday School; 4-30 p.m., Evening Service (Urdu). Daily Services (Urdu), 7-30 a.m., and 5 p.m.; The Holy Eucharist is celebrated on Saint's Days and Holy Days at 7-30 a.m.

All Saints' Church, Malabar Hill.—8 a.m. Matins; 8-30 a.m. Holy Communion; 6-30 p. m. Evensong and Sermon.

St. Mary the Blessed Virgin, Parel.—Clergy: Vacant.—8-30 a. m. Choral celebration of the Holy Communion; 6-30 p. m. Evensong and Sermon. Preacher: Rev. J. B. Glass.

S. Nicholas Church, opposite Prince's Docks. Chaplain Rev. A. F. Loney, B. A.—11 a. m., Morning Service and Holy Communion; 7 p. m., Evensong and Sermon. Week day Service—Daily 7-45 pm.

Holy Trinity Church, Hornby Road. Clergy; Vacant—8-30 a.m., Holy Communion; 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Holy Cross, Umarkhadi (Chapel of ease to S. Peter).—Clergy: Rev. Father Moore; Rev. Jivan Londhe, 6-30 a.m. (English); 7-30 a.m. (Marathi); 9 a.m. (Gujrathi) 4 p.m (Canarese); 6-30 p.m (Marathi).

Church of the Good Shepherd, Dharavi.—Priest in charge, Rev. J Martin.—Services: Sundays, 6 a.m., and 6 p.m. Week days.—Wednesdays and Fridays evenings, Good Shepherd School.—Mr. Dason.

American Mission Church (Congregational). New Nagpada Road, Byculla—4-30 p.m., Marathi Services (Rev. J. Malela); 6 p.m., English Service (Rev. W. Hazen).

St. Peter's Mazagon.—Clergy: Rev. Fathers Biscoe and Tovey.—6-30 a.m. Holy Eucharist; 7-15 a. m. Matins and Litany; 8 a. m. Choral Eucharist; 10-30 a.m. Children's Service 6-30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon. Alms for the S. P. C. K.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

R. C. Cathedral, Kalbadevie.—Vicar: Rev. Dr. B. De Monte. 7 and 8-30 a.m., Masses; 5-30 p.m. Evening Service.

Holy Name, Wodehouse Road.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers. 6 a.m.; 7 a.m.; 8 a.m.; 9 a.m.; 6-30 p.m.

Garrison Church.—St. Joseph's.—Colaba—Chaplain, Rev. D. Ll. Lloyd-Thomas, M. A. Oxon:—Sunday, 8 a.m. Mass and Sermon; 6-30 p.m. Service of Benediction. Week-days, Mass at 7 a.m

S. Ann's, Byculla.—Clergy: The Jesuit Fathers Vicar: Rev. Father Hutmacher, S. J. 6-30 a.m.; 7-30 a.m.; 8-30 a.m., 6-30 p.m.

Rosary Church, Mazagon. Vicar: Rev. M. X Gomes.—7 and 9 a. m. and 5 30 p. m. Sunday Services.—Week days 7 and 7-30 a.m.

Gloria Church, Mazagon.—Vicar: L. C. Pera. Hours of Mass, 5-30, 7 and 9 a.m. Benediction, 6 p.m.

Holy Cross Church, Lower Parel—Clergy: Rev P. E. Saldanha and J. A. Gomes. 6 a.m., Mass; 8 a.m., High Mass, 6 p.m., Benediction.

Church of N. S. de Salvacao, Dadar.—Vicar: Rev. Thomas Henrigues. 6-45 and 8 a.m., Low Masses.

Cavel Church (Our Lady of Health). Vicar: Rev. M. D'Sa.—Mass 7 and 8-30 a.m.

Church of St. Francis Xavier, Dabul (Borrow's Lane), Girgaum Road.—Vicar: Rev. Fr. J. N. Coutinho.—5, 5-30, 6-30, 7-30, 8-30, 9-30 and 10-30 a.m., Masses; 6 p.m., Benediction.

St. Teresa's Chapel, Girgaum Tram Terminus.—Chaplain: Rev. D. Remedios.—6-30 a.m., and 7-30 a.m. (Children's Mass); 8-30 a.m.; 5-30 p.m., Evening Service.

Mount Mary's Chapel, Bandra Hill. Bandra.—9-30 a.m., Mass.

Chapel—Our Lady of Dolours. New Sonapur—Chaplain Rev. Daniel X. Fernandes, 7 a.m., Daily Mass; and on Sundays, 6 and 8 a.m. with Benediction of Blessed Sacrament.

PRESBYTERIAN.

Church of Scotland (St. Andrew's Church), Apollo Street. Fort.—Chaplain: Rev. J. Cameron 11 a.m. Morning Service; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Psalm 46, 1—5. Hymns: 25, 249, 364.

United Free Church of Scotland, Waudby Road.—Minister: Rev. A. S. Crichton. 9-30 a.m., United Service in St. Andrew's Church; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m., Evening Service. Preacher Rev. A. S. Crichton. Psalm 121. Hymns 459, 191, 415.

Amroli Presbyterian Church (in connection with the U. F. C. of Scotland,) Girgaum Back Road, near the Girgaum Post Office.—Minister: The Rev. M. B. Nikambe.—Morning Service (English) 8-30 a.m. Preacher Rev. Dr. Machichan, D.D., L.L. P.; Evening Service (Marathi); 4-30 p.m. Preacher: Rev. M. B. Nikambe.

METHODIST.

Taylor Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church, Clare Road, Byculla. Pastor: Rev. C. B. Hill 8 15 p. m., Sunday School; 9-30 a. m., Morning Service at 7-30 a. m. Evening Service, 8-30 p. m. Men's Social Hour.

Wesleyan Church. Colaba Causeway.—8-30 a. m. Preacher: Rev. J. F. Edwards; 6-30 p.m. Preacher: Rev. J. F. Edwards; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 9 to 10 p. m. Social Hour. Institute open every evening in the week.

Wesleyan Church, Victoria Gardens.—10 a. m. Preacher: Rev. R. O. Jenkins; 6-30 p. m. Preacher: Rev. R. O. Jenkins; 5 p.m. Sunday School.

Bowen Memorial Methodist Episcopal Church Lansdowe Road, Apollo Bunder—Pastor: Rev. A. N. Warner. 11 a. m. Morning Service; 6-30 p. m., Evening Service. 9-45 a. m. Sunday School.

BAPTIST.

Bombay Baptist Church (opposite the Post Office Middle Colaba)—Minister Rev. H. E. Barrell 9 a. m. Morning Service, (Rev. H. E. Barrell); 6-30 p. m. Evening Service. (Rev. H. E. Barrell.) 5 to 6 p. m. Sunday School.

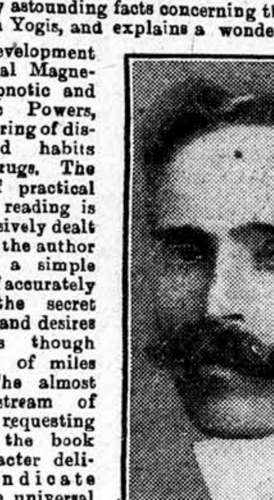
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The National Institute of Sciences has appropriated £5,000 toward a fund for the free distribution of Prof. Knowles' new book, "The Key to the Development of the Inner Forces." The book lays bare many astounding facts concerning the practices of Eastern Yogis, and explains a wonderful system for the development of Personal Magnetism, Hypnotic and Telepathic Powers, and the curing of diseases and habits without drugs. The subject of practical character reading is also extensively dealt with, and the author describes a simple method of accurately reading the secret thoughts and desires of others though thousands of miles away. The almost endless stream of letters requesting copies of the book and character delineations indicate clearly the universal interest in Psychological and Occult Sciences.



"Rich and poor alike benefit by the teachings of this new system," says Prof. Knowles, "and the person who wishes to achieve greater success has but to apply the simple rules laid down." That many wealthy and prominent people owe their success to the power or Personal Influence there is not the slightest doubt, but the great mass of people have remained in utter ignorance of these phenomena. The National Institute of Sciences has therefore undertaken the somewhat arduous task of distributing broadcast, without regard for class or creed, the information heretofore possessed by the few. In addition to supplying the books free, each person who writes at once will also receive a character delineation of from 400 to 500 words as prepared by Prof. Knowles.

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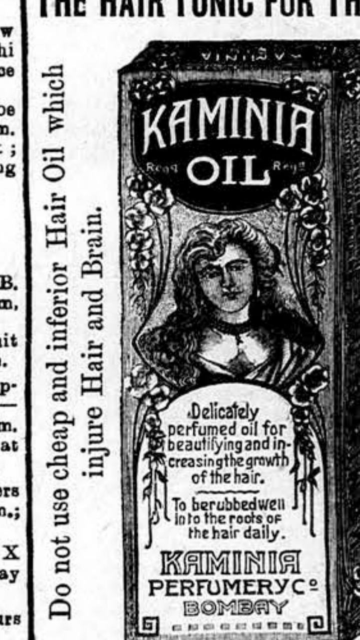
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NEWS BY THE MAIL.

Home, Colonial and Foreign Affairs.

THE UNITED KINGDOM.

Their Majesties, whose stay at Cowes was cut short owing to the unfavourable weather, returned to London on Aug. 10. The royal yacht "Victoria and Albert", with the King and Queen, Princess Mary, the Prince of Wales, and Prince Albert on board, reached Portsmouth at half-past twelve. Royal salutes were fired by the warships at Spithead and in the harbour, and also by the Portsmouth garrison, as the yacht passed, and all the vessels were gaily dressed. The royal travellers, who lunched on board the yacht, disembarked at two o'clock, and entered the special train in waiting in Portsmouth Dockyard, which then left for London. Victoria was reached at four o'clock. Among those who travelled in the royal special were the Marquis de Soveral, the Marquise d'Hautpoul, Lady Ampthill, Lord Knollys, Lieut.-Col. Sir Charles Frederick, Col. Sir F. Ponsonby, and Capt. Brian Godfrey-Faussett. Their Majesties, having taken farewell of their fellow-travellers, shook hands with Mr. William Forbes, the general manager, and thanked him for the excellent arrangements made for their journey to London. The King and Queen left the station in a closed carriage for Buckingham Palace, and were loudly cheered by the crowds that had assembled both inside and outside the station. At night, their Majesties visited the Shaftesbury Theatre, and witnessed the performance of "Princess Caprice."

The many activities of the season over, the King left London on Aug. 12, for the North. Attended by Sir F. Ponsonby and Capt. Godfrey-Faussett, he drove to St. Pancras Station, and left shortly before noon for Bolton Abbey to visit the Duke and Duchess of Devonshire for grouse shooting. His Majesty wore a black felt hat and a light grey overcoat over a light grey suit. The departure was quite informal, and before entering the royal saloon his Majesty shook hands with Mr. Cecil Paget, general superintendent of the Midland Railway. His Majesty arrived at Bolton Abbey at twenty minutes to five, and was met by the Duke of Devonshire. At the railway station and at the Abbey, large crowds had assembled and cheered. The Duchess received his Majesty at The Hall. The Duke of Devonshire, Lord Hartington Lord Kerry, Lord Richard Cavendish, Sir A. Lyttelton, Sir Ailwyn Fellowes, the Hon. H. Stonor, and Major Dawnay were shooting over the Hazlewood Moore in the morning, and the Duke left the party to meet the King. The weather was fine. His Majesty will spend the week at Bolton Abbey, and will then visit the Earl of Sefton at Abbeystead, near Lancaster, before proceeding to Balmoral.

The King has graciously consented to give his patronage to the Victoria League.

The Queen left London on Aug. 14 on a ten days' visit to the Dowager Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz at Neu Strelitz. Accompanied by Princess Mary, her Majesty was driven in a closed carriage from Buckingham Palace to Victoria Station (South-Eastern and Chathan Railway). Large crowds assembled outside the Palace gates, along the route, and both inside and outside the station.

Queen Alexandra terminated her stay at Sandringham, on Aug. 12, and left for Scotland on a visit to the Princess Royal at Mar Lodge. Her Majesty drove to Wolferton Station, and left at a quarter-past eight by special train, which made the journey by the East Coast route via Lynn, Petersborough, York, and Edinburgh.

Prince Arthur of Connaught, who has been making a short stay at Osborne Cottage, returned on Aug. 14, to Clarence House, St. James's Place. His Royal Highness, who will represent his Majesty the King at the funeral of the Emperor of Japan, will leave London on Aug. 26, and will travel by the Trans-Siberian route. He will be accompanied by his own equerry and by two distinguished officers representing the Army and Navy respectively.

The Treasury, for income-tax purposes, will make an assessment allowance of £100, on the salary of £400 paid to members of Parliament. This concession has been granted in consequence of the "professional duties" which the members have to perform. The reduction will not be retrospective.

A letter from Mr. Nicholas Cookshutt, prospective Unionist candidate for Rochdale, appeared on Aug. 12, in the "Manchester Guardian," dissociating himself from the sentiments expressed by Mr. Bonar Law at Blenheim on the subject of Ulster's resistance to Home Rule. At night the executive of the Rochdale Conservative Association held a special meeting, at which a vote of confidence was unanimously passed in Mr. Bonar Law. They afterwards passed the following resolution :—"That this meeting, after carefully considering Mr. Cockshutt's position revealed by his letter in Monday's "Manchester Guardian," hereby expresses its opinion that the declaration contained therein makes it impossible to again adopt him as the prospective Unionist candidate for this borough."

The "Times" Manchester correspondent telegraphs: —The Manchester Unionists are highly delighted with the result of the election, while the Liberals admit that their party has received a crushing blow. The Liberal candidate tried hard to fight on the single issue of Free Trade v. Protection, but inasmuch as Sir John Randles insisted on discussing in addition the Insurance Act Home Rule, Disestablishment, and other planks in the Government platform he fairly claims that the result means that the people are tired of the Government. The Unionist prospects in Lancashire have not been so bright for ten years and the party is looking forward keenly to a General Election. It is recognised that the Liberals will hang on to office as long as possible, but it is felt here that the North-West Manchester result is sure to hasten a general appeal to the country.

Mr. Borden, Prime Minister of Canada, visited Barrow on Aug. 14, and inspected the naval construction works of Messrs. Vickers on Barrow Island. Accompanied by Sir Vincent Caillard, one of the directors, he went over the new Canadian floating dock, which will soon leave for Montreal, and was greatly interested in its equipment. He also inspected the battle cruiser "Princess Royal," which has just been completed for the British Navy, and will leave on her trials almost immediately.

The irritation of the English harvest labourers at having to pay the insurance contribution, while the Irish migratory labourers are exempt is increasing in the Fens. One large farmer in North Hunts, speaking at Peterborough Market, said:—"The preferential treatment of the Irish labourer is leading to trouble on my farm, the English labourers strongly resenting it. It seems that Mr. Redmond got the clause exempting the Irishmen inserted in the Act, and Mr. Lloyd George had to accept it, as he could not do without the Irish vote. We, in England, are governed by the Welsh and Irish."

Fourteen medical members of the Insurance Advisory Committee, including Sir Clifford Allbutt, Sir Shirley Murphy, and Professor Sims Woodhead, have declined to comply with a request from the British Medical Association for their immediate withdrawal from the committee.

Speaking at Ohudleigh, Devonshire, on Aug 10, Mr. Charles Bathurst, M.P., outlined a scheme for the provision of food for the country in time of war which, he hoped, would become the policy of the Unionist Party. Very few people, he said, realised how very small was the amount of wheat stored in the country. The Royal Commission in 1905 reported that we could never rely, under existing circumstances, on having more than six weeks' supply of food in the country. There were certain periods in the year, about August, when there was not more than three or four weeks' supply. If half the value of a Dreadnought was spent in giving a direct bonus upon wheat-growing we should have a much larger amount of wheat growing in this country than had been grown during the last thirty years. We should have a larger amount available in the months of scarcity for nationaal requirements, we should be able to spend less upon our Navy, and we should be able, to some extent, to reduce the cost of food to our working population. There had been no certainty of profit from wheat-growing in this country when wheat had been put upon the market at less than 35s. a quarter, owing to the heavy taxes which the land and the wheat-grower had to bear. If the difference between 35s. a quarter and the market price of wheat was given as a bonus to wheat-growers, not only would we be doing a patriotic act, but we should have a reviving country population, we should be able to guarantee good and increasing wages, to repair our dilapidated cottages, and repair the physical vigour of the population. Tariff Reformers advocated a tax of 2s. a quarter upon imported foreign wheat, allowing wheat from the Dominions to come in free. If the whole of the proceeds of that tax were applied towards the bonus upon English-grown wheat it would satisfy the Dominions, and would give them some return for the advantages they were prepared to offer to our manufacturers in their markets, while it would give the desired encouragement to the production of wheat at home, and would have the effect of keeping down the price of bread in this country.

The Birkenhead Dock strike, which had lasted for four weeks, has come to an end. The men objected to take out the tallies required for the working of the scheme for decasualising labour at the docks, but they have now agreed to take out the tallies, while the employers agree that the conditions of work and rates of pay usual at Birkenhead shall continue.

The threat of the National Union of Masters and Mates to call a strike of officers in certain ships in the Port of London, and, possibly, in other ports, if their demand for higher rates of pay is not conceded by the shipowners, remains in abeyance pending the result of communications between the union and the Imperial Merchant Service Guild.

The executive council of the Boiler makers' Society have decided to submit the two following questions to the votes of the members :—1. "Are you in favour of giving one month's notice to cease working on piece work?" 2. "Are you in favour of giving one month's notice to cease work altogether to enforce the special advance of four per cent. on riveting rates, so that holders-up may have 10 1-2d. to the riveters' shilling?" The votes will be taken at the October meeting of the society.

The funeral of the eight Walworth Boy Scouts, who were drowned owing to the capsizing of a cutter off the Isle of Sheppey on Aug. 4, took place on Aug. 10, at Nunhead Cemetery amid an unexampled demonstration of public sympathy. "The whole of South London has been deeply touched," said the Bishop of Woolwich, in his short address in the church of St. John, the Evangelist, Walworth, where the first part of the funeral service was held, and the crowds that turned out under the most uncomfortable conditions of weather to witness the passing of the funeral procession confirmed the statement. The procession itself was over a mile long, and the three miles and a half of streets from the church to the cemetery were packed more densely with people than the streets of the West End even on the occasions of any of the great public functions of recent years, festive or mournful.

Mitcham Fair, which has been in existence for about 340 years, was opened on Aug. 12, on the village green. In recent years the fair has been in danger of being done away with owing to the dispute between the Showmen's Guild and the Conservators of Mitcham Common objection being taken to the fair on the ground that it was in the nature of a nuisance. Last year, however, in agreement was arrived at between the Showmen and the Conservators, the fair being allowed to remain on the old ground. The Rev. F. Horne, the Showmen's Chaplain, stated to a newspaper representative that the showmen were still prepared to move elsewhere in the neighbourhood if they were allowed to retain possession of their ancient rights which were granted them by Queen Elizabeth. At present it was interfered with on account of the trams and traffic which have to pass through its midst.

On and after Aug. 17, a submarine ground-bell will be established in a position 1 mile 2 1-3 cables south, or 180 deg. true (south 16 deg. W. magnetic) from the Lizard Lighthouse. In thick or foggy weather, the bell will give four strokes in succession, followed by a silent interval of 30 secs.

The accounts of the Corporation of London for the year 1911 were published on Aug. 14. The aggregate balance sheet shows debits amounting to £6,614,305 while the credits total £6,612,947.

The Liverymen of the Guilds of the City of London have been convened to assemble in Guildhall on Saturday, Sept. 28, at twelve (noon), for the election of the Lord Mayor of the City for the ensuing year. Before the election, the Corporation and the Guilds will attend Divine Service at the neighbouring church of St. Lawrence Jewry. There are ten aldermen eligible for election as chief magistrate—namely, Sir David Burnett, Sir Vansittart Bowater, Sir Charles Johnston, Sir Charles Wakefield, Sir William Dunn, Mr. Alderman Hanson, Sir George Woodman, Sir Horace Marshall, Mr. Alderman Roll, and Sir John Baddeley. In the ordinary course, and there being no opposition, the election will fall on the senior of these, Sir David Burnett, who is the alderman of Candlewick Ward.

The Departmental Committee on Boats and Davits appointed by the President of the Board of Trade to report as to the most efficient method of stowing, launching, and propelling ships' boats will be glad, if inventors and others who desire to submit inventions or schemes for their consideration will do so by Oct. 1, 1912. The Committee cannot accept any responsibility as to the protection of the rights of inventors. A full description of the device (without model) should be sent, in the first instance, to the Secretary to the Committee, Mr. F. P. Robinson, Board of Trade, 7 Whitehall Gardens, London, S. W.

At Britford Sheep Fair, Salisbury, a record price has just been paid for a Hampshire Down ram lamb, Mr. James Flower, the owner of the celebrated Chilmark flock, obtaining 230 guineas for a lamb by Fontuill Leader, bred by the vendor. The buyer was Mr. J. H. Ismay, of Iwerne Minster, Dorset.

A Glasgow message states that the strike of apprentice-engineers against the deduction of insurance contributions from their wages is rapidly spreading in the West of Scotland. Several thousands are now idle, principally youths belonging to Glasgow works. At one workshop where the apprentices on Aug. 13, sought admittance in order to induce others to leave work they were repulsed with a fire hose. The lads demand an increase of 1s. a week to recoup them for the health and unemployment insurance payments of 6 1-2d. to 7d. a week. In one case, however, where an advance of 1s. was offered, the strikers refused it, and they are now contending for a starting wage of 6s.

The chairman of the Scottish Football Association in Glasgow, received on Aug. 13, a telegram from the Insurance Commissioner, stating that professional football playing comes under the category of "manual labour," and that all players will require to be insured under the Act, whatever their earnings. It is understood that the English League intend to take a test case, and the Scottish Association has agreed to support the English body.

An act of vandalism, which is thought to have been committed by a woman suffragist, has been discovered at the Glasgow Corporation Art Galleries. The glass of a large painting by Correggio, "Head of an Angel," was found to have been broken. Beneath the picture was a hammer, the handle of which was draped with white satin ribbon.

The exodus from London to Scotland last week, was abnormally large, and the traffic on Aug. 9 showed a considerable increase. At Euston, 450 sleeping berths were booked, and three heavy trains left there for Inverness, five for Aberdeen, two for Oban, and six for Glasgow.

The King's third day of grouse shooting at Bolton Abbey was spent on Barden Moor on August 15. The weather was warmer, but still cloudy and windy. The bag for the day was 252 brace.

Her Majesty the Queen and Princess Mary arrived on August 15, at Neu Strelitz on their visit to the Dowager Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg Strelitz.

The Prince of Wales and Prince Albert paid a visit on August 15, afternoon to the Latin-British Exhibition. Their Royal Highnesses, with Prince Henry, Prince George, and Prince John, leave London for Balmoral.

The awards have been issued in the Home Office competition for a prize of £1,000 for the best electric lamp suitable for miners. The prize has been divided between nine competitors, the first, a German, receiving £600 and the others £50 each.

The strike of engineer-apprentices in Glasgow and the West of Scotland, as a protest against the Insurance Act spread yesterday to Messrs. Yarrow's shipbuilding works.

IRELAND.

It is stated that the Government has decided to issue regulations in regard to the formation of miniature rifle clubs in Ireland. These clubs have become exceedingly popular throughout the north of Ireland, and are entirely non-political, young people being induced to join purely for the sake of sport and in view of the fact that the training is a valuable asset to good citizenship. It is now stated that in future, before a new club is sanctioned and the opening of a range authorised, it will be necessary that a full list of the members shall be submitted to the Irish Executive at Dublin Castle, with whom will rest the question whether or not the club shall be permitted to exist.

The "Morning Post" of Aug. 15 says:—Our Belfast correspondent confirms the statement published yesterday that Mr. Burt ll has taken action with a view to supervising the membership of the Ulster miniature rifle clubs. It is officially stated, however, that no new policy has been initiated by the Irish executive.

Many thousands of Ulster loyalists went to Londonderry on Aug. 12 to celebrate the anniversary of the "relief." Three hundred extra police were on duty, but at two points only were their services needed. A Nationalist crowd twice attempted to attack the rear of the procession as it made the round of the city walls, but the police drove them back after a skirmish in which two or three processionists received cuts about the head. The Cathedral was filled at the anniversary service. The Rev. Charles Cullimore, who preached, asked why Ulster should be driven to extremities by the threat of Home Rule. Those who would coerce the northern province had gone the wrong way about it; let them manifest loyalty to the Throne and Constitution, show fair play to their fellow-countrymen in municipal and public life, and withdraw their claims on the property of Protestant Churches, and then come back to Ulster with their claims. It was impossible to resist the conviction that Ulster was absolutely in earnest; if any man doubted this let him spend a week in the north.

The Limerick County Borough Insurance Committee has accepted the doctors' offer to attend tuberculous patients for a fee of 5s. a week or 1l. a month for each patient, the visits to be one or two weekly as necessary, and the domiciliary services to include the giving of certificates regarding the progress of cases.

Madam!
Tie a knot in your handkerchief, before going out, to remind you to order a tin of
Van Houten's Cocoa
A delicious beverage.
THE STANDARD COCOA OF THE WORLD.
CHEAP, BECAUSE A LITTLE GOES A LONG WAY.
A FOOD FOR THE MUSCLES.
A TONIC FOR THE NERVES.
A DELICACY FOR THE PALATE.
Try it!

COLONIAL.

AUSTRALIA.

The New South Wales Government Statistician reports that the population of New South Wales at the end of June was 1,729,765, being an increase during the June quarter of 18,139. This is the highest recorded, and consists of 7,489 births and 10,650 excess of arrivals over departures. The population increased by 36,395 during the last six months.

A little more than a year ago the Government of New South Wales announced that it did not propose to renew the lease of Sydney Government House to the Commonwealth, thereby leaving the Governor-General without an official residence in New South Wales. Various reasons were given for this decision, among them, that the grounds were needed as an addition to the great park known as the Domain, and the house as an art museum. It was generally believed that friction between Mr. Holman, the States Acting Premier, and the Federal Ministry, was the real reason. Temporary renewals have been obtained, while the Governor-General suggested a compromise. This has not been received with favour, and unless matters can be arranged between now and the end of September—the date at which the present renewal expires—Government House will then be Government House no longer.

CANADA.

The Provincial Government of Saskatchewan is proceeding to enforce against the Japanese the law forbidding Orientals to employ white female help.

It is understood that the proposals for a fast Trans-Atlantic steamship line subsidized by the Government here have been renewed to the Government. This line, it is proposed, shall run from Halifax to Blacksod Bay. The proposal is also said to include a fast Pacific line to Australia, New Zealand, Japan, and India.

Sir George Reid is conferring with Mr. Foster, the Minister of Trade and Commerce, regarding the proposed extension of the preferential trade arrangement between Australia and Canada.

Legislation is proposed with the object of establishing a Federal Department of Public Health to co-operate with provincial departments for preventing the pollution of lakes and streams, and for avoiding such developments as the Ottawa typhoid outbreak.

NIGERIA.

Mr. John Eaglesome, C.M.G., has been appointed Director of Railways and Works in Nigeria. Mr. Eaglesome has had an interesting career. He was appointed to the Indian Public Works Department and posted to railways in 1890. First employed as assistant engineer on the Afghan frontier on the Khojak tunnel—over three miles in length—he received the thanks of the Government of India when the work was completed. He was next employed on the East Coast of India and on special duty in Burma. In 1898 he was posted to the Godavari Bridge in Madras (56 spans of 150ft.), and on completion of this was again officially thanked by the Government of India. In 1900 his services were lent to the Colonial Office for employment in Northern Nigeria as Director of Public Works. He was made a C.M.G. in 1905, and in 1907 was placed in charge of the Baro-Kano Railway.

SOUTH AFRICA.

The centenary of the foundation of Grahamstown by Colonel Graham as a military outpost is being celebrated this week. The principal function was the laying of the foundation-stone of a centenary memorial by General Smuts.

FOREIGN.

EGYPT.

The trial of the three Egyptians charged with conspiring against the lives of the Khedive, Lord Kitchener, and the Prime Minister concluded on Aug. 13. Mohamed Imam Wakid was sentenced to 15 years' hard labour, while Mahmoud Taher el Arabi and Mohamed Abdul Salam were each sentenced to 15 years' imprisonment. These are the "maximum" penalties in each case and the verdict gives general satisfaction.

AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

The Agram Tribunal has pronounced sentence upon Jukitch and his alleged accomplices. Jukitch was condemned to death, three other youths to six years', three to five years', and one to six months' penal servitude, while four were acquitted. Jukitch received the sentence quietly, but on leaving the Court cried, "I appeal to the Croatian people, which is alone competent to judge me." The other accused gave cheers for Jukitch and for "his successor." They left the Court singing the Croatian National Hymn. Counsel for the defence have appealed against the sentence. The sentences, our Vienna correspondent declares, have aroused indignation in Croatia, and a feeling of shame in Austria. In Hungary, indifference appears to prevail.

BELGIUM.

The Socialist Party is now actively engaged in preparations for the general strike which the party decided to organize at the meeting held on June 30 last, if Parliamentary action failed to bring about electoral reform involving universal suffrage with one man one vote. Manifestoes are placarded urging the workmen to be prepared for all contingencies and in a number of syndicates levies are being made to provide a war fund.

BRAZIL.

The Constitutional and Diplomatic Committee of the Senate has unanimously reported to the House a Bill, the effect of which is that the Union accepts no responsibility for debts contracted by States or municipalities at home or abroad, except with the sanction of Congress.

The bonds of such debts will not be quoted on the national Bourses without the sanction of Congress. In the event of foreign creditors proposing to bring pressure to bear on States and municipalities to collect such debts the Federal Government will intervene in order to maintain the integrity of the national territory.

CHILE.

A new Ministry has been formed, with Senor Guillermo Barros as Minister of the Interior, and Senor Antonio Huneeus as Minister for Foreign Affairs.

FRANCE.

Mr. Edmund Davis, who is well-known in the City of London, has decided to make the Luxembourg Gallery, a gift of a collection of modern British masters beginning with Burne-Jones, and including William Orpen, James Pryde, William Nicholson, Charles Shannon, Glyn Philpott, Charles Ricketts, Philip Connard, and others. The room in the Luxembourg, where the pictures are to be displayed will be known as "La Salle Anglaise."

Two Russians, a man and woman, have been arrested in Paris on a charge of forging and uttering Russian bank-notes. During the last 18 months, forged 100-rouble notes have been very common in Russia, and last year the Government is said to have withdrawn such notes from circulation to the nominal value of 2,000,000 roubles. The Russian police have made many arrests, and the headquarters of the gang were at length discovered to be a villa at Nice. This was recently raided by the French police, and a complete forger's outfit was discovered, together with 100-rouble notes to the number of 150,000. The forgers had fled, but were ultimately tracked to Paris, thanks to the efforts of the French detective service.

A young Englisman, named William Anderson, was killed on Aug. 11, by the Calais-Basel express at the station of Lesdigneul, about five miles from Boulogne. In order to catch a train Mr. Anderson was crossing the line and did not notice the express approaching at full speed. Mr. Anderson was 18 years old, and was the son of General Anderson, commanding the British forces in South China.

MEXICO.

A telegram, from Mexico City states that 35 soldiers and 20 passengers have been killed in an assault made on Sunday, by Zapatistas on a Mexico City passenger train near Cuanla. The assailants lay in ambush in a canon, and only a few of those in the train escaped. The travellers, it is stated, were tortured by their assailants, who robbed their victims and finally burned them.

A telegram, from Mexico City, states that a body of Zapatistas have captured Ixtapa, killing the entire garrison of a hundred Rurales and a hundred townspeople in the streets. The Zapatistas are now advancing on Toluca.

PERSIA.

The "Times" correspondent in Teheran writes :—Lord Crewe sees "signs of improvement." One wonders where. With all respect to Lord Crewe, there is no improvement, and there can be no improvement. The material for it does not exist. Whether even a large loan would now benefit Persia is doubtful. There are strong signs that it could only be made on condition that it went to the payment of foreign claims and the maintenance, not of "Gendarmerie," but of a profitless army, objects which would leave little for productive expenditure. If, however, a sufficient fund of good will, both internal and external, can be counted on, a loan large enough to secure the establishment of order, the collection of revenue, and the undertaking of some productive expenditure, represents Persia's last chance. Northern Persia is now, and must continue to be, a Russian dependency, and the sooner it has Russian administrators the better. On no other condition is progress permissible. For cognate seasons Persia would do well to employ English administrators in the South, and that on no finicking scale. Thus only can the Persian Empire be kept on the map.

UNITED STATES.

President Taft has vetoed the Steel Tariff Bill, on the ground that it provided for revenue only and took no account of the protection of American industries. The House has, however, adopted the Bill over the Presidential veto by 173 votes to 83, but the measure is not expected to pass the Senate.

The site of the Equitable Life Assurance Society's building at 120, Broadway. New York which was destroyed by fire on January 9 last, has been sold to a syndicate headed by T. Coleman Dupont, Wilmington (Delaware), for dol. 14,000,000. The new building, consisting of 36 storeys, will have the largest office floor space in the world.

The Bill inspired by the Titanic disaster regulating the use of wireless telegraphy has been passed by the House of Representatives, and now goes direct to the President. This measure prescribes heavy penalties for interference with messages on the high seas, gives the Government control over inter-State wireless communication, and authorizes the President to commandeer wireless stations in time of war.

President Taft vetoed the Bill for revising the wool tariff, considering that "the rates are so low that they would inevitably result in irretrievable injury to the woolgrowing industry and in enforced idleness of much machinery with the consequent throwing out of employment of thousands of workmen." On Tuesday, however, the Speaker in the House of Representatives declared the Bill passed over the President's veto, the motion having been carried by 174 votes to 80. It is not believed possible that the bill will pass the Senate over the veto.

Constantinople, Aug. 10 (Reuter).—Mr. Montagu, the Englishman who fought with the Turks against the Italians in Tripoli, shot and killed a British subject named Ryan, a native of Baghdad, in his room at an hotel here last night, as the result, it is believed, of a dispute between the two men. He has been confined to his room under arrest by order of the British Consulate, pending the result of the inquest. Mr. Montagu declares that the pistol went off accidentally.

Notwithstanding the effort of the Archbishop of Skutari, two tribes, the Grudi and the Shala, refuse to make peace unless the Turkish troops are withdrawn from Detchich. As this is a frontier post the Turks refuse. The other troops have been withdrawn. Encounters on the Turco-Montenegrin frontier continue.

Constantinople, Aug. 13 ("Times").—Zia Pasha, Minister of the Interior, has resigned. The cause of his resignation is unknown, but it is believed that the Minister felt himself unequal to the burden of the most difficult post in the Turkish Empire. Marshal Ibrahim Pasha is spoken of as a possible successor. The news that Djaffer Tayar Bey has fled to Servia has put a better complexion on the situation in Albania, and Ibrahim Pasha is reported to be optimistic.

Constantinople, Aug. 14 (Reuter).—Izzet Pasha, commanding the troops in the Yemen, in a telegram dated Aug. 6, states that he has defeated a force of 3,000 men with three guns under the Pretender Syed Idris at El Hafa and Deranuma. The rebels suffered heavy losses, while the casualties among the troops were slight.

ENGLISH WEATHER.

Storms, Cold, and Rain in August.

Cold and cheerless conditions have prevailed during mail week over most of the country. In many places the temperature was abnormally low. On Wednesday, at 1. p.m., it was only 53deg. at Blacknod 55deg. at Holyhead and Nottingham and below 60deg. in all parts of the United Kingdom, except the extreme south-easterly corner of England. Early in the morning, however, a reading of 45deg. was recorded at the Meteorological Office at South Kensington, and it was stated that this temperature was the lowest recorded in August, since August 3, 1886, when the minimum was only 44, 1deg.

In certain portions of the Continent very similar weather is reported. Over an inch of rain fell in Paris, on Monday which was the wettest day for 37 years and the cyclonic disturbance which advanced slowly along the Channel on that day has passed on to Belgium and Germany.

The effect of the cold weather upon the harvest is becoming serious in several parts of the country. In Cheshire, for example, the outlook is exceptionally bad. Since August 1, only two fine days have been experienced at Eaton. Thousands of acres of hay have lain out for just a month, and the grass is black and rotting. The grain crops have every where been beaten down by the gales. Fine crops of oats can be seen with the weeds growing right through them.

One curious effect of the cold was reported at a meeting of the Slough Urban Council. Complaints were made as to the number of street lamps that were out at night, and the cause was thought to be the unsatisfactory working of the new system of automatic controllers for lighting and extinguishing the lamps. The surveyor, however, stated that hundreds of gnats and small flies had attached themselves to the lanterns to obtain warmth, and that, consequently, the by-passes had become choked with flies, so that the mantles could not receive a full supply of gas.

Although the winds on the western and south-western coasts were rather less strong on Aug. 13, and a slight rise of temperature was reported over the kingdom generally during the early morning, the readings were still abnormally low for the time of year, and the maxima which were recorded subsequently were little above 60deg. in any part of these islands. Few localities escaped further showers, and at a majority of the stations from which reports are received at the Meteorological Office, there was throughout the day an entire absence of bright sunshine.

A slight rise of the barometer took place over and there were indications of the gradual dispersal of the North Sea depression. On the West Coast of Ireland, the evening reports indicated a fresh fall of the mercury, with a backing of the wind from west to south-west. These changes were due to the advance eastwards of a new depression from the Atlantic, and the general appearance of the weather was therefore as unsatisfactory as ever.

ICEBERGS IN THE ATLANTIC.

The Allan liner Corsican struck an iceberg at 4 p. m. on Monday. The vessel was at the time about 120 miles, east of Belle Isle, and was proceeding slowly. The steam of the Corsican above the waterline was injured, but no serious damage was done, and the ship is continuing her voyage to Liverpool.

A statement was issued from the offices of the White Star Line in Liverpool, on Aug. 12, as follows :—

"In view of the exceptional ice conditions which have prevailed in the Atlantic this season, all the lines party to the Track Agreement consider it would be undesirable to revert to the northern tracks on August 15, westbound and August 24 eastbound, and it has, therefore, been decided that no change will be made in the tracks at present in force before August 31, when the matter will be further considered.

The reports which were furnished to their owners by the sailing masters of the Atlantic liners which arrived at English ports during mail week all bear testimony to the large amount of ice met with on the homeward passage. There is nothing unusual in the presence of ice in the Atlantic at this time of the year, but what has surprised and, in a sense, troubled the commanders of the ocean-going passengers steamers is the almost unprecendented quantity which has been encountered. One master, who has been crossing the Atlantic for a great many years, declares that he has never known so much ice to be "knocking about" as he met with on his way home and practically the same tale is told by the officers of all the ships which have recently returned to Liverpool.

INDIAN RAILWAYS.

"Nemo" writes to the "Times" of Aug. 12:—

Sir,—The speech of the Under-Secretary of State for India, in presenting the Indian Budget to the House of Commons contained an interesting review of Indian finance, but failed to give the slightest indication that the serious condition of the railway service in India was occupying the attention of the Secretary of State.

Your columns have during the last few weeks reflected the anxiety felt on this subject. The speeches of the chairmen of the various Indian railway companies and the petition addressed to the Secretary of State called attention to the grave situation which have existed during the past few months through the congestion of traffic. This congestion was ascribed to inadequate supply of waggons, insufficient sidings, and defective terminal accommodation; the lines principally in default being State owned.

The losses resultant from this state of things fall upon the merchants and the small agriculturist, as well as upon the shareholders in these railways, where traffic has been rejected at the different junctions by the trunk lines through the deficiencies referred to.

It would have seemed, in considering the finances of India, that this question of the expansion of the railway system to meet the needs of the country would have received some notice, especially when it is remembered that the revenue of the Indian Government is largely dependent upon the land and that it is the cultivator who is a principal sufferer from present conditions.

All that the Under-Secretary had to say on this subject was contained in his reply upon the debate, when, in referring to Sir James Mackay's report, he said that in consequence of the depreciation in all gilt-edged securities it was not always easy to raise large loans for expenditure even on such desirable objects as railways, and they had, therefore, to modify their demands upon the London market in this respect.

The London market has, however, shown itself, during the several years which have elapsed since the report referred to, quite ready to absorb millions of securities raised for railways in Canada, the United States, and the three principal Republics of South America; equally would there have been and still be opportunity to raise capital for Indian railways, if the Secretary of State would recognise that the securities to be created must be in a popular form, raised under contracts simple in character, and that he has now to compete with other countries who can give almost as good security as India.

MORTALITY IN BOMBAY.

The following statement shows the total mortality, and the incidence of plague in the City of Bombay during the 24 hours from 6. a.m. on the 29th August to 6 a.m. on the 30th Aug.:—

	Attacks.	Deaths.
Plague ...	3	1
Total mortality from all causes...		86
Same date last year.....		76
Cholera	nil	nil

ONE dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, is generally sufficient to bring down fever. It needs but perseverence to effect a permanent cure in the most obstinate cases. SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC is a Tonic for the heart and will not effect the system, if taken any length of time. Beware of imitations? Of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS & Co., Crawford Market' Bombay.

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Shape, Medium and Round in all sizes.
Quality. Rs. As.
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2... ... 10 8
3... ... 9 0

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A trial order will prove this wonderful value.
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Benger's Food is specially prepared to build up the weakened digestive system, and to promote a high state of bodily nutrition while doing so.
It is the only food enabling rest and regulated exercise to be given to the digestive functions.
Benger's is not a predigested food, nor does it contain dried milk. It is made with fresh milk, and forms a dainty and delicious cream with a delicate biscuit flavour. Patients never tire of
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but, on the contrary, continue to enjoy it.
Every householder should possess a copy of "BENGER'S FOOD, AND HOW TO USE IT FOR INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED." Post Free from:—
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Benger's Food is sold in 1/-, 2/6 and 5/- tins by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

A BOON AND A BLESSING TO WOMANKIND.
DR. LE CLERC'S PILLS FOR LADIES
A Safe, Reliable and Certain Remedy for Irregularities, Delay and Functional Troubles. Ladies who once use them invariably keep a bottle in hand ready for emergencies. Refuse substitutes, no other remedy is "just as good." Insist on having Dr LeClerc's Pills for Ladies & you will not be disappointed. The genuine have words "DOCTEUR LE CLERC" on Govt Stamp affixed to every package. Price 2/9 with full directions (Postage to Colonies 3d extra) from Dr Le Clerc Medicine Co. Haverstock Road, Hampstead, London, Eng. Sold by LENNON, LTD all branches in South Africa. BEWARE OF USELESS IMITATIONS.

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'
A HOUSEHOLD REMEDY FOR
All Functional Derangements of the Liver, Temporary Congestion arising from Alcoholic Beverages, Errors in Diet, (Eating or Drinking,) Biliousness, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Oppression or Feeling of Melancholy, Vomiting, Heartburn, Sourness of the Stomach, or Constipation. It is a Refreshing and Invigorating Beverage, most Invaluable to Travellers, Emigrants, Sailors, and Residents in Tropical Climates.
ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" assists the Functions of the Liver, Bowels, Skin, and Kidneys by Natural Means; thus the blood is freed from poisonous or other hurtful matter, and prevents Fever, Worry, Blood Poisons, &c. There is no doubt that, where it has been taken in the earliest stages of a disease, it has, in innumerable instances, prevented a serious illness.
CAUTION.—Examine the Capsule and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' otherwise you have the sincerest form of flattery—IMITATION.
Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, London, S.E., Eng. by J. C. ENO'S Patent.
Sold by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

The clean, wholesome smell of
WRIGHT'S
COAL TAR SOAP
is, in itself, a recommendation and the
freshness felt after using is really Exhilarating.
Good for Prickly Heat and wards off Insect Bites.
Proprietors: WRIGHT, LAYMAN & UMNEY, Ltd., LONDON.
To be obtained from all Chemists and Stores, and Wholesale from:—
KATRAK and Co.,
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ASK THE MAN WHO OWNS ONE
whether he is satisfied with his
VULCAN MOTOR CAR
and he will answer: Yes. It is the sweetest running car I have ever had the pleasure of driving and costs so little to maintain.
TRIAL RUNS ON LATEST MODELS.
By arrangements with the
SOLE AGENTS.
THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO. LTD.
11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.
SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. LORD HARDINGE,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

TRANS-PERSIAN RAILWAY.

Lord Curzon's Letter to the "Times."

Earl Curzon of Kedleston, writing to the "Times" of Aug. 10, says :—

Sir,—Just as I am leaving London I see that you have opened a rather belated fire upon a speech that I made in the House of Lords on July 15, more than three weeks ago, about the projected Trans-Persian Railway, accusing me of rhetorical exaggeration, and so forth.

Your present opinions are not, so far as I know, shared by any of those who are best qualified by experience and authority to speak on the matter, other than the few able writers who have converted you to their views. Ever since we had an external frontier in India our policy has been to save India as far as possible from direct contact with foreign Powers. This has not been a policy of selfish, or foolish or old-fashioned isolation, but has been dictated by the highest considerations of economy, prudence, and national security. Continental railways in the long run involve continental frontiers, continental complications, continental burdens. If passengers and mails can be carried by an international railway to India, equally can soldiers and guns, and whatever the advantages, if any, it is not posible to contend that India will be as safe as before.

What reason, I ask, is there for building (largely with British or Indian money) a line to India that will thus weaken the security of India, will do no good to Great Britain, and be of very doubtful advantage to British or Indian trade ? Any one who heard the debate in the House of Lords could see that Lord Morley and Lord Crewe disliked the idea almost as much as myself (and are therefore, I suppose, equally open to your disapproval), but that the Government have been compelled to lend a Platonic support to the investigation of the scheme by the threat that if they did not some other Powers would do it in spite of them. In my view this was a " brutum fulmen ; " but even supposing it to be otherwise, it does not provide a very sound or creditable reason for British co-operation.

You say that after advising the Government to hesitate a hundred times before taking such a step I added, "That was the opinion of India." I neither said nor even hinted anything of the sort. You have apparently taken these words from the exceedinly condensed report that appeared in the "Times" of July 16. I neither spoke them, nor anything like them, as the Parliamentary report will show. As I said in a recent debate, it is impossible to speak in general terms of the opinion of India about anything, and I assuredly should not have been so foolish as to predicate it about a subject of which 999 cut of every 1,000 of the Indian population must be profoundly ignorant. So far as I can judge from a perusal of the Indian Press, the majority of the English newspapers are suspicious or hostile, and the native newspapers as a rule, entirely hostile. But the argument is one that I did not use then and refrain from using now.

You express surprise that I doubt the advantage to Persia of the proposed railway, and you actually quote, in support of your argument, some phrase that I once employed about the beneficence and unifying influence of railways in India. Do you really contend that there is any analogy between the two—between a country with 315,000,000 of people, a bountiful trade, and an ordered Government, and a country whose entire population is less than 10,000,000, which consists for the most part of deserts, interspersed with bare oases, and the Government of which is in a state of such hopeless collapse that it cannot even keep order on the few highways, and is in almost hourly danger of complete dissolution? I can imagine railways which might do good, even now, to Persia, but they would be on the alignment or with the objects of the Trans-Persian scheme.

But surely the question ought to be asked, Do the Persian Government or the Persian nation want this railway, that, according to you, is to confer upon them such blessings? Have they asked for it? Are they behind the project? As I write there is before me the letter of the Persian correspondent of the " Near East, " dated Teheran, July 4. This is what he says:—

" The Trans-Persian Railway scheme is again the absorbing topic. With the exception of those who expect to benefit directly by the consummation of the proposals, the labours of the Societe d'Etudes excite but little enthusiasm amongst the native population here, while there are many who regard the scheme with suspicion and consider it as another step in the direction of absorption. . . . The sanction of Persia will have to be obtained under pressure, for it is no exaggeration to say that the bulk of Persian opinion is opposed to it, whilst it is just as true to state that the most popular scheme here is that which will satisfy in large measure her present needs."

If this be the attitude of Persia, why should we join in forcing upon her a railway that she does not want, and which she rightly thinks will rivet upon her the fetters of foreign domination—all the more so that we have not even the selfish excuse of thinking that it will be of any benefit to ourselves. Such a policy is to me inexplicable, and seems to rest upon no foundation either of expediency or statesmanship.

But really what are the practical chances of the railway being made, at any rate in an early future ? You quote the Secretary of State for India as saying that not a rupee of Indian money is likely to be spent upon it. Do you imagine for a moment that Great Britain will find the money or give the guarantee ? And, if not, who is to do so ? Are we to contemplate a railway being made to India, through territories under our influence or protection, where not actually under our rule, by money raised on the Continent of Europe (for there is none in Persia) ? Would any British Government be found to acquiesce in such a solution ?

For this reason, not least, I deprecate official encouragement being given to a project that appears to me certain not merely to do harm, if carried out, but to cause international friction and annoyance if, as seems to me more probable, it is foredoomed to failure.

[We ("Times") regret the inaccuracy to which Lord Curzon calls attention in the report of his speech. Such errors, however, are bound to occur, so long as the House of Lords persists in stationing the reporters in a place where it is impossible properly to hear the speeches.]

NEW FLOATING DOCK.

On Aug. 14 a large floating dock, built for the British Admiralty, was successfully launched at Birkenhead. The dock, which is valued at over £250,000, will be towed to Portsmouth this month by four tugs. The areas of the dock is two and a-quarter acres, and the over-all dimensions 680 feet long and 144 feet wide ; the clear width at the top of the side towers is 113 feet. The side towers are 66 feet high from the bottom of the pontoon. The total displacement of the dock when submerged to receive a ship having a draught of 36 feet is 49,000 tons.

ALL-INDIA MUSLIM LEAGUE.

It has been decided that the next Annual Sessions of the All-India Muslim League will be held at Lucknow on the 30th and 31st of December under the presidency of the Right Hon'ble Syed Ameer Ali, C. I. E., LL. D, P. C. The Hon. Secretary writes:—The sittings of the League this year bid fair to be of great importance. There is the fact which cannot be gainsaid that the Muslim as a nation now loom much more largely on the political horizon of the world than they ever did in the lifetime of his generation; and we owe it to ourselves to take account of this unique situation. The future of the community is in its own hands, and it depends upon self-sacrifice and work. One of the many important matters that would come up for discussion will be the reforms in the constitution of the League. It is, therefore, his most earnest appeal to my co-religionists generally to attend the Annual Sessions of the League in large numbers and to kindly send, as soon as practicable, the resolutions that they desire to be passed in the meeting and any suggestions they wish to make for the amelioration of the condition of the community.

LITTLE SPELLS of fever, Little Chills so bland,
Make the mighty graveyard and the angel band,
SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC taken now and then,
Keeps a man healthy in a fever den.

Of all chemists and stores in India—MADON, SONS and Co., Bombay.

THE "LONDON GAZETTE."

India Office, Aug 13.

The King has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service :—

Indian Army.

Majors to be Lieut.-Cols,—W. H. Brown, Comdt 103rd Mahratta L. I. (May 10); K. J. G. Dunolly, Comdt, 122nd Rajpootana Infantry (May 30).

Indian Medical Service.

Capt. to be Major—J C S Oxley, (Dec, 28, 1911.) Lieut to be Capt.—B. Gale (Jan. 31).

The King has approved of the admission of the following officer to the Indian Army ;—

Sec. Lieut. to be Lieut—K da L. Young, 8th Cav., from the Prince of Wales's (N. Staffs. Regt. (June 5, 1912, but to rank from Dec. 18, 1911).

The King has approved of the transfer of the following officer of the Indian Army to the Supernumerary List on completing ten years in Civil Employ : Major W G Grey (May 1); Capt. G R K Williams (June 20).

The King has approved of the resignation of the following officer of the Indian Army :—Capt G C B Musgrave (Aug 8)

The King has approved of the retirement of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service :—

Col E W St G Welchman (July 11) Major H M Earle (July 17).

The following appointments have been made in India :—

Army Headquarters Staff.
Quartermaster-General's Branch.

To be Dep. Assist. Qrmr.-Gen—Major S M Rice, 64th Pioneers, vice Major H H F Turner, and Lancers June 1.

Divisional Staff.

Note—The appointment of Lieut-Col H B Walker, Boger Regt, to be a General Staff Officer, 1st Grade, dates from April 1, and not April 2, as notified in the "Gazette" of May 24.

Brigade Staff.

To be Brig-Major—Capt A Young 1st Goorkha Rifles, vice Major C G Stansfield. 8th Goorkha Rifles June 1.

Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor of Madras.

To be Military Secretary—Lieut the Hon. C A J Annesley, Oxfordshire L I March 30.

To be Aide-de-camp—Lieut St V. F Hammick, 13th Rajpoots April 2.

Personal Staff of his Excellency the Governor of Bengal.

To be Millitary Secretary—Major H. F. Bateman-Champain, 9th Goorkha Rifles April 2.

To be Aides-de-Camp—Capt H G Vaux, Duke of Cornwall's L I; Capt M J B Leslie, Rifle Brigade.

Admiralty, Aug. 10.

In accordance with the provisions of his late Majesty's Orders in Council of March 19, 1908, and Nov. 21, 1908, Eng-Comdr D Peacock has been placed on the Retired List, with permission to assume the rank of Engineer-Captain; Gunner R Eaton has been promoted to the rank of Chief Gunner in his Majesty's Fleet April 1.

Royal Marine Artillery.

Capt P R Heycock is seconded for service in the intelligence Div of the Admiralty War Staff, vice Woodcock, period of appointment expired; Capt G C Woodcock, on return from the Seconded List, is absorbed in the Establishment, vice Heycock, seconded Aug. 1

Royal Naval Reserve.

The following Probationary Sub-Lieuts have been confirmed as Sub-Lieuts :—V C Large, G R Brown Oct 1, 1911 ; G H Opensnaw Jan 1, 1912 ; Acting Sub-Lieut J K Chaplin to be Sub-Lieut July 17; Acting Assistant Paymaster-H M Lord has been confirmed in the rank of Assistant Paymaster April 21.

Misi M M Carey has been appointed a Sister in Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service on probation Aug 12.

War Office, Aug. 13.

His Majesty the King has been graciously placed to approve of the disbandment of the Cheshire Railway batt. Royal Engineers, T F with effect from July 5.

Regular Forces.
Commands and Staff.

Col C P Triscott, from charge of R G A Records, to be temporary Brig-Gen to command the Western Coast Defences, vice Hon Brig-Gen F A Curteis Aug 7; Major J G Austin, A O D., to be a Dep Assist Director at the War Office, vice Major C D R Watts, A O D Aug 4.

Establishments.

Ordnance Factories—Major C R B Owen, R A to be Assist Supt Royal Carriage Factory, vice Major K E Haynes, R A and to be second Aug 3.

Cavalry.

2nd Life Guard—Qrmr and Hon Capt J W Baldcock is cashiered by sentence of a General Court Martial July 8.

2nd Dragoon Guards Queen's Bays—Sec Lieut E Walker to be Lieut June 3.

7th Princess Royal's Dragoon Guards—Sec Lieut R C Ansdell to be Lieut June 4.

6th Inniskilling Dragoons—Lieut E C Bowen to be Capt July 15; Sec Lieut C S Hanson to be Lieut July 15.

19th Queen Alexandra's Own Royal Hussars—Serg-Major R E Bird to be Qrmr with the hon. rank of Lieut Aug 14.

Infantry.

R Scots Lothian Regt—Lieut-Col H P Versturme-Bunbury, on completion of his period of service in command of a batt retires on retired pay ; Major H McMicking to be Lieut-Col vice H P Versturme-Bundury Aug 14.

Lincolnshire Regt—Capt D H F Grant to be Major Aug 3.

Sherwood Foresters Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regt—Major F J Radford retires on retired pay ; Capt P M Dove to be Major Aug 14.

Princess Louise's Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders—The following Sec Lieuts to be Lieuts July 10—G S Stirling, and to remain seconded ; R M G Aytoun.

Prince of Wales's Leinster Regt R Canadians—Lieut Col C S B Evans-Lombe, on completion of his period of service incommand of a batt retires on retired pay ; Major W T M Reeve to be Lieut-Col, vice C S B Evans-Lombe Aug 13.

Army Medical Service.

R A M C—Lieut-Col W L Reade retires on retired pay Aug 14.

The following Lieuts from the Seconded List are restored to the establishment :—M Burnett July 17 ; W B Laird, F W B Skrimshire July 28 ; G A Blake Aug 1.

Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service.

Staff Nurse Miss M Clayden resigns her appointment Aug 12.

Memoranda.

Col T H Stavert, on completion of his period of service in command of a District, is placed on the Half-pay List July 29 ; Col H C Surtees, Half-pay List, retires on retired pay Aug 14 ; Lieut-Con W K McLeod, R A, to be Col Oct 4, 1911 ; Major T W Gibbard, R A M C, to be Brevet Lieut Col ; Commis. and Hon Capt J Arbery, India Miscellaneous List, is granted the hon rank of Major Aug 14.

Special Reserve of Officers.
Infantry.

3rd Batt King's Own R Lancaster Regt.—Sec Lieut G M Towers to be Lieut July 1.

Royal Army Medical Corps.

Lieut H W Hills is confirmed in his rank.

Admiralty, 13th August.

Sub-Lieutenant Denis William Boyd has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 15th October, Signal Boatswain William Henry James Counter Champion has been promoted to the rank of Chief Signal Boatswain in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 11th August.

Admiralty, 14th August.

In accordance with the provisions of His late Majesty's Order in Council of 19th March, 1908 :—Engineer Commander Alfred Edwin Chapman Deacon has been placed on the Retired List at his own request. Dated 13 August.

Admiralty, 15 August.

The undermentioned Midshipmen have this day been promoted to the rank of Sub-Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet :—Francis William Bernard Walton, Harold Ernest Evans, Richard Shelley, Edmund Hugh Hopkinson, Louis Herbert Heath, and Harrington Robley. Sub-Lieutenant John Schomberg Hammill has this day been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet, and Miss Beatrice Muritai Goldsmith has this day been appointed a Sister in Queen Alexandra's Royal Naval Nursing Service on probation.

In accordance with the provisions of Order in Council of 22nd February, 1870—Fleet Paymaster Gerald Langton Clarke has been placed on the Retired List. Dated 8th August. Sub-Lieutenant David Farewell Jones has been promoted to the rank of Lieutenant in His Majesty's Fleet. Dated 15th September.

Royal Naval Reserve.

The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed Assistant Paymasters:—Bertram Perkins, Lewis Ogmore Jenkins, Frank Foster Revell and John William Skevington. Dated 14th August.

War Office, 16th August.

His Majesty the King has been graciously please to approve of the Right Honourable Louis Botha being appointed an Honorary General in the Army.

War Office, 16th August.
Regular Forces.
Commands and Staff.

The appointment of Major Malcolm D Graham, The Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, as a Deputy Assistant Quarter-master-General, is antedated to 1st June,

Captain Duncan J. Glasford, Princess Louise's (Argyll and Sutherland Highlanders), to be a General Staff Officer, 2nd grade, while employed with the Military Forces of the Commonwealth of Australia, and to remain seconded. Dated 24th June.

Captain Charles Ogston, The Gordon Highlanders to be a Deputy Assistant Adjutant and Quarter-master-General, vice Captain H. Musgrave, Royal Engineers, and to be seconded. Dated 3rd August.

Captain Edmund F. Creswell, Royal Artillery, from an Instructor in Gunnery, 1st Class, to be a Staff Captain at the War Office, vice Captain H. T. Hart, Royal Artillery. Dated 10th August.

Cavalry.

3rd Prince of Wales's Dragoon Guards, Captain Sandford R A Hankey retires on retired pay, to serve in the Special Reserve under the provisions of Article 510 Royal Warrant for Pay and Promotion, 1909. Dated 17th August.

Royal Regiment of Artillery.

Royal Horse and Royal Field Artillery, Major Francis W. Heath to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice G. S. Duffus, promoted. Dated 29th July. The undermentioned Captains to be Majors:—Harry Ward. Dated 26th July. Philip E. Lewis, and to remain seconded. Dated 27th July. Willoughby Furnivall. Dated 27th July. Supernumerary Captian Henry K. Sadler is restored to the establishment. Dated 23rd June.

Royal Garrison Artillery.

Major George G. K. Duff retires on retired pay. Dated 17th August, Captain George B. Mackenzie to be Major. Dated 17th August, Supernumerary Lieutenant Ernest L. Caldecott is restored to the establishment. Dated 9th August.

Infantry.

The Royal Inniskilling Fusiliers, Lieutenant Edgar H Hester is restored to the establishment. Dated 15th August.

The East Surrey Regiment, Captain Victor J Birkbeck, retires on retired pay. Dated 17th August.

The Border Regiment, The promotion to the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel and Major respectively, of the undermentioned officers is antedated to 1st April.

Major Henry M S O'Brien.

Captain Arthur E St V Pollard.

The Sherwood Foresters (Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire Regiment), Second Lieutenant Robert D Squiries to be Lieutenant. Dated 21 July.

Army Medical Service. "Royal Army Medical Corps," The undermentioned Captains to be Majors. Dated 14th August, Joseph F. Whelan, MB William M. Power, and Robert B. Black, MB.

The undermentioned Lieutenants (on probation) are confirmed in their rank :—Thomas A. Weston, MB Roy K. Mallam, MB William McNaughtan, MB David T. M. Large, MB William F. Christie, MB Alexander Hood, MB Edward A. Strachan, MB Cuthbert J. Blaikie. James H. M. Frobisher, MB Walter Stevenson, MB John L. Ritchie, MB David T. Richardson, MB Owen W. J. Wynne, Christopher M. Ingoldby. Sidney J. Higgins. Percy A. With, MB Stephen J. Barry, and Henry R. L'Estange.

Army Veterinary Service.

Army Veterinary Corps, Lieutenant Alexander S Lawrie to be Captain, with precedence next below Captain Victor C. Leekie. Dated 11th October.

Army Pay Department.

Staff Serjeant-Major Henry Drummond, from the Army Pay Corps, to be Assistant Paymaster, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 17th August.

Memoranda.

Lieutenant-Colonel David G. Wemyss, Half-pay List, retires on retired pay. Dated 17th August.

Lieutenant-Colonel Archibald S. Dunlop, on completion of the tenure of his appointment as a Chief Instructor (General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade) at the Royal Military Academy, is placed on the Half-pay List. Dated 16th August.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEERS.

VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT.-COLONEL THE HON. A. HILL TREVOR, COMMANDING.

Bombay, 30th Aug. 1912.

193. Parades—The Parade ordered for No 1 Company for Wednesday September 4th is cancelled.

(Sd.) E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R.A.,
Adjutant, B. V. A.

NOTICES.

1. Entries for the Viceroy's Competition should reach Adjutant's Office on or before 15th September together with the entrance fee of Rs. 4.

The Rules and Programme of the I. V. R. A. for 1912-13 can be seen at Head Quarters.

2. Annual meeting of the B. V. A. Rifle Association will be held at the New Head Quarters (next to the Old Head Quarters) on Wednesday next 4th September 1912 at 7 p. m.

All members interesting in shooting are requested to attend.

VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY COLONEL R. W. L. DUNLOP, V. D.

Bombay, 31st Aug., 1912.

482. Parade.—"G" Company Recruits will parade at Old Head-quarters, Carnac Road, (Opposite Goculdas Tejpal Hospital) on Monday, the 2nd proximo, at 7-30 a.m.

II.—There will be no parade for "G" Company on Wednesday the 4th Proximo.

(Sd.) E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt., B. V. R.

NOTICE.

The Viceroy's competition fired on local Ranges under the same conditions as the King's Prize at Bisley, 500 prizes aggregating Rs. 5,110 and gold, silver and bronze medals.

Intending competitors will please submit their names with entrance fee Rs. 4 to Adjutant's Office by 15th September.

Rifle Club 1st Series Matches I to X.

II. The following is the list of prize winners :—

Match I Qr, Mr. Sergt. P. R. Soundy.
Match II. Cyclist G. Collyer Sergt-Major A. A. Wale
Match III. Cr. Sergt, Gidney
Match IV. Vol H P T Lattey Qr Mr Sergt P R Soundy
Match V Qr Mr Sergt P R Soundy
Match VI Sergt-Major A A Wale
Match VII Vol. A Robinson
Match VIII Vol H P T Lattey
Match IX Sergt-Major A A Wale
Match X Cr-Sergt Gidney

The above members are requested to notify the Honorary Secretary whether they intend taking the Club spoons vide rule 21 (b)

Matches XI and XII will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Thursday 26th September 1912.

Match XIII "Lund and Blockley" Challenge Cup competition will take place at Ghat Kopar on 4th October 1912.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

Bombay, 31st Aug., 1912.

Corps Shooting Club.

It is proposed to hold the competitions to be fired this Saturday afternoon the 31st instant at Colaba Range, commencing from 4 p.m, in two classes.

Class "A" Marksmen and 1st class shots,
Class "B" 2nd class shots and Recruits,

Competitions.

200 yards, 8 shots, last 7 to count (Falling Plates).
300 yards 8 shots, last 7 to count (1st Class Figure Target).

One prize will be awarded to each class for the best aggregate for the two ranges.

2. There will be the usual Drill at the Town Hall on Tuesday evening next, the 3rd proximo, from 6 p.m. All Recruits are requested to attend.

(Sd.) P. R. CADELL, Lt.-Col.,
B. V. Rifles
for O-Commanding Bombay Light Horse.

SPORT AT HOME.

Racing Results.

The Astley Stakes at Lewes on Aug. 9 were won by Meeting House, and the August Handicap at Haydock Park by Crown Jewel.

The Lewes Handicap was won on Aug. 10 by Mr. R. C Dawson's Lady Eileen ; and Lord Wolverton's Bramble Jelly filly, beating Mr. Hulton's Maycup by a neck, with an advantage of 12 lb. in the weights, took the Maiden Two-year-old Plate.

At Nottingham on Aug. 12 the Nottinghamshire Handicap was won by Lord Durham's Brancpeth. His Majesty's Dorando and Mr. A. Gorham's Kinsella dead-heated for second place.

On Aug. 13 the Nottinghamshire Breeders' Foal Plate was won by Mr. J. B. Joel's Golden Sun, Mr. W. B. Cloete's Off was second and Sir R. Garton's La Soufriere third. The Welbeck Handicap was won by Mr. S. B. Joel's Poor Boy.

At Kempton Park on Aug 14 the International Two-Year-Old Plate was won by Lord Michelham's Concertina filly. Mr. Whitney's Meeting House was second, and Mr. Hulton's Flippant third. The Greenwood Welter Handicap was won by Mr. R. Mills's Grey Barrbarian. Mr. E. Tanner's Chanteur was second, and Mr. Hulton's Lonawand third.—At Redcar, the Redcar Produce Stakes was won by Lord Villiers's Earl King. Mr. R. Sherwood's Simon Tit was second, and Major Kincaid Smith's Mountain Fairy third.

CRICKET.

At the Oval on Aug. 9, Middlesex, who had made 47 for three wickets overnight, were all out for 194. Surrey failed badly, and made only 67; and at the close of play Middlesex, who, in their second innings scored 69 for six wickets, held a lead of 196.—At Canterbury Kent beat Nottinghamshire by an innings and 120 runs. Nottinghamshire made only 58 runs in each innings.—At Leyton Yorkshire made 278 and gained a lead of 149 on the first innings. Essex in their second innings made 101 for four wickets, and thus with six wickets in hand were still 48 runs behind.—At Leicester the South Africans beat Leicestershire by 60 runs.—At Manchester Derbyshire were 109 runs behind on the first innings, and at the close of play Lancashire, who lost two wickets of their second innings for 95, held a lead of 201.—At Northampton the play went slightly in favour of Northamptonshire, who held a lead of 71 on the first innings. At the close of play Sussex, with one wicket in hand, still needed 49 runs to win.

At the Oval on Aug. 10 Surrey and Middlesex played a drawn game. When rain prevented further play Middlesex, who had finished their second innings with a score of 129, held a lead of 256.—At Leyton, Yorkshire beat Essex by ten wickets.—At Manchester, Lancashire beat Derbyshire by 248 runs.—At Northampton, Northamptonshire beat Sussex by 40 runs.

At the Oval on Aug. 12 in the Test Match England gained a great advantage over South Africa on the first innings. South Africa made 95 and England 176, to which Hobbs contributed 68.—At Leeds Middlesex held a lead of 18 runs on the first innings against Yorkshire, and at the close of play Yorkshire were 11 behind with all the wickets of their second innings in hand.—At Cheltenham play was very even. Gloucestershire made 129 and Kent 122. Gloucestershire lost six wickets of their second innings for 52 runs, and thus at the close of play held a lead of 59.—At Dudley Worcestershire made 143 and the Australians 113 for two wickets.

At the Oval on Aug. 13 England won the last Test Match against South Africa by ten wickets. South Africa, who were 81 runs behind on the first innings, were all out for 93 in the second England thus required 13 runs to win, which were hit off without loss.—At Leeds Yorkshire made a good recovery, and scored 215 in their second innings. Middlesex made 90 for eight wickets, and thus required 107 to escape defeat.—At Eastbourne Sussex made 274 and declared the innings closed; Essex, who scored 25 for one wicket, were 249 runs behind at the close of play.—At Cheltenham Gloucestershire lost nine wickets of their second innings for 86 runs, and thus gained a lead of 93.—At Dudley the Australians increased their overnight score of 113 for two wickets to 407, to which Mr. Bardsley contibuted 176 not out.

At Leeds on Aug. 14 Yorkshire beat Middlesex by 107 runs.—At Eastbourne, Sussex and Essex played a drawn game. Sussex held a lead of 130 on the first innings, and declared their second innings closed with the score at 46 for three wickets. Essex, who thus needed 177 to win, played for a draw, and at the close of play had lost three wickets for 84 runs.—At Cheltenham, Kent beat Gloucestershire by nine wickets.—At Dudley, play was impossible owing to rain, and the match between Worcestershire and the Australians was therefore abandoned as a draw.

GOLF.

On the St. Anne's Old Links Club's course on Aug. 9. Mr. R. W. Crummack (Manchester) gained his second successive victory in the Lancashire County Championship. He beat Mr. P. E. Ogden (North Manchester) in the final round (36 holes) by 3 holes up and 2 to play.

In the final match of the tournament for Judges for the challenge cup presented by the Lord Chief Justice, Sir Horace Avory beat Sir Alfred Lawrence at Walton Heath at the nineteenth hole.

The annual competition, open to members of East Lothian clubs, for the Haldane Challenge Cup, was played on the Gullane No. 2 course on Aug. 10. The result was a win for the old Oxford captain, Mr. J. A. Robertson Durham (Gullane) for the second year in succession with the excellent score of 73. He went out in 40 strokes and came home in 36. The feature of his game was his magnificent putting. The gold medal was again won by Mr. W. G. Guild (Kilspindie) with a return of 78.

George Sergeant, of the Lambton Country Club, won the Open Championship of Canada on the links of the Rosedale Club, Toronto, with an aggregate score of 299 strokes.

The Western Golf Association of the United States announce that the "golf associations of the world are each invited to send a team of four players to compete for the Olympic Team Trophy." The event will be held on the Chicago Club's course at Wheaton, III., on Saturday, Aug. 31, the Saturday preceding the Amateur Championship tournament of the United States.

It is proposed to form an organisation called the "Golf Club Union of Great Britain and Ireland." Circulars have been sent to clubs asking them to support the project, and suggesting that they should appoint delegates to attend the meetings of the union. Its precise objects are not stated in the circular, which announces, however, that the body is to be promoted "in the interests of golf clubs in particular and golfing in general." Lord Kinnoull is chairman and Lord Tenterden vice-chairman of the executive committee.

ATHLETICS.

At the Celtic Football Club sports, at Glasgow on Aug. 10 the half-mile invitation scratch race was won by M. Sheppard, the American Olympic runner who beat A. Braun (Germany) and J. E. Meredith (United States) very easily in 1 m. 57 4-5secs. The one mile handicap was won by R. Hales, the Irish champion who ran through from scratch in 4 m. 24 1-5 s. The 220 yards invitation handicap was won by W. R. Sutherland (8 yards start), who beat R. C. Duncan (5 yards) and D. F. Lippincott (Philadelphia) (scratch) in 22 1-5s. It was estimated that 50,000 people were present.

FOOTBALL.

A Reuter telegram from Port Elizabeth states that the South African Football Association has resolved not to proceed with the negotiations for a tour of an English team in South Africa in 1913.

Lawn Tennis.—It was announced on Aug. 14 by the Lawn Tennis Association that the following team has been chosen to represent the British Isles in the Davis Cup tournament, which will be held in Australia towards the end of November:—Mr. C. P. Dixon (captain), Mr. A. E. Beamish, Mr. F. Gordon Lowe, and Mr. J. C. Parke. The team will sail on Sept. 12, and will reach Melbourne about Oct. 21.

CHESS.

The eighth annual Congress of the British Chess Federation was opened on Aug. 12 at Richmond. Before play began the competitors and visitors were welcomed by the Mayor and Mr. Cave, M. P., at a reception at the Town Hall. The principal competition is the British Championship Tournament, which is limited to twelve players, who must be of British nationality. The same conditions apply to the British Ladies' Championship Tournament, which is next in importance. Aug. 9 was the best day of Cowes week from every standpoint, and provided the first full measure of sunshine since the Regatta began. The King and Queen again went for a cruise in the "Britannia," which was able to set more canvas than on the two previous days. Their Magesties left the Victoria and Albert shortly after noon, and the "Britannia," followed at a respectful distance by a faithful destroyer, the duty of which is always to keep within sight of the royal cutter, set out eastwards toward Spithead. Luncheon was served on board. As the "Britannia" was receding in the distance towards Ryde Mr. Grahame White began a flight. He flew low over the Roads and circled round some of the racing yachts with an ease which must have been envied by their hardworked crews. Flying close to the shore the airman brought his machine gently down on the waves' close to the squadron, and quickly glided home on the water in the narrow strip between the shore and the moored steam yachts. The flight with its fascinating climax was watched by thousands of people, and it seemed to bring the gallant sea picture abreast of the twentieth century.

All who had the opportunity of being on board a racing yacht availed themselves of it, for the conditions for sailing were excellent. The Prince of Wales and Prince Albert were among those who had this exhilarating experience.

The King and Queen, who had at first intended to remain over the week-end, arranged to leave at noon on Aug. 10 for Portsmouth on their way to London, and the departure of the Court from Cowes was the signal that the social festival was at an end. Delightfully as the week ended, it has been a very disappointing Cowes. The bad weather must be held to be chiefly responsible and it is very unfortunate that a wet Goodwood should be followed by a wet Cowes. The chief open-air functions of the year have been seriously interfered with by bad weather.

First race, for yachts of the twenty-three-metre class. Prize 60l. Queen's course, from Cowes round the East Lepe buoy thence to the Warner lightship and back; twice round, forty-six miles. The finish was:—Shamrock (winner), 3h. 11m. 46s. White Heather, 3h. 15m. 23s.

Second race for yachts of the nineteen-metre class. First prize, challenge cup, presented by the late Lord Wandsworth and 40l added by the R.Y.S.; second prize 20l Course, from Cowes round West Lepe buoy to the Calshot lightship, then to the south-east middle buoy and back, three rounds, fifty miles. The breeze held true and in good strength, the finish being: Octavia (winner), 4h. 20m. 40s.: Mariquita second prize 4h. 22m. 43s.: Corona. 4h 27m. 10s.

Third race, handicap for schooners exceeding sixty-five feet L.W.L. First prize, cup; second, 25l Queen's Course, twice round, forty-six miles. Result:—Germania second prize 2h. 28m. 3s.; Waterwitch (winner), 2h. 35m. 21s.; Meteor 9h. 38m. 51s.

Fourth race, for yachts of the fifteen-metre class. First prize 25l; second 10l; third, 5l. Course, the same as the second race, twice round, thirty-three miles. The finish was:—The Lady Anne (winner), 3 h. 5 m. 39 s.; Istria (second prize) 3 h. 8 m. 36 s.; Vanity (third prize), 3 h. 9 m. 53 s.; Ostare 3 h. 14 m. 40 s.

FAMINE RELIEF IN BOMBAY.

The following letter has been addressed to the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayanrao G. Chandawarkar President, Bombay Social Service League :—

" Sir,—I have pleasure in conveying to you and, to your Committee the best thanks of the Managing Committee for organizing, in aid of this Fund, a house-to-house collection, in the earlier part of this year. At a meeting of this Committee held on the 18th inst., the following resolution was passed. and I am request ed to send same to you for favour of conveying it to the members and volunteers of your League who, so generously, offered their strenuous services in aid of this Fund. The Managing Committee, Bombay Central Famine Relief Fund, desire to record their sense of deep appreciation of the very sincere efforts made by the members of Bombay Social Service League for a house-to-house collection in Bombay and the suburbs, in aid of this Fund, and beg to vote their special thanks to all the ladies and gentlemen who worked for this. The total sum of Rs. 19,025 collected and handed over to this Fund up-to-date is the second largest sum received from any one (the first largest being the Gujarati's Rs. 19,076-3-0) source, barring the Indian People's Famine Trust Fund contributions, and is fully appreciated by the Managing Committee, as it has been most useful in relief of distress. The General Secretary is requested to forward a copy of this resolution to the Hon'ble Justice Sir Narayanrao G. Chandawarkar, President, Bombay Social Service League, with a request that the same may kindly be conveyed to all the members of the League."—I have, &c.,

(Sd.) PURSHOTAMDAS THAKURDAS,
Hony. General Secretary and Treasurer.

The following is the final list of contributions to the Bombay Central Famine Relief Fund issued by Mr. Purshotamdas Thakurdas, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer :—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Previously acknowledged ...	3,42,438	7	7
Mr Chatarbhuj Nathu ...	24	0	0
Mr. Daji Bhanji	24	0	0
Bai Ganga Bhavanishunker (through Chunilal Maganlal)	2	0	0
Mr. Kalianji Khusal ...	12	0	0
Mr. D. M. Desai, of Palsana, at present of Rangoon	6	0	0
Mr. Nanubhai Samnarayan ...	25	0	0
Mr. Gulabdas Nanabhai ...	5	0	0
Mr. Gopalji Kalianji (Singapore)	12	0	0
Through Mr. Itchharam Surayaram Desai (one anna fund)	1,274	8	7
The Indians of Nawsari at Transvaal through Mr. Cursetji Hormasji Desai ...	93	0	0
The Hony. Secretaries, Social Service League (including Mr. Govindram Potdar's Rs. 100) (total up-to-date Rs. 19,025)	275	0	0
Mr. Behecherdas Kalidas ...	12	0	0
Mr. Ratanji Jivandas ...	24	0	0
Mr. Jamnadas Purshotam ...	24	0	0
Four Brahmins	1	4	0
Mr. Framji Hormasji Pamanji Setna	301	0	0
Servants of India Society per Mr. Gogate	149	1	0
Mr. Gokaldas Damoderdas ...	24	0	0
The Amateur Club through Hony. Secretaries Rangoon Famine Relief Fund ...	900	0	0
Chief Justice Sir Basil Scott...	300	0	0
In memory of deceased wife of a Nagar Grahasth ...	5	2	0
Through Mr. Vandravan Valji	108	0	0
A gentleman	2	0	0
A gentleman through Chatarbhuj Shivji	1	0	0
Taluckchand Jetha's men ...	4	0	0
A gentleman, through Purshotam Govindji... ...	15	0	0
A gentleman	1	0	0
Jetsiram (Punjab)... ...	2	0	0
Allisahib Mahmed Hajimia Taki	15	0	0
Mahadeo Balkrishna Tamani...	2	0	0
Mulji Purshotam Thacker ...	1	0	0
Balkrishna Vaman Dengre ...	0	4	0
Mrs. Nandubai Ayal Mangaldas Bhanji Thucker ...	1	0	0
Mr. Bhimji Pragji	48	0	0
Mr. Narotamdas Jagjivan ...	24	0	0
Mr. Rughnathdas Khimchand..	24	0	0
Mr. Ranchhoddas Girdhnalal...	2	0	0
Mr. M. R. Jardine	200	0	0
Mr. H. S. Chatfield ...	20	0	0
Mr. J. Baptista	5	0	0
Total Rs. ...	3,46,404	11	2

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Mrs. A. Parker, 3, Linden Grove, Nunhead, writes:—"I got into a fearfully low nervous state through working too hard and overtaxing my strength. Any loud noise or a sharp knock at the door would throw me into a state of trembling and helplessness. I was always imagining all kinds of evils, and worrying about trifles. Neuralgia racked me with pain day and night, and prevented me from obtaining any rest. I got so worn and dejected that I could have cried, out of sheer misery. My husband persuaded me at last to take some Phosferine, and the effect was simply marvellous; the pains not only ceased, but *I have had no return since.* It seemed more like magic than anything else that a few drops of Phosferine could produce such a change. I kept on with it, and I began to gain strength; the neuralgia disappeared for good, the nervousness, dejection, and worry left me, and now I feel quite well."—Nov. 17, 1911.

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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Hall Line steamer Trafford Hall, 3,436 tons, Captain J. M. Main, sailed yesterday for Glasgow via Karachi with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Lawada, 2,124 tons, Captain N. O. F. Owen, will sail to-day for Calcutta via coast ports, with a general cargo and 12 deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N Co's steamer Lhasa 947 tons, Captain H. Manley, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with a general cargo and passengers.

The City Line steamer City of Athens, 5371 tons, Captain W. Knaut, arrived in harbour yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo and passengers.

The B. I. S. N Co's steamer Barala, 1899 tons, Captain R S B Butler, arrived in harbour yesterday from Basrah via Karachi, with a general cargo, 2 cabin and 47 deck passengers.

The P. and O. Co's steamer Salsette, 2391 tons, Captain H. G. H. Lewellin R. N. R., arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden with mails, a general cargo and passengers.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Thursday 29th August, 1912, should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Aug. 30.

Angus	2320 Dakers	T M & Co
Alavi	2324 Gray	Bo & P S N & Co
Barala	1899 Butler	M M & Co
Barda	1899 Penny	M M & Co
City of Athens	5371 Knaut	K N & Co
Dunrobin	2319 Carr	W and A G & Co
Dumra	762 Morrison	M M & Co
Gymeric	2593 Cassack	B Lanz
Hindoyside	2318 Johnston	M M and Co
Malda	1258 Bamber	M M & Co
Rijsbergen	2395 Burgess	T M and Co
Steenbergen	2455 Deyonge	Antwerp 7-9 T M & Co
Salsette	2391 Lewellin	Aden P & O Co
Sutherland	2277 Longstaff	The Bombay Co
Umsinga	1869 Cox	W & A G & Co
Westbeck	2147 Shelton	T M and Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 30.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
A Torrington	3619	Provs J	Antwerp	5-9	Mackintosh & Co
D E Chapra	3954	Henderson	Antwerp	9-9	M M & Co
F Scalda	3438	Johnson	Java	1-9	M M & Co
G Bahrein	1402	Grant	Arab Steamer	Lo	
K Hakata Maru	3,359	Nomura	Kobe	6-9	N Y Kaisha and Co
M Delta	4789	Martin			P & O Co
N Dunbarmoor	2331	Owens	Genoa	3-9	W & A G & Co
O Markgraf	2315	Tantren	Durban	2-9	A B & Co
P Wildenfels	3,525	Weishman	W and A G and Co		
Q Badrie	1613	Fisher	Adsn	12-9	Arabs Steamers Ld

VICTORIA DOCK.

2	Massilia	3,350	Thomson	Liverpool	9-9 W and A G and Co
3	Virawa	2176	Tipper	Rangoon	30-8 M M & Co
4	Netherby Hall	2854	Henderson	Naples	2-9 K N & Co
5	Euphorbia	3444	Stevens		W & A G & Co
6	Brighton	2273	Thomas	Port Said	7-9 Sanday & Co
7	Habsburg	2095	Selavich		A L S N Co
8	Lawada	2124	Crookston	Calcutta	28-8 M M & Co
12	13 Arabia	4098	Palmer	London	P & O Co

H W P D

Sarasvati	4403	Ebrahim	Bo S N Co
Juba	134	Ahmed	Bo S N Co

Outside N

Barjora	1903	Willis	M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From.
29	Barlala	Butler	Basreh, Aug 15
30	Salsette	Lewellin	Aden, Aug 25
	City of Athens	Knaut	Liverpool, Aug 7

DEPARTURES.

Aug	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
30	Virawa	Tipper	Rangoon
	Kandefels	Wittenberg	Karachi
	Lhasa	Manley	Karachi
	Trafford Hall	Main	Glasgow

The steamer Lawada, Captain Owen, obtained her portclearance yesterday for Calcutta, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Dumra, for Persian Gulf.

" China, for China, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The B I S N Co's s s Muristan arrived at Port Said on the morning of the 29th instant.

The Austrian Lloyd steamer China, from Trieste left Karachi on the 30th instant and is due here on the 1st September at 1 p. m.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUG. 30.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Dunbarmoor s—15 cwts gun metal, scrap, K M Nathoo ; 110 bales cotton waste, W Wolf and Sons ; 9 bales cotton, G Khetsey ; 10,000 cwts linseed, Rally Bros ; 970 bales cotton, N Chagpal.

Massilia s—200 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 328 bales wool and goat hair, E D Sassoon and Co ; 2,000 cwts bone meal, E E Nanji ; 65 bales, M J Mowla ; 2,780 cwts linseed, The New Mofussil Co; 2936 cwts linseed, New Mofussil Co.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—12 packages carpets, haberdashery, King King and Co ; 60 cwts casin, Indo-Colonial Dairy Co; 100 cwts gun metal scrap, A Mallowji and Co ; 108 cwts old rubber, A H A Shamalla; 52 bales cotton, E Hayim ; 12 bales cotton, A E H Mahomed.

FOR NEW YORK.

Arabia s—3 packages carpets, Thos Cook and Son.

FOR GLASGOW.

Massilia s—20 tons yellow ochre, Shaw Wallace and Co ; 2,600 cwt cottonseed and 2,000 cwt mussoor, Ralli Bros.

FOR MARCELLES.

Massilia s—350 cwt Cashew nuts, R Jeewandas and Co ; 1,980 cwt linseed, J. Fachiri ; 63 bales cotton, Volkart Bros ; 3,500 cwt Kerenja seed, M Dharamsey.

Netherby Hall s—1980 cwt linseed, J. Fachiri; 1982 cwts wheat, J. Fachiri; 201 cwts Mustard-seed, J. Fachiri.

FOR HULL.

Torrington s—52 cwt cottonseed, G. Khetsey ; 1075 cwt myrabollams, L. Pragji.

FOR ANTWERP.

Steenbergen s—11,500 cwt. mowrasseed, 7,000 cwt. barley and 6,400 cwt. linseed, Ralli Bros ; 603 bales cotton, W. Wolf and Sons; 4,000 cwt. linseed, K. Devchand and Co; 370 bales cotton, N. Rajaram and Co.

Chupra s—19,600 cwt linseed, and 4,300 cwt mowrseed, Ralli Bros; 375 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 8,008 cwt linseed, C. Boggiano and Co; 185 bundles tin shipping, Cox's Shipping Agency.

Torrington s—3,000 cwt mowrasseed, E. D. Sassoon and Co; 220 bales cotton, H. Shamjee ; 500 tons manganese ore, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR NAPLES.

Euphorbia s—18,240 cwt wheat, Ralli Bros; 3,000 cwt. wheat, L. Dreyfus and Co; 2,000 cwt wheat, K. Devchand and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Habsburg s—1,001 cwt rapeseed, A. Blascheck and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Dunbarmoor s—100 bales cotton, G. Dossa.

FOR HONGKONG.

Hakata Maru s—100 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 2,000 bales cotton. David Sassoon and Co ; 500 bales twist, M M Essabhoy; 1,122 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Hakata Maru s—100 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co ; 100 bales twist, M M Essabhoy ; 250 bales cotton. David Sassoon and Co.

China s—1,150 bales cotton, E D Sassoon and Co.

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Chester 125 deg.	4	12	2	do.
Devoe's Brilliant 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4	8	2	do.
Monkey Brand 125 deg.	4	6	2	do.
White Camelia 125 ° (in tins.)	4	0	0	per 2 tins.
Camel Brand 125 ° (in tins).	4	0	0	do.
Elephant Brand 125 ° (in tins)	4	0	0	do.
do. Brand 125 ° (in bulk)	3	6	0	per 8 gallons

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A Lecture delivered

BY

LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.

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NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the GENERAL MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No, 25 and 26, Waterloo Street and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazete, tLd."

BLUTHNER PIANOS.

THE CHOICE of a PIANO is somewhat difficult of solution in these days as one has so many makes offered in India all of which are "the best" from the manufacturers or the retailers point of view. To the uninitiated we would offer the advice that they cannot do better than follow the example given by the authorities of the Leipzic Conservatorium of Music who have given the matter of the choice of pianos most careful and thorough consideration from all points, with the result that at this celebrated institution of which Mendelssohn was the first Director, only Bluthner Pianos are purchased and nearly ONE HUNDRED GRANDS are in constant use.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to the Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally, should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual members of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209 General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

Saturday, 31st August, 1912.

"OF MAKING MANY BOOKS."

"WHERE are the snows of yester-year ?" asked the poet : "Where are the books of yesterday ?" is the modern query, for we learn that according to a recent computation six new books are issued on every working day of the year. One cannot help wondering what becomes of all these volumes, who buys them, who reads them, to what rubbish heap are they consigned when their day is over ? The majority of the books are novels, and whether they are the hardy annuals of celebrated authors, or the literary first-borns of unknown writers, their popularity is of very brief duration. For a time the new book stands in all the glory of fresh binding and gilt lettering on railway book-stall or on a library shelf, but it is soon thrust from its place by the encroaching army of new-comers, and is forced into company of other superannuated comrades. It lingers awhile in an obscure corner, marked with the humiliating label "greatly reduced," but soon even this meagre publicity is denied to it, and its shabby-genteel cover vanishes from view. A month or two ago some enthusiastic reviewer hailed it as "the book of the year," subscribers to lending libraries asked eagerly for it ; now the fickle folk are already clamouring for some more recent publication, and the favourite of yesterday is indisputably a mere back-number. After this the book begins a descent as swift and as tragic as one of Hogarth's graphic catastrophes. The number of new works which clamour for recognition is so great, that the public cannot afford to extend the hospitality of its shelves to these decrepit romances, and ere long the discarded volume reaches the uttermost depth of degradation, the two-penny box of the vendor of second-hand books.

It is inevitable that this steady flow of literature should rob us in some measure of the respect we once had for printed matter. When books appeared but rarely, the publication of a new novel was something of an event, in the last generation people hailed a new work of fiction with delight ; they willingly paid a high price for it, and savoured its contents with gusto. They took a vivid personal interest in the sayings and doings of each character ; they dicussed the plot with the same serious attention which they bestowed upon matters of real moment, identifying both hero and heroine in a manner which to-day is practically unknown. The forerunner of the magazine serial, the novel which appeared in monthly parts, was a Victoria institution which brought keen enjoyment to many a household.. Eager readers could scarcely control their impatience in the intervening weeks ; they pounced with lively enthusiasm upon the new instalment to allay their fears or verify their prophecies. We all know the anecdote of the man who rode for many miles through the night to awaken a fellow enthusiast with the joyful news that Carker was dead ! The fate of the villain moves us but little nowadays. We are hardly likely to put ourselves to any inconvenience in order to inform a friend that an imaginary rogue has met with well merited punishment. Not only have books lost some of their charm, they have also lost some of their power. We feel instinctively that this immense mass of literature cannot all be the outcome of deep and careful study. We have become slightly mistrustful of our would be instructors ; it is so difficult to distinguish the real prophet in the midst of the vociferous crowd. Lesser savants do not hesitate to launch into print, mitor theologians and metaphysicians speculate ingeniously as to the object of life : they supply every possible explanation for the unsolved problems of the universe. Irresponsible and superficially-informed students vie with each other in the concoction of historical memoirs ; they whitewash the infamous characters and vilify the heroic ones, until the bright pageant of the past appears as a procession of neutral-tinted nonentities.

If the pen has ceased to be mighty, the fault lies chiefly with those who wield it. The modern author does not take the profession of letters as seriously as his predecessors did. He is often content to set his name to scamped and rapid work. One surmises that he has not spent over much time in correcting his pages. It is recorded of Dumas that he employed an amanuensis to make objections ; a few of our modern writers of fiction would do well to imitate him. We could dispense with some of the glaring improbabilities, the fantastic and freakish plots, and the weary prolixity of detail with which their books abound. The manuscript of most of the great works which revolutionized thought or touched unerringly the chord which vibrates in every human heart, are crossed and scored with corrections which testify to the pains the authors took with their composition. Balzac revised and polished with untiring zeal. Virgil laboured for eleven years at the Æneid and remained unsatisfied. Gibbon confessed that after seven years of fervid industry, the imperfections of his Roman History were so vexatious to him, that he thought seriously of committing his work to the flames. These examples show to what extremes the desire for perfection can be carried. The author of to-day who aims at the production of at least one book a year, would no doubt feel that he could ill afford the expenditure of so much time and trouble, with the consequent literary sterility. The careless writer cannot, however, hope to escape the penalty of his reckless productiveness. Facile success is, as a rule, unpermanent. Hasty and ill-constructed books rarely survive the year of their publication. Bewildered as we are by the cataract of books which pours unceasingly upon us, we have sufficient discrimination to perceive and to reject inferior work. A clear course is open to us, to select the best books as tenants of our shelves, to accept mediocre productions as companions for idle and uncritical hours, and to leave the worthless residue in well-deserved oblivion.

THE EDUCATION OF THE RYOT.

SIR GEORGE CLARKE, enthusiastic educationist as he is, has taken care in the resolution just issued on the land administration of Bombay, to point out the benefits, which he very reasonably considers as having accrued to the ryot through the medium of education. This portion of the resolution is the most striking and the most interesting in a lengthy document, which throughout is a much less dry and formal production than many of its predecessors. The Government in attributing to the results of education the signs of progress, which it has been able to detect in the people's livelihood, uses every diffident language, but we fail to see why His Excellency's Executive Council should not give their educational policy full credit in this direction. The qualities, which they have observed to begin to show themselves in the characters of the humbler classes, are just those which one expects to be derived from a well-constructed system of education, which is being effectively applied. In certain parts of the Presidency, it is found that the cultivators are exercising greater restraint in the consumption of intoxicating liquor. Generally a spirit of thrift is growing up and is spreading amongst the ryots, and there is evidence that many of them are not only provident enough to put by a little money in waiting for a time of stress, but that they are willing and capable of saving sufficient to effect a permanent betterment of their condition. We will quote one or two detached sentences from the resolution. "In East Khandesh, the Rewa Kunbis combined to suppress drinking in their community, and to improve their position by paying off their debts." "In the Satara district, the tendency of the labouring classes to save and even become savkars on a small scale has been noticed." "In West Khandesh, debts were reduced and large quantities of gold and numbers of cattle were purchased, while the demand for land led to an increase in its price." And so on, the resolution finally remarking that the manner in which the cultivating classes tided over the adverse season of 1911-2 showed that amidst the festivities and rejoicing of the two preceding years they exercised prudence and forethought. Thus the experience of the administration of last year has not only established the existence of that "resisting power" against scarcity, which is such a favourite topic of Sir Richard Lamb's, but it strongly suggests the probability that in future years it will be increased. These benefits, which we have described and which, we repeat, may, we consider, be fairly ascribed to the provision of sound educational influences, have been obtained without the assistance of the special rural curriculum in primary schools, which is to be introduced in suitable areas. The resolution, however, refers to the effect which education has apparently had upon the industrialism of the ryot. It is found that he has a broader outlook upon his career and occupation. He is now ready and frequently eager to follow the advise of experts, both in the tilling of his land and in the rearing of his cattle. This great change in his attitude having been effected without any special course of tuition particularly designed to the needs of agriculture, Sir George Clarke, when the rural course has been adopted, will have the right to expect an even greater degree of success as the result of his wise foresight. The main lesson, it seems to us, to be drawn from these conditions, is not so much the need for the extension of mere education, as for the extension of good education. It provides, therefore, a strong argument in support of the policy of the Government, which for the present is to improve the quality, rather than to increase the quantity, of the primary schools of the Presidency.

THE CENTENARY OF THE STEAMSHIP.

GREAT doings are taking place this week upon the Clyde. It is now a hundred years ago since Henry Bell launched his "Comet" upon that historic stream, and the people of Glasgow are celebrating the centenary of the epoch-making event with becoming splendour and jubilation. For the Clyde has been the home as well as the birthplace of steam-navigation, and the history of the river for the last century epitomizes the story of the whole shipping industry of Great Britain. Bell's was not the first attempt to apply steam to ships. Ten years before Symmington had sailed upon the Forth and Clyde Canal, a launch in which a single paddle-wheel, driven by steam, formed the motive power ; and between the two dates an American engineer, Fulton, had also succeeded in propelling a boat by steam. But Bell's invention of the double-paddled steamer was from the beginning recognized to be so far in advance of previous efforts as to inaugurate a new era in navigation, and his judgment has since been fully confirmed by the opinion of the civilized world. There is little doubt, besides, that Fulton was indebted to Bell, who had worked at the subject for some years previously for his best ideas. Symmington's attempt was coldly received for the curious reason that the waves of his launch might damage the banks of the canal ; but Bell wisely chose the open river for his experiments and trial trip, and he seems from the first to have gained public support and favour. "The Comet" carried passengers up and down the Clyde; and although few imagined that in a short time steamships would compete with and displace the barques and sailing-ships of commerce, yet it was early foreseen that for passenger-traffic steam was the power of the future. This first steamship measured only twenty-five tons, while its engines developed only three horse-power ; but by the time of Queen Victoria's accession ships of several hundred tons burthen were plying between Glasgow and Liverpool, and a little later still the Atlantic was safely crossed.

Five ships of war are to represent the Navy at the celebrations on the Clyde. It is interesting to recall the objections which some of the bravest officers in the Navy once offered against the introduction of steam. It was stoutly argued that the use of steam would mean the decay of seamanship and that a steamship would be much more easily disabled by the enemy's shot than a vessel with yards and sails ; just as a few years later it was argued that wood was better than iron in the construction of ships of war, because a hole in wood was more easily plugged up. It was not until 1842 that the Navy adopted steam, and the great development in the use of the new power in our cruisers and battleships has taken place within a single lifetime. The advance in mechanical traction has, indeed, been so rapid that already indications of the eventual supercession of the reciprocating engine have appeared. The application of the principle of the turbine to steam and still more the improvements in the methods of internal combustion already point to the passing of the age of the steam-engine. This age has coincided practically with the nineteenth century : and it looks as if in the twentieth century other forms of power and heat would take the place of steam. But the inventions of the steam-engine and of the steamship will always remain two of the outstanding achievements of man's intellect and energy ; and the proceedings on the Clyde will be followed with deep interest in all quarters of the globe.

EDUCATION IN CHINA.

SINCE China began to send large batches of students abroad and since foreigners built colleges and founded universities in the country, education there has made great strides. Unfortunately, although those institutions are regarded as the basis of modern educational work in China, they are denied Government recognition. The situation has became difficult and from various parts of the Empire demands have been made within the past few months for educational reform—requiring a standard of education for the whole nation. The Cantonese, however, prefer their own methods to those of Peking. A conference was summoned to discuss matters. Educationalists in the south propose to compel 24,000 children, between seven and ten years of age, to attend schools provided by the Government. At the moment only 5,162 of these children attend school, but steps have been taken to ascertain the number of this age, and boys found loafing in the streets are being taken in charge and sent to an institution, where they will be maintained and educated at the public expense. These methods do not meet with approval in the north, whose people declare the country to be unprepared for them. However, the agenda of business under discussion by the Educational Conference in Peking, shows that a serious attempt is being made to grapple with this very difficult question, and it is to be hoped that, whatever steps are finally taken, the authorities in Peking will enforce directions given and secure uniformity throughout the country. According to the Minister of Education, the object of the Conference is to assemble the best educationalists of the country in order to solve the problem of education and to adopt a sound educational system for the new Republic. Every effort was made to secure fully-qualified men—graduates of normal colleges in China or abroad, teachers of at least three years' standing, or educator of national renown and the outcome is expected to be the institution of a national school system, the revision of the present primary curriculum, with properly defined responsibility of the central and local authorities.

THE P. and O. s.s. "Arcadia," with the China and Australian mails, is expected to arrive in Bombay at 9 a.m. to-morrow.

MAJOR-GENERAL MACBEAN, C.B., C.V.O., arrived in Bombay yesterday by the P. and O. Company's mail steamer "Salsette."

MR. BORDEN, Prime Minister of Canada, and Sir Edward Morris, Prime Minister of Newfoundland, have become Honorary Members of the British Empire Club.

MR. C. W. E. COTTON, C. S., has lately Assistant Director of Statistics, Government of India, has been appointed Deputy Secretary, Government of India, Home Department, vice Mantagu Butler, appointed Joint-Secretary, Public Service Commission.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

LETTERS OF "WINSTON."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, AUG. 16.

The letters of Junius could hardly have excited more curiosity than the letters of "Winston," though the curiosity aroused by Mr. Churchill's epistolary efforts is of a different kind. Apart from their subject-matter everyone is asking what is the true inwardness of the remarkable communications which have relieved the dulness of the dreary opening days of the dead season. Many are the speculations indulged in ; most of them must be considered rather far-fetched. Perhaps Mr. Churchill's intention was to divert the minds of the public from a recent election in the North of England and to give the writers of political leading articles something else to deal with. If this be the object, it has not been altogether unsuccessful, and for the moment at all events Ireland and not North-West Manchester holds the feel. Another reason suggested is that Mr. Churchhill, when he indited his letters to the Chairman of the Dundee Liberal Association, had in mind not so much Mr. Bonar Law, but Lord Charles Beresford. The latter, it will be remembered, recently declared roundly that Mr. Churchill was trying to get back to the Conservative party on his naval policy. Mr. Churchill's letters are supposed by the ingenious people alluded to to be an indirect reply to Lord Charles Beresford's rather bold accusation. In effect he is said to exclaim *J'y suis, je reste.* Each of the letters occupies rather more than a column of newspaper print, and they appear to have removed certain apprehensions, caused by Mr. Churchill's long and mysterious silence on questions outside his own work at the Admiralty. He has fully rehabilitated himself in the eyes of Liberals of the fighting line. Naturally his opponents are very indignant at the tone of his letters; particularly the earliar one. They call it Limehousing and strongly resent his describing the doctrines of Mr. Bonar Law at Blenheim as the doctrines of Mr. Ben Tillett on Tower Hill. Between the appearance of the first and second of the epistles of Mr. Chunchill to "My dear Sir George Ritchie," the *Times* published a letter, signed "A County Magistrate" which cannot be passed over without notice. The writer approves of Mr. Chunchill's protest against the Blenheim speeches and adds :—"I have assisted in several elections and fought hard for the Unionist cause in and out of season, but the recent utterances of some of the leading members of the Unionist Party on advising people practically to start a civil war in Ireland make me wonder, if, after all, one is fighting on the right side." He feels, he says, he is voicing the statements of thousands of other Unionist workers and electors. That may be so, but the only other Unionist worker who, so far as I am aware, has publicly dissociated himself from the news enunciated by his leader, has received a severe rebuff from his friends. I allude to Mr. Cockshutt who, for writing to the Press censuring Mr. Bonar Law's speech at Blenheim, has been promptly and unceremoniously dismissed from his position as prospective Unionist candidate for Rochdale. Mr. Cockshutt, who is a Lancashire man and a member of the Bar, contested Rochdale at the last General Election, and in a "three-cornered contest" reduced the Liberal majority from 1,428 to 477.

THE INSURANCE ACT.

If Mr. Churchill's letter has diverted attention from the momentous Liberal reverse in Manchester, it has not helped the Government in their greatest trouble, the continued unpopularity of the Insurance Act. To add to their discomfiture it happens that in one of the earliest prosecutions for non-compliance with the Act is a strong supporter of the Liberal party, a tradesman in a large way of business in South London. He describes the Act as "arbitrary and unjust coercion of the people" and the proceedings against him will lose the Government many votes at the next election. Even more damaging has been a discussion at a meeting of the Sheffield City Council, where one speaker bitterly complained that duties have been placed upon the local insurance committee which, in many particulars, will enable them to compel the City Council to take action in certain ways which may not be approved by the ratepayers. Sir William Clegg who has been for some time and still is leader of the Liberal Party in Sheffield, was equally emphatic in his denunciation of the Act declaring that it was a violation of the principle of the democratic administration.

OUR SALARIED M.P.'s.

The salary of £400 per annum, paid to members of the House of Commons, is treated by the Inland Revenue authorities, who evidently are not destitute of a sense of humour, as "unearned income." As such it is subject to a deduction of 1s. 2d. in the pound for income tax. In future, however, members are to be allowed an abatement of 25 per cent., so that only £300, instead of the whole amount as at present, will pay income tax. This concession it seems has been made as the result of representations by certain Labour and Nationalist members, and naturally there is a good deal of grumbling among the less wealthy income-tax payers at this exhibition of weakness on the part of Mr. Lloyd George's department. The dissatisfaction is increased by the slimness, displayed in keeping the matter secret until after Parliament had adjourned for its long vacation. It is doubtless hoped that the matter will be forgotten beforé the Houses reassemble, a hope that perhaps may not be realised. It may be that there are only nine righteous men in the House of Commons, that is only nine who decline to draw their salary, but there are ninety-nine or more who, when the opportunity occurs, will want to know the meaning of this sordid transaction, as it has been called. There are some people who, like a writer in the *Daily Mal,* hold that members of Parliament in receipt of salaries paid by the State are to all intends and purposes for the time being pensioners. If that view be correct all pensioners should be placed on the same footing, but we can imagine—what would be said by our masters at the Treasury if all pensioners were to ask for the same consideration on the plea of their expenses. After the recent disclosures as to the grant of £2,000 a year to enable members of Parliament to have a substantial shilling dinner at the House of Commons at less than cost price, this abatement creates a decidedly bad impression. *Apropos* is the House of Commons to be flooded with Nonconformist ministers ? We have two or three of that class at present (one has come in since the system of paying members was adopted) and now another has got himself accepted as Liberal candidate for the present vacancy in Wales. The lawyers must look to their laurels. I think it not at all unlikely that they may be cut out by the preachers, who are the most eager of politicians and who, however narrow may be the outlook of many of them, are as a rule sincere, and do not take up politics, like the gentlemen of the long robe are supposed to do, for what they can make out of it. But the prospect of a Cabinet mainly composed of Nonconformist ministers is not a very cheerful one and such a consummation is not absolutely inconceivable considering the way things are going.

THE LATE CAPTAIN W. A. STIFFE.

Captain Arthur William Stiffe, who passed away suddenly at Goring-on-Thames on Wednesday, will be greatly missed at "14 St. James's" and other places where Anglo-Indians meet in London. He had been a member of the famous East India United Service Club for upwards of half a century and living as he did in the Metropolis was one of its best known *habitues.* He carried his 81 years very well and was as vigorous as many men of sixty. He is the third lieutenant of the old Indian Navy who has been taken from us within a comparatively short time. There are now only three survivors of the same rank, their names and dates of appointment being as follows :—W. H. Barker (1845), H. M. Liardeb (1850), G. B. Hewett (1851). He was only eighteen when he joined the Indian Navy and obtained his commission as lieutenant long before he was thirty. After the abolition of the Indian Navy he remained in the service of the Government as an officer of the Indian Marine, and eventually became Port Officer and Master Attendant at Calcutta. He was a frequent attendant at meetings of the Indian Section of the Royal Society of Arts and took part in the discussion on Mr. Bennett's paper on England's connection with the Persian Gulf. As a good deal of Captain Stiffe's work in past years was done in Persia, his remarks, I remembered, were listened to with great attention. One thing I remember, he insisted upon, viz., the beneficial influence of the telegraph cable in the Gulf and the telegraph officials there and in the interior of Iran. Speaking from his long experience he affirmed that the Persians like the English people whose word they believed and on whose promises they relied. This was ten years ago. Let us hope that in spite of all that has since happened the much-to-be pitied inhabitants of the country retain those friendly feelings towards us.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

The late unfortunate President of Haiti was General Cincinnatus Leconte. His successor is General Tancrede Auguste. The Haitians in their weakness for appropriating names that do not belong to their race beat a certain type of English Jews. *A propos* I remember a little incident at the club some years ago. I nodded as we passed a certain Hebrew of my acquaintance, and an old Scottish friend who observed my salutation asked me afterwards "who was that man ?" Though an orthodox Jew he now rejoices in a fine old Scottish name. My Scotsman, an intense patriot, on receiving the information he asked for, indignantly exclaimed as if I were responsible "why do these confounded Jews ["confounded" was not exactly the word he used but it will serve] "take Scottish names ?" I felt unable to answer the question and did not dare to remind him of Max O'Rell's Jew who, after failing to make a fortune in Aberdeen, announced to his friends in the granite city that he had decided to go South adding, "You are all Jews here." The Jews, I believe, do better in Ireland ; that is not surprising all things considered.

OLLA PODRIDA.

I observe that in thanking the President of the French Republic for his sympathy in connection with the miniag disaster at Bochum, the Kaiser, who, whatever he may be, is not slipshod, says that M. Fallieres's kindly words had "deeply moved" him. In this country, in similar circumstances, the expression used would be "deeply *touched.*" As if a touch could be deep ! The inaccuracy is not confined to messages that emanate from Government offices, but is almost universal in England.

Oh, Mr. Pease ! "The great men of this country who had secured distinction in public life were men of undoubted ability and sound physical health, who had responded to the call of duty. They had not sought social pleasures, they had not followed the pursuit of ordinary enjoyments, but they had made sacrifices for others." So said the President of the Board of Education or is it President of the Board of Agriculture.—I always forget which—in a speech at a political garden party the other day. The "undoubted ability" and so forth may with reservations be accepted, but it seems to one that our leading politicians seem to have a good share of "social pleasures."

Evil communications corrupt good manners. While it must be admitted that in many respects the *Times* is a much better paper than it was in the pre-Harmsworth days the indulgence which the leading journal—for it is still the leading journal—shows under the present regime for colloquialisms would shock Delane if he were still with us. For example, I observe that the term "dead-heated" has been accepted in Printing House Square. After this I shall not be surprised if in the *Times'* report of the next important military funeral we are told that the remains of the distinguished dead were dead-marched.

And why does the *Times,* which we all like to regard as an example in style for the rest of the newspaper Press, encourage the incorrect use of the word "couple" ? A "couple of days," a "couple of copies," a "couple of members of Parliament" and so forth are all wrong. If people before using this much-abused word would only think of its Latin origin, they would never make the mistakes.

Another common error and scarcely one ever free from a novel written by a lady is the misuse of the verb "expect." In ninety cases out of a hundred it is employed when either "think" or "believe," "suppose" or suspect," "assume" or "fancy" is intended.

Mr. A. S. M. Anik has furnished me with a further list of contributions to the British Red Crescent Society of which he is the indefatigable Honorary Treasurer. From this I learn that the amount subscribed up to date is £7,819 15s. 4d. Amongst recent subscribers are Mrs. M. G. Dixon-Johnson, £30 ; the Hon. Mrs. Charlton, £20 ; the Earl of Mexborough, £3 3s. 0d.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, AUG. 30.

Major-General Lloyd Payne is likely to be appointed to the Mhow Division in place of Major-General Blomfield transferred to Peshwar.

THE Hon'ble. Lieut.-Colonel J. Jackson, I. M. S., having withdrawn his candidature for election as a member of the Bombay Medical Council his name should be deleted from the list of persons nominated as candidates under section 2 (2) (d) of the Bombay Medical Act (Bom. VI of 1912.)

MR. W. H. LUCAS, Acting Commissioner in Sind, will hand over charge as at present arranged on the evening of the 5th of September, and Mr A. D. Younghusband, C. I. E., Commissioner in Sind, will resume control on the 8th September.

NORWICH FLOODS SUBSIDE.

HEART-RENDING LOSSES IN EAST ANGLIA.

Harvesters Work to their Knees in Water.

HAY BEING WASHED OUT TO SEA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 29.

Over £5,000 has been raised at Norwich for the relief of those who have been rendered destitute by the floods. Clothing and other necessaries are being distributed.

LONDON, Aug. 30.

The river at Norwich has fallen 5ft. and the city is resuming its normal aspect. The electric light has been restored. The damage in the city is estimated at £100,000.

Accounts of agricultural losses throughout East Anglia and the Midlands are heart-rending. As an example of the prevailing situation, a message from Peterborough states that a farmer in that district is harvesting by boat, the sheaves being landed on higher ground, while the men are mowing up to their knees in water.

The river Welland in Lincolnshire is literally choked with hay, which is being carried out to sea.

CHINA AND TIBET.

British Representations at Peking.

PEKING, Aug. 29.

Sir John Jordan, the British Minister, has sent a memorandum to the Chinese Government, in which he refers to China's intention to incorporate Tibet as a province.

The memorandum declares that the Tibetans ought to be allowed to manage their own internal affairs without Chinese interference, and recommends a new Anglo-Chinese Agreement, as precedent to the recognition by Great Britain of the Republic.

The memorandum reviews the situation in Tibet, and suggests that China should station a representative at Lhassa to advise the Tibetans on questions of foreign policy. This representative might have a body-guard, but China ought not to station unlimited soldiery in Tibet, nor send an expedition. The memorandum further says that China at present ought not to use India as a highway to Tibet.

"LAW, CAR AND GENERAL."

Charges against Directors Withdrawn.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

The Official Receiver has filed a further report in the Law, Car and General Insurance Corporation affair.

The report says that at the time of the previous report, it appeared that the accounts, accompanying the auditors' letter dated November 27th, 1909, had been passed by the board, with modification, and had been issued as modified without being certified by the auditors.

The facts, which have since been ascertained, show that the accounts as issued were approved and signed by the auditors. Consequently the present report withdraws all the charges contained in the previous report against Sir Henry Cotton and the other directors.

The report adds that the accounts, as issued, suppressed material facts and that the auditors, by signing them, and refraining from reporting to the shareholders at their meeting the facts contained in their letter to the directors, were parties to withholding from the shareholders material information with regard to the company's financial position.

IMPERIAL DEFENCE.

Interesting Statement by Mr. Borden.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

Mr. Borden, in a farewell statement, expresses his most grateful appreciation of the welcome, met with by the Canadian Ministers at the hands of the Imperial Government. The British Ministers received the visitors from the Dominion in the most cordial manner, and discussed with frankness the question of the defence of the Empire. The stress of the session, however, prevented the Canadians from receiving full information about naval defence. Mr. Borden hoped to receive this shortly after his return, when the Canadian Cabinet would speedily consider the proposals.

MELBOURNE, Aug. 30.

Mr. Pearse, Minister of Defence, is calling a conference of commanding officers in Australia, with the object of eliciting their views on the new Defence Scheme.

THE SUGAR CONVENTION.

Italy also Gives Notice to Withdraw.

ROME, Aug. 30.

The Italian Government has given notice that it will withdraw from the Sugar Convention on September 1st, 1913.

HONG-KONG ROBBERIES.

HONG-KONG, Aug. 29.

Robbers have seized the Customs Houses at Lofong and Sanchun, and carried off arms and ammunition.

VAUXHALL TRAIN SMASH.

LONDON, Aug. 29.

Among the persons severely injured in the Vauxhall train accident were a bridegroom on his way to his wedding, a sailor and his sweetheart, who were also on their way to be married, and two Salvation Army lasses, who were proceeding to the funeral of the late General.

PANAMA CANAL BILL.

United States will Decline Arbitration.

EFFECT ON BRITISH SHIPPING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.

Although the States Department does not authorise any statement to this effect, it is understood that the administration will decline to permit the question of the right of the United States to relieve American shipping of the Panama Canal tolls to be submitted to arbitration. It is stated, however, that this position of Government may not be developed fully for some time. Meanwhile the English Press is devoting much space to criticisms of the American position, pointing out, particularly, President Taft's repeated advocacy of arbitration.

The United States Senate adopted on Aug. 9 the Panama Canal Bill by forty-seven votes to fifteen. A number of amendments which will necessitate a further discussion of the measure in the House of Representatives were passed. The Bill still contains the provision for the passage of American coasting ships without toll, to which objection has been raised by the British Foreign Office. The "New York Times" in a leading article says:—The Panama Canal Bill is now so bad that hope lies in that very fact. When the House of Representatives comes to consider the Senate's proposals, there will be another opportunity to reflect upon the folly of enacting a law-suit with every reasonable prospect of defeat. Beyond that lies the prospect of a veto, the likelihood of which grows with each new amendment.

Washington, Aug. 11.—According to information from a usually trustworthy source, the President has let it be known that he would sign the Panama Canal Bill if it should pass the House as passed by the Senate last Friday. The responsible Eastern Press is dismayed at what the "Sun" calls "frank dishonour abroad and rank class legislation and Bedlam policy at home." Even the pro-Administration "Tribune," though it believes, like Mr. Roosevelt and many other Americans, that free coastwise shipping is lawful, is much pained at the sweeping disregard of treaty rights shown by the Senate.

Aug. 14 (Reuter).—The joint conference of the two Houses on the Panama Canal Bill to-day reached an agreement. The Senate provision giving free passage to American ships engaged in foreign trade was struck out, and a new provision covering railroad-owned ships and the relations between railroads and steamship lines was agreed to embracing the general principle adopted by the Senate. The Senate amendments prohibiting ships controlled by trusts from using the Canal was agreed to. The clause giving free passage through the Canal to American vessels engaged in coasting trade remains in the Bill. Senator Brandegee and Congressman Stevens have refused to sign the report of the conference.

The Canadian Press of both parties continues to protest strongly against the action of the Washington Senate in violating the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty by discriminating in favour of American vessels using the Panama Canal. The correspondent of the Manitoba "Free Press" suggests that Great Britain should impose a head tax as well as tonnage due on arrivals from United States ports, and so divert traffic to Canadian routes.

Opinion in Ottawa is that the United States Congress is playing to the gallery in favouring American shipping at Panama, and that it will take a more reasonable attitude when the elections are over. If Mr. Taft signs the Bill and the United States persist in the measure, Canada is likely to join in an international protest, but nothing will be decided till the return of Mr. Borden, who is expected to consult the imperial authorities during his present visit.

Toronto newspapers of Aug. 13 give prominence on their front pages to the "New York World" cartoon showing American special privileges blocking the Panama Canal and bearing the subscription, "To hell with treaties."

EFFECT ON BRITISH SHIPPING.

A correspondent writes to the "Times":—

The Panama Canal Bill will, if it becomes law, prove little short of disastrous to the British shipowner. The preponderance of British tonnage in the American trade greater, perhaps, than in any other part or the world, renders the passing of this Bill of vital moment.

From the West Coast of North America, millions of quarters of wheat are carried annually by British vessels to Great Britain and the Continent, the principal port of shipment being Portland Oregon. The route at present followed is by Capt Horn, and it can easily be seen how the voyage would be shortened via the Panama Canal.

On the West Coast of South America are situated the ports from Talcahuano to Pisagua whence the Old World derives all its nitrate for agricultural purposes. Nine-tenths of this nitrate is carried in British bottoms, which would eventually use the Panama route. This trade has in the past been mainly a sailing-ship one, but at present the number of tramp steamers engaged in increasingly large, and (as in all the long-distance trades) the vessels employed are of the largest type. A number of steamship lines run from these ports, and they, notably the Anglo Line, managed by Messrs. Lowther Latta and Co., as well as those under the management of Messrs. Andrew Weir and Co., Messrs. T. and J. Harrison, and others, would be badly hit by any restriction on their enterprise. Many thousands of tons of nitrate are carried annually by these vessels.

There is also a vast trade done by British steamers in the carrying of case-oil from New York to China Japan, and the Far East generally. The Panama Canal would open a new and shorter route to these steamers, enabling them to effect an appreciable saving of time in the performance of their voyages.

COAL.

In addition an enormous quantity of American coal is shipped from the Northern United States to ports on the west coast, as well as a certain quantity of Welsh coal. This at present must perforce use the Cape Horn route, but will later go "via" the Panama Canal. This trade almost exclusively employs British tonnage.

Mention must also be made of the almost certain development of coalfields on the West Coast of South America, the product of which is said to equal in quality that of the best Welsh coal. Hitherto length of the voyage and the lack of facilities have prevented capitalists from turning their attention to these coalfield. The opening of the Canal, however, will, it is said, enable this coal, when once it is produced on a large scale, seriously to compete with our own product. Here, then, is a further market for the British shipowner.

The Bill, as at present formed, will offer facilities for foreign-built tonnage to be registered under the American flag. There is however the proviso that such tonnage must be placed at the disposal of the United States Government in the event of war. It would seem, therefore, that however willing British shipowners would be to place their ships under American registry, this provision would be sufficient to deter them from doing so.

AFFAIRS IN TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 29.

Two Unionist officers with sixty gendarmes held an anti-Government demonstration at Galata early yesterday morning. Troops surrounded and arrested the demonstrators.

LONDON, Aug. 30.

According to a later message from Constantinople, the report of the demonstrations at Galata was exaggerated. It now appears that the military police observed some soldiers, who had just been relieved, loitering *en route* to their quarters. Their movements were thought suspicious, and the military police summoned additional patrols, which were withdrawn on the facts becoming known.

GEN. BOOTH'S FUNERAL.

Memorable Scene in the Cemetery.

PLAIN AND SIMPLE SERVICE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, Aug. 29.

The scene in the cemetery on the arrival of General Booth's coffin was most memorable. Every space was occupied. The General was interred in a severely plain grave, beside that of his wife, on which beautiful flowers were growing. A platform had been erected, which was covered with wreaths from kings and princes, ambassadors and other highly distinguished persons.

The burial service was simple, there being a hymn and a prayer by the United States representative. The chorus was led by the bands. There were brief addresses by Commander Eva Booth and Commissioners Railton and Cox, who all paid tribute to the work of their departed leader.

General Bramwell Booth's daughter, Catherine, spoke a few last words, and then the new General read the words committing the body to the earth.

THE GENERAL'S WILL.

General Booth's will shows that he left private property valued at £487. He divides among his children property valued at £5,295, representing the sum settled on him years ago by the late Mr. Henry Reed for his private use. It was this sum, which enabled the late General to forego all remuneration from the Army funds.

The will vests all Army property in trusts, and the family of General Bramwell Booth.

MELBOURNE, Aug. 30.

The Salvationists in Melbourne held an imposing procession yesterday, synchronising with that in London.

SYDNEY, Aug. 30.

A memorial service to the late General Booth was held in the Town Hall, and was attended by an enormous gathering.

THE FAUNA OF INDIA.

Press Discussion of Means of Preservation.

LONDON, Aug. 30.

Sir Harry Johnston's letter on the subject of the preservation of the Indian *fauna* has led to a considerable correspondence in the *Times*.

Mr. James Buckland says that the only means of saving the farmer from increasing the hordes of devastating insects is a law prohibiting the sale in England of the illicitly exported plumage of insectivorous birds.

Mr. Reginald Gilbert says that after nearly thirty years' experience of shooting in India, he is convinced that the only way to preserve big game is to prevent native *shikaris* from shooting during the hot weather, when water is scarce and the animals concentrate, wherever they can find any.

CHINA'S ADVISERS.

Frenchman Appointed for Military Affairs.

PARIS, Aug. 30.

The *Journal des Debats* states that General Brissant Desmaillet has been appointed Military Adviser to the Chinese Government.

THE CRETAN PLOT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 30.

The Porte has thanked Great Britain, France and Russia for their prompt prevention of the Cretan raid on Samos.

CO-OPERATIVE CONFERENCE.

Further Proceedings at Poona.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 30.

The Provincial Co-operative Conference, which met to-day in the Council Hall under the presidency of the Hon. Mr. E. Carmichael, continued its discussion of the various papers read by the members.

Mr. R. G. Naik, in his paper on the use of reserve funds of co-operative societies, thought that such funds might usefully be employed in the current business of the society, or in advancing on security of gold and silver ornaments at cheaper rates of interest than those charged in the bazars.

Some speakers were in favour of the investment reserve funds in the Central Bank.

Sir Vithaldas Thackersay, however, did not favour the idea as a director of the Central Bank. The investment of reserve funds in his bank would be very welcome, but the transaction would be unsound. They would invest their reserves at 4 per cent. and borrow from the Bank at 3 per cent. He advised them to use their reserve funds, and only borrow what more was needed from the Central Bank.

Several other speakers dissented from the view of Sir Vithaldass Thackersey on the ground that in times of scarcity, rural societies had no funds to fall back on, if their reserves were already gone in loans. They recommended that societies should be given discretionary power to invest their reserve funds or not, as seemed best to them.

Mr. Ewbank pointed out that in some rural societies bad debts, which from favouritism or other causes might have been left uncollected were frequently represented as Reserve Funds securely invested. He was of the opinion that reserve funds should be placed out of the reach of managers, and kept separate from the working capital.

JAPANESE COAL.

G. I. P. Railway Wire to Purchase.

A CALCUTTA INTERVIEW.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

A Calcutta coal trade authority, interviewed respecting the purchases of Japanese coal, said that he considered that the G. I. P. Railway were well advised to do so, to safeguard themselves against a possible break-down in their coaling arrangements.

He continued:—It is notorious that the G. I. P. are enormously in arrears with their supplies of Bengal coal. I estimate the total at from 150,000 to 200,000 tons. The railway company has notified its contractors to deliver a large quantity in so may days, which of course they will not be able to do. The G.I.P. is by no means the only railway in India, which is anxious about its coal supplies. The E. B. S. Railway, for example, is believed to have only a month's supply in hand, and the busy season is coming on.

Reasons for the shortage of Bengal coal are somewhat complicated; the main reason for shortage at Bombay is excessive freights which are more than double, what they were three months ago. Then there is the wagon shortage.

Over and above these conditions there can be very little doubt that the demand for Bengal coal is overtaking and passing the supply. As to quality of Japanese coal there is some very good coal in Japan, but whether any of it is coming to the G. I. P. is doubted. Japan want their good coal for themselves. I do not regard this incident as in any way a set-back to Bengal coal.

KARACHI IS A PILGRIM PORT

Bombay to Smile at Initial Efforts.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KAKACHI, Aug. 30.

Owing to the Hedjaz steamer, which is expected here shortly, being delayed elsewhere by an outbreak of cholera on board, the Mohamedan pilgrims awaiting embarkation here have lost patience and have proceeded to Bombay.

The *Sind Gazette* remarks:—"It cannot be said that Karachi has made a good start as a pilgrim port. Bombay will smile."

KARACHI, Aug. 30.

Three cases of cholera have been sent to the Infectious Hospital here from the s. s. "Toranto" and two have proved fatal. All the patients were Europeans. Death in one case was very rapid; the man took bad at 2 a. m. and he died about 9 o'clock the same morning. The Health Officer took all the necessary precautions to disinfect the vessel and the effects of the entire crew before allowing her to proceed on her voyage to Hull.

SIND GOODS TRAFFIC.

Liberal Railway Policy at Karachi.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Aug. 30.

With regard to complaints, regarding the slow speed of goods trains, bringing produce into Karachi, the manager of the North-Western Railway has pointed out that although the railway has not suffered this season from a shortage of wagons to any serious extent, it must be borne in mind that the present liberal policy of allowing wagons to stand under load in Karachi for extended periods without incurring demurrage, must ultimately reflect on the supply of wagons upcountry, and more stringent regulations may have to be enforced.

SIND IRRIGATION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, Aug. 30.

Replying to a strong representation of the Karachi Chamber of Commerce on the subject of long delay, in starting the big irrigation projects in Sind, the Government of India state that the Sukkur Barrage and Rohri Canal project is under consideration and is being treated as urgent in all its stages. There are still, however, further matters that require discussion.

HINDU UNIVERSITY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

INDORE, Aug. 30.

Pandit Madanmohun Malaviya arrived here on the 28th from Udaipur, in connection with Hindu University scheme. He addressed a public meeting the same afternoon at the Edward Hall.

INDORE, Aug. 30.

His Highness the Maharaja Holkar has been pleased to order payment to-day of the three lakhs towards His Highness's donation to the Hindu University, the remaining two lakhs to be paid two months later, when the new financial year begins.

Pandit Malaviya addressed a largely attended public meeting last evening at the King Edwards Hall on "Education, secular and religious." His highness the Maharaja Holkar presided.

THE BORSTAL SYSTEM.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, Aug. 30.

The following Press Communique has been issued by the Punjab Government:—

At the instance of Sir Louis Dane, Colonel Braide, Inspector-General of Prisons, Punjab, will make arrangements during the coming winter to secure the services of Indian religious teachers for the juvenile adult Mahomedan, Hindu and Sikh prisoners, undergoing sentences of imprisonment in the Borstal Central Jail, Lahore. It will be interesting to notice how far this attempt to make the religion of the various communities an integral part of the Borstal system will meet with success.

"AMRITA BAZAAR PATRIKA."

Summons to Court for Alleged Contempt.

COMMENT ON CURRENT TRIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

At the Calcutta High Court to-day, before Justices Carnduff and Imam, the Advocate General moved on behalf of the Government of Bihar and Orissa for a rule against the *Amrita Bazaar Patrika*, for the publication of an alleged contempt.

Counsel said that in the case of Emperor *vs.* Rajendra Narain Singh, otherwise known as the "Bhagalpore Bad Livelihood Case," the *Patrika* published an article in respect of affidavits filed, in that case by Messrs. Lyall and Hammond while the matter was *sub judice*.

Mr. Justice Carnduff observed that it was an unusual practice to ask the court to take notice of an alleged contempt.

The Advocate-General pointed out that in the Midnapore Damages Suit, certain papers published comments on the examination of a particular witness, who was then being examined, and Mr. Justice Fletcher issued a rule against those papers and the matter subsequently ended in apologies being published in those papers.

Their lordships issued a rule calling on the editor and printer of the *Amrita Bazaar Patrika* to show cause, why they should not be committed to prison or otherwise dealt with for contempt of court in respect of an article published in that paper in its issue of the 10th instant, regarding the petition of one Rajendra Narain Singh to this court. The rule was made returnable on Tuesday next.

FATAL MOTOR-CYCLE ACCIDENT

One European Killed and Two Injured.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

A motor-cycle accident which resulted in the death of a young European named Phillip Morley, son of a Park Street tailor, occurred at 11 o'clock last night in Strand Road, Calcutta. There is to be a motor-cycle race to Barrackpore on Sunday next, and a party of five went out last night for a practice spin. They went along Strand Road at a good speed and when turning into Napier Road, Mr. Morley swerved to avoid a gharry. His machine collided with the one ridden by Dr. Collis, a local dentist, and both the riders were thrown off their machines. Mr. Morley fell on his head and sustained a fracture of the skull, while Dr. Collis broke his wrist and injured his knees. Two of those riding behind got clear of the smash, but the third, Dr. Winster, another dentist, in swerving, fell off his machine and injured his knees. All the three injured men were taken to hospital where Mr. Morley died at 3 o'clock this morning. Dr. Collis has been detained in hospital, but Dr. Winster was able to go home.

"GAZETTE OF INDIA."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 30.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Sir John Hewett vacates the Lieutenant-Governorship of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh on the afternoon of 15th September, Sir James Meston is appointed to succeed.

Lieut.-Col. Minchin is appointed Additional Judicial Commissioner, N. W. F. Provinces, for the disposal of the appeal of Muaz Khan and Nawab Khan, plaintiff-appellants, versus Gul Mahomed, Peshawar District. The criminal case of G. M. Appalaswami Row versus P. Chowdhuri and others has been transferred from the Deputy Magistrate's Court, Puri, to that of Joint Magistrate, Berhampore.

EDUCATION DEPARTMENT.

Dr. Vogel, Superintendent of Archæology, Northern Circle, is granted one year, six months' leave, Mr. Hargreaves officiates.

Revd. Bush, Senior Chaplain, Bengal-Lahore Establishment, retires from the service.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Dr. A. D. Imms is confirmed as Forest Zoologist, Dehra Dun.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Capt. Holme, R. E., Executive Engineer, Punjab, reverts to military duty.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Capt. R. L. Birdwood is appointed Judicial Assistant to the Consul General for Fars.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. S. Milne is posted as Deputy Accountant-General, Bombay.

COMMERCE DEPARTMENT.

The Liverpool Victoria Insurance Corporation is authorised to carry on life assurance business in accordance with the Assurance Companies Act, 1909. Mr. A. S. Judge, Collector of Customs, is granted one month seven days' leave.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Major Hearn, R. E., is posted as Executive Engineer, N. W. Railway, on the completion of his special duty.

Mr. J. Woodside is appointed Senior Government Inspector of Railway Circle No. 6, Bombay, and Major Muter transferred to E. B. S. Railway.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The following Majors are promoted to be Lieut.-Col:—

Brevet Lieut.-Colonel Sir George Roos Keppel, H. W. R. Senior, 10th Gurkhas Rifles; E. S. Hall, 47th Sikhs; F. W. C. Turner, 20th Horse; E. J. M. Wood, 97th Infantry; W. D. Daunt, 39th Horse; F. L. Vincent, 37th Lancers; H. A. Moore, 36th Sikhs; W. G. Hodgson Cantonment Magistrates Departt.; R. M. Lowis Supernumerary List; A. C. Watson, 11th Rajputs; T. C. M. T. Hogg, 8th Cavalry; B. E. M. Gurdon, Supernumerary List; J. W. B. Merewether, Supernumerary List: W. G. Grey, Supernumerary List.

Lieut. B. Mekenzie, 123rd Rifles, is promoted Captain.

Major General Sir J. R. L. Macdonald has been given a good service pension of £100 per annum vice General Sir A. Taylor deceased.

Capt. G. C. B. Musgrave, 90th Punjabis, resigns the service.

Brevet Colonels C. A. Hamilton and C. S. D. Gordon retire from the service.

Marine Lieut Maundrell and Sub Lieut. Galbraith retire from the service.

MURDER OF A PRIEST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

In connection with the murder of Mohunta Jotindra Bhau of the Sitakunda shrine in Chittagong, a man was arrested and has been detained at present in Alipore Jail. He will be placed before the Magistrate of Sealdah (Calcutta) to-day for identification.

POONA CRICKET WEEK.

Major Greig's Team versus Combined Hindus.

RAIN INTERFERES.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, Aug. 30.

Poona was glorious to-day, when the second and concluding game of the week began, a combined Hindu eleven meeting a team captained by Major J. G. Greig. During the week somewhat gloomy stories were rife here, regarding the composition of the Indian team. We were given to understand, for example, that neither Mehta nor Balu could come up, but happily, on the night before the game it was announced that they would play. Sesachari, the wicket-keeper, however, in the end was unable to accept the invitation to play. Oger Shunker and Erasha were other notable absentees from the Hindu eleven, neither, for some reason, being invited by the Selection Committee.

New players included Maganlall, who batted so consistently for the Jam Sahib's team, Rasker of the Deccan Gymkhana, a sound bat and good bowler, Bhusara of the Poona Young Cricketers, a well-known bat, and Bhatavedekar of the Bombay Hindu Gymkhana, a medium-pace bowler. Mehendale and S. M. Joshi, who played in big cricket a couple of seasons ago also reappeared.

Major Greig was, unfortunate in losing the assistance of Lieut.-Colonel Poore, who suffers from a bad knee. Halliley, too, although he was able to play had not recovered from his knee trouble. Captain T. C. Lucas played in place of Colonel Poore.

The Hindus' first-innings was not a brilliant affair, and had it not been for the sterling performance of Baloo an ignoble collapse must have ensued. Only two other batsman faced the bowling with confidence. Vithal and Mehendale, and the three were responsible for 152 out of the total of 216. A leading feature of the innings was the bowling of Tillard, who accounted for six Hindu wickets at a cost of 40 runs only. Unfortunately Halliley was still unable to bowl. The European fielding was generally excellent, only one real chance being missed. Platt behind the wicket was in remarkable form, some of his stumping work being particularly fine. Rain must be held to have interfered with the game. It fell at intervals before lunch, and twice stopped the game in the Hindus' first innings. It fell again after the innings was over, causing on that occasion considerable delay and somewhat deteriorating the wicket. Major Greig's team only had 40 minutes to bat, and in that time lost a wicket for 37 runs.

HINDU FIRST INNINGS.

The wicket was in splendid condition, and fortune favoured the Hindus in the matter of the toss, which Mehta won. There was a poor crowd present, when the proceedings opened. Mehendale and Vithal opened the Hindu innings at 11-35, Haughton bowling to the former from the Council Hall end. After Mehendale had chopped a single in the slips, Vithal got the same bowler to the boundary. Wilson bowled at the other end. The start was tame in the extreme, the batsmen being cautious almost to a fault, and very keen fielding by the Presidency helped to keep down the scoring. A neat cut to the boundary by Vithal off Haughton raised a faint cheer, and another by the same bats man off Wilson sent 30 to the telegraph after thirty-five minutes of play. With the score at 34, Major Greig made his first change in the bowling, Tillard replacing Wilson, and Vithal marked the change by sending the first ball he received finely to the boundary, and repeated the performance with the fourth ball of the over. This sent 40 on to the board. Mehendale, taking a leaf from his partner's book, scored two boundaries from the first and third balls of Haughton's next over, 50 being signalled as the result of forty minutes' play. Both batsmen were now displaying more confidence and batting freely, a pleasant change indeed from their earlier methods. Vithal, in particular, was forceful, and had scored 35 of the total. In his next over from Tillard, Mehendale cut that bowler to the boundary. At 59, Anderson relieved Haughton and the change achieved its purpose, for after Vithal had hit the new bowler for four, he was clean bowled by a ball that broke in. Vithal included six fours in his innings of 38. Rasker filled the vacancy, the score then being 62, but was bowled by Tillard without an addition to the score.

The Hindu captain then joined Mehendale, and brought the rain with him. Anderson sent down a full pitch to Mehta, who sent it to its proper place, the far boundary sending up 70, and Mehendale at the first ball of the same bowler's next over hit out for four. A boundary from Mr. "Extras" was the production of Tillard's next over. After a spell of slow play, Mehta became more vigorous showing partiality for hard clean driving to the off and hitting both bowlers. But it was Mehendale who sent up the century, driving Tillard for two. The Hindus had taken eighty minutes to make the runs. Mohandala lost his wicket, the next ball of Tillard beating him completely. He had made 59, including four fours.

P. Baloo joined his captain and signalled his advent by hitting Tillard to the boundary; but the Hindus had not yet done with disaster, for before Tillard's over was completed, he got Mehta caught by Rasker, after making 20. Shivram joined his brother who, in Anderson's next over, hit that bowler to the boundary. At 114, Wilson relieved Tillard—who had taken three good wickets for 32 runs—and Cheetham went on for Anderson two runs later. Baloo got a three off the new bowler. Shivram was missed at the wicket off Cheetham, the resulting four sending 120 to the board. The same batsman hit Cheetham to leg for three, and with the addition of a single and extras, 130 was signalled at twenty past one; 140 went up five minutes later through the agency of Baloo who got boundaries off both bowlers. In one over of Cheetham's the brothers each hit a boundary, but Shivram over-tempted by a real slow one gave Platt an opportunity for a clever bit of stumping. The outgoing batsman had made 13.

Five wickets were down for 145 runs, when Joshi joined Baloo. Greig displaced Wilson at the Gymkhana end, Baloo hitting his first delivery to the leg boundary and causing 150 to be signalled, and, again hitting the same bowler, sent 160 up a few minutes later. Haughton took the bowling from Cheetham. At the tiffin adjournment, the score was 160 for five wickets, Baloo being 39 not out.

While tiffin was in progress, rain fell pretty heavily for twelve minutes. Then Baloo and Joshi resumed batting at 3-48, Haughton bowling to Baloo. It did not take long to show the effect of the rain on the wicket, which ran soft. When nine runs had been added, Joshi was caught behind the wicket off Haughton. Immediately afterwards, play was stopped by rain. Play was again resumed at 3-20 and Bhusari joining Baloo sent up 170 with a two off Haughton while Wilson relieved Greig. Runs came very slowly, for with a wicket likely to prove treacherous the batsmen took no risks, treating the bowlers with respect. It was at this point, however, that Baloo reached his 50 and then three byes sent up 180. At 187, Greig again went on in the place of Wilson, Baloo pulling the first ball delivered for three, and a minute later Baloo, who had then made 58, was missed in the country by Wellesley off Haughton. Tillard relieved Greig, Baloo hitting the first ball finely. Baloo now abandoned his slow tactics and hit pretty freely, one expensive over off Haughton sending 200 up. At 4 o'clock, E. Bhusari, who had been fifty minutes making five runs treated all bowling alike, playing patient, and let it he said, monotonous cricket. At 210 another change was tried, Anderson relieving Haughton and marking the termination of Baloo's fine innings, Haughton catching him. He had made his highest score in big cricket in India, his total 75, including eight fours. Maganlal Vyas was the new batsman. The newcomer was soon disposed of being smartly stumped by Platt off Tillard. Divekar followed, but was caught by Haughton off the same bowler before he had scored, the total being 212 for nine wickets. Bhatvadeker was the last to go in, but with the addition of four runs, he was caught by Anderson off Tillard, the innings closing at 4-30. The last three wickets fell for six runs.

Major Greig's team began their innings at 5-20 Greig and Tillard taking the first turn at the wicket. Bhatvadekar opened to Tillard and the start was disastrous, the Somersetshire man falling a victim to a fine left-handed catch by Baloo, before a run was scored. Haughton joined Greig. Mahendele bowled from the Council Hall end, and in his first over Haughton got him finely to the leg boundary. Greig got seven off two balls in Bhatvadeker's next over. Both men played very steadily, and runs were not quickly gained. At 26, Baloo relieved Mahendele and survived an for a catch at the wicket for the first ball, much to the delight of the crowd. Haughton hit Bhatvadekar finely to the leg boundary, sending up 30 in exactly 30 minutes. At 35, Rasker went on at Gymkhana end, and when the score had reached 37, stumps were drawn for the day. Scores:—

HINDUS.

1st Innings.

S. G. Mehendale, b Tillard ...	...	39
P. Vithal, b Anderson ...	...	38
J. M. Rasker, b Tillard ...	...	0
Baloo b Anderson ...	...	75
C. V. Mehta, c Rosher, b Tillard	...	20
P. Shivram, st Platt, b Cheetham	...	13
S. M. Joshi, c Platt, b Haughton	—	8
B. S. Bhusari, not out ...	...	7
Maganlal Vyas, st Platt, b Tillard	...	0
S. K. Divekar, c Haughton, b Tillard	...	0
G. H. Bhatvadeker, c Anderson, b Tillard		3
Extras...	...	13
Total	...	216

MAJOR GREIG'S ELEVEN.

Major J. G. Greig, not out ...	...	20
Capt. E. D. Tillard, c Baloo, b Bhatvadekar ...	...	0
Capt. Haughton, not out ...	...	17
Total...	...	37

Bowling Analysis.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Haughton.....	20	4	56	1
Wilson	15	2	30	0
Tillard	13	3	43	6
Anderson	10	2	33	2
Cheetham.....	5	0	28	1
Greig.....	6	2	16	0

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, Aug. 27.

Fine rain fell last night and the night before, and the quantity registered is over four inches. This brings the total rainfall from the 1st June up-to-date to nearly 16 inches which added to the five inches received from the beginning of the year to the 31st May, total 21 inches, leaving just 11 inches to obtain the annual average.

Six cases of plague occurred last week in the village of Maidchel, a few miles beyond Bolarum, which caused a panic among the villagers, most of whom vacated their houses. A probably imported case was brought to notice in Charles Street, Secunderabad, and it is said that the victim was cremated.

Rumour has it that Nawab Rasool Yar Jung is to succeed the late Moulvie Syed Kuthuddin Mahmood Ali as Paigah Secretary of the estate of late Nawab Sir Kurshid Jah. This gentleman is already attached to this State as an Assistant to Mr. Brian Egerton, the Inspector General of Paigahs. His selection would certainly be a good one. But at the same time two other names are mentioned as probables: These are Mr. Shaparji E. Ghandy and Mr. C. J. dos Santos. The latter have a claim to consideration, Mr. das Santos is a barrister-at-law with a knowledge of Urdu and Persian literature and is believed to be up to the mark in Revenue matters.

In his review of the administration report of H.H. the Nizam's district police, the Home Secretary, among other things, says: The agricultural and economic conditions (except in the Aurungabad and Adilabad districts) were not such as to conduce to a reduction of crime. The total increase under all classes was 760, the largest being in the Warangal, Karimnagar, Gulburga and Mahbubnagar districts which were most affected by drought; the increase in rioting is attributed to agrarian disputes and the delay in the disposal of suits. It is pointed out that much trouble could be avoided by a prompt settlement of land disputes which would prevent parties taking the law into their own hands. The undesirability of delaying murder cases is also emphasied. 53 murder cases were pending at the beginning of the year and 55 at the close. Dilatoriness and paucity of magistrates appear to be at the root of the evil. Dacoities have been on the decrease although Warangal, Gulburga and Karimnagar showed increases. The small percentage of robberies traced is attributed to want of efficient patrolling and to absence of vigilant supervision by the police. It is pointed out that the facilities for poisoning and stealing cattle for their hides, demand and are receiving careful consideration and it is hoped that the law here relating to mischief which is based on that of British India, will soon be amended so as to make offences under that section of the Penal Code cognizable. A summary of the review on the Civil Medical Department will follow later on.

CHOLERA IN CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, Aug. 30.

An outbreak of cholera is reported on the steamer "Baron Polworth," which arrived at Calcutta on Tuesday last from Bombay. Two deaths are reported, and three cases have been removed to hospital.

MR. MEIKLE'S NEW POST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, Aug. 30.

The headquarters of Mr. Meikle, the Government of India Actuary, will be at Simla and Delhi. He will devote a good portion of his time in touring all over the country.

NICHOLSON COMMITTEE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, Aug. 30.

The *Pioneer* says that the report that the Nicholson Committee will advise the disbanding of 27 Indian regiments, and the reduction of the British garrison by six battalions need not be taken seriously. The Committee has not even completed its examination of witnesses, and its recommendations will not be forthcoming for several weeks if not months.

A DOCTOR SUMMONED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

NOWGONG, (ASSAM), Aug. 30.

A chowkidar of the Sarnaguri Inspection Bungalow, Maharam by name, has lodged a complaint before the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong charging Dr. Brancroft, Civil Surgeon of that district, with assault. The Deputy Commissioner has issued summons against the doctor.

THE Manager of the North Western Railway explains that the late-running of the Karachi Mail train was due to a combination of adverse circumstances and has had his careful attention. He expresses the hope that as conditions are now more normal, there will be no further cause of complaint.

LAW INTELLIGENCE.

THE HIGH COURT.

Widow's Claim for Ornaments.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of a suit in which Harakbai, widow of Hirji Assoo, prayed that the defendants Jamnabai, widow of Ranchordas Hirji, and Tejpal Nursey might be ordered to hand over to her ornaments of the value of Rs. 14,000, or in default the second defendant might be ordered to make a full disclosure of the list of ornaments entrusted to him by her late husband, and to deliver the same to her.

The Hon. Mr. Jinnah, with Mr. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Ardashir Hormusji and Dinshaw, appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Jafferbai, with Mr. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Shroff Dinshaw and Dharamsi, appeared for the first defendant, and Mr. Wadia, with Mr. Kanga, instructed by Messrs. Tyebji Dayabhai and Co., appeared for the second defendant.

In this suit the plaintiff stated that her late husband Hirji Assoo died at Bombay on the 6th of November, 1909, possessed of movable and immovable property leaving the plaintiff, his widow, and a son named Ranchordas since deceased. That Hirji executed his last will and testament on the 24th of October, 1908, and appointed the plaintiff and his son Ranchordas as executrix and executor of that will. Ranchordas died intestate on the 19th of October, 1911, leaving his widow, Jamnabai the first defendant. The plaintiff added that her husband had presented her with a large number of valuable pearl and gold ornaments worth Rs. 14,000. He had also various other ornaments of the value of Rs. 6,000.

About eight months before his death, Hirji placed all the above mentioned ornaments in a safe, and handed over a list of the same together with the key of the safe to the second defendant Tejpal with instructions that they should be handed over to the plaintiff on his death, as they belonged to her. Her late husband was associated with Tejpal in business for over twenty years. After her husband's death, her son Ranchordas took possession of the safe and ornaments. The key of the safe and the list of ornaments, however, it is alleged, remained with Tejpal, who managed the estate of his late partner Hirji. In October, 1911, after Ranchordas' death, Jamnabai, his widow, took possession of the estate of her late husband including the ornaments, and claimed them as her property. The plaintiff then called upon Tejpal to hand over the key of the safe and to be present at the opening of the same, but he had refused to do so.

Against this Jamnabai, the first defendant denied being in possession of any safe containing the ornaments claimed. Tejpal, the second defendant, in his statement admitted that about one year before the death of his partner Hirji, he sent for him and requested him to take charge of the safe, which he said contained ornaments presented by him to his wife, the plaintiff. Tejpal added that Hirji informed him that he had a very bad opinion of his daughter-in-law, Jamnabai, the first defendant, and that he was afraid she would deprive Harakbai of her ornaments, and handed him the key of the safe. Tejpal was, however, unwilling to remove the safe to his house, and so he allowed the safe to remain with Ranchordas and obtained from him an acknowledgment, admitting the possession of the ornaments. He denied his liability to produce the ornaments.

Mr. Justice Beaman, in delivering judgment, said that the plaintiff's case was that subsequent to Ranchordas' death some time after the 18th of November, 1910, Jamnabai misappropriated the ornaments. The evidence in this case was virtually the evidence of Tejpal. Harakbai could have no personal knowledge of what took place. Tejpal was deeply in the confidence of Ranchordas and Jamnabai. His lordship criticised the conduct of Tejpal Nursey who was the trusted friend of Hirji and Ranchodas and thought that he was a person who had very little regard for the interest of these persons. Apparently at the time of Ranchordas' death, Tejpal must have been in very great need of money, as his dealings with the power of attorney granted to him to manage the estate of Ranchordas showed and it was probable that he misappropriated the ornaments to meet his own necessities. However, his lordship thought that this may be a mere conjecture.

With regard to the evidence of the four witnesses, the court did not believe a word of what they said with regard to the trust deed, which they wanted Jamnabai to execute as there was no reason for her to do so.

With regard to the relations which existed between the complainant and the other members of the family, the court observed that Harakbai was an old woman devoted to religion. She lived by herself and did not mix with the other members of the family. She had virtually separated from her husband, but there was no satisfactory evidence to show that she had broken off her family ties.

As to the legal liability of Jamnabai the court held that the evidence was shaky, and there was no proof of her having misappropriated the ornaments or converting them to her use. There was nothing in the case made out by the plaintiff to fix the legal liability on Jamnabai.

His lordship said that this case had caused him great anxiety. The court came to the conclusion that the plaintiff had not satisfied the court with the essential conditions necessary to succeed. The court accordingly dismissed the suit as against the first defendant with costs including costs reserved. His lordship observed that the second defendant had the grace not to ask for costs; he was accordingly ordered to bear his own costs.

A POSTAL PEON'S GUILT.

Mr. Justice Batchelor and Mr. Rao disposed of an appeal, presented by one D. R. Shinde, who was convicted and sentenced by Mr. Baker, the Sessions Judge of Satara, to three years' rigorous imprisonment.

Mr. K. H. Kelker appeared for the accused and Mr. Shah, the Government Pleader, appeared for the Crown.

The case for the prosecution was that the accused, a postal peon, misappropriated the amount of a money order of the value of Rs. 20, which he was entrusted with for delivery to one Mangu Sakharam on the 10th of July, 1912. The accused returned the postal coupon to the office with a thumb impression said to be that of the payee, and misappropriated the money. About a month after the parties came to the Post Office and complained that the money order in question had not been delivered.

After an enquiry the accused was charged with having misappropriated the amount of the money order and was sentenced as above.

The court, after hearing arguments, held that the guilt of the accused had been clearly established. The court, however, being of opinion that Virupux may have abetted the accused in the commission of the offence, reduced the sentence to one of two years' rigorous imprisonment.

POLICE COURTS.

Story of a European Girl's Wardrobe.

At the Mazagon Police Court, Mr. Frank Oliveira disposed of a notice calling upon Mr. F. Ghadiali, to show cause why process should not be issued against him for criminal breach of trust in respect of wearing apparel, valued at Rs. 100, belonging to a Miss Vernon.

Mr. Pereira, pleader, appeared for the complainant and the accused appeared in person.

The complainant's case was that she came to Bombay about nine weeks ago and was introduced to the respondent by a girl friend of hers about four weeks ago. After that she gave the respondent four dresses another wearing apparel to be washed at a washing company, and the latter promised to bring them to her after they had been washed. On the morning of the 2nd instant, she asked the respondent to give her her dresses, but he refused to return them till she went to his house.

The respondent, in showing cause, stated that the complainant was engaged by him as his housekeeper. Some of the garments belonged to his wife, and as the complainant took a fancy to them, he had given them to her to wear. He sent the garments to a washing company and was willing to return them.

At the suggestion of his Worship, the respondent wrote an order on the washing company to return the clothes to the complainant, and handed it over to her pleader. This satisfied the complainant and the matter was marked as compounded.

COCAINE PROSECUTION.

Yesterday, at the Esplanade Police Court, Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector O'Brien charged Mahomed Abdulla, a Mahomedan, with possessing 192 grains of cocaine, without a license from the Collector of Bombay.

The complaint was that Excise Inspector Strip on Thursday night raided a house in Bhandari Street and saw the accused throw a box into an adjoining room through a trap door and run away. He was chased and arrested and the box was recovered.

There were two previous convictions against the accused and the magistrate this time fined him Rs. 200 with the option of three months' imprisonment.

TRAMWAY PROSECUTIONS.

Mr. Kenneth Kemp, Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, disposed of a case yesterday in the Esplanade Police Court, wherein Nagarshalal Gajrajlal, a tramway conductor, charged Kirparam Manglu, a passenger, with breach of a by-law and assault.

The complainant alleged that he saw the accused smoking in the car on the night of the 20th July when the monsoon curtains were down. The complainant told him that it was against one of the by-laws to do so, when the accused knocked him down.

The accused admitted having been smoking, but he denied having assaulted the conductor.

The magistrate convicted him of both the charges and fined him Rs. 3 on the first and Rs. 10 on the second charge.

Before the same magistrate Sitaram, a tramway conductor, charged Prathvi Chand, a clerk, with assault.

The complaint was that on the 26th July the accused boarded the complainant's car near the J. J. Hospital and offered a transfer ticket, which showed that he already had had three changes. The conductor pointed this out to him and said that according to the regulations he could not have a fourth change. The accused thereupon struck him on the face with his clenched fist.

The magistrate fined him Rs. 5.

ROBBING POLICE INSPECTORS.

In the Third Presidency Magistrate's court yesterday Inspector Guider charged Kassiram Savalia with the theft of gold rings, broaches, etc. valued Rs. 237 belonging to Deputy Inspector Tapsell and a coat belonging to Deputy Inspector Simms.

It appears that the accused was formerly in the service of Mr. Simms and afterwards was employed as a general servant by Mr. Tapsell. He was missed a few days ago with the property. He was arrested on Tuesday morning and pointed out five different persons to whom he had sold the rings and the other ornaments. They were all melted by those persons and the police could only recover property worth Rs. 60 only.

The accused pleaded guilty and the magistrate sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 180 on the first charge and to six weeks' rigorous imprisonment on the second charge. It was ordered that if the fine were paid Rs. 170 should be paid to Mr. Tapsell as compensation.

THEFT ON BOARDSHIP.

Before the Third Presidency Magistrate Inspector Morris, C. I. D., yesterday charged Domingo De-Costa, a night watchman on board the steamer "Arabia," with the theft of two packs of playing cards, valued at Rs. 3-8, the property of a passenger.

The accused pleaded guilty and said he had been in the company's service for the last seven years.

Mr. Morris, asking for an exemplary punishment, said that recently complaints were received of several thefts having occurred on the steamer. Among the articles stolen were alleged to be revolvers, money, medals, &c., and the accused being a night watchman, deserved no leniency.

The accused was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

DISHONESTY OF A CHAUFFEUR.

Yesterday at the Esplanade Police Court, before the Acting Chief Presidency Magistrate, Mr. F. De Weer, manager of the Indian Motor Taxi Cab Company, charged Dhanjibhoy Framji, a chauffeur, with criminal breach of trust as a servant.

The complainant stated that on the 15th July at 2 a.m. the accused was seen driving a taxi-cab along the Cruickshank Road towards Kalbadevie with the meter locked and the flag up. Mr. De Weer stopped the cab and found nine passengers in it. The meter being locked, it prevented the company knowing the fare earned by the car. This practice had caused a great loss to the company and Mr. De Weer took the accused and the cab to the police station where the officer on duty was satisfied that the meter was locked. Such offences, it was urged for the prosecution, were seldom detected and the chauffeurs misappropriated the earnings.

The accused pleaded that he had fallen asleep and when called upon suddenly to start at 2 a.m. he forgot to put the flag down.

The Magistrate in passing judgment remarked that it was a technical offence, for though there was a rule that the flag must be put down there was no penalty attached to it and the complainant therefore had to come to the court for redress. It was clear case of breach of trust, though it could not be ascertaind what fare was misappropriated. It was the first case of its kind and the accused was fined Rs. 30.

THE BRITISH RED CRESCENT SOCIETY.

	£	s.	d.
Brt. Frd. as per list already published on April last	5,134	13	0
Hajee Ahmed Moolla Dawood, Rangoon (collection)	700	0	0
Do. do. ...	200	0	0
H. H. The Agakhan G. C. S. I., G. C. I. E.	300	0	0
Haji Abdulla Haroon, Sind Red Crescent Society	200	0	0
Do. do. ...	100	0	0
Do. do. ...	100	0	0
Do. do. ...	100	0	0
Moulvi Zafar Alikhan, Editor of "Zamindar" Lahore	200	0	0
Khan Bahadur Abdool Azez Badsha Sahib, Madras (collection) ...	30	13	4
Do. do. ...	43	17	5
Do. do. ...	149	0	0
Do. do. ...	62	8	11
Khwaja Gulam Mohyddin, Amritsar .	95	10	9
Mr. Tyejee Motabhoy, Razak and Hasin Khan, (Hongkong subscription)	84	14	11
Syed Ghulam Hassan, Nairobi ...	53	6	8
Moulvi Md. Insha-Allah Khan, Editor of "Watan" Lahore ...	50	0	0
Do. do. ...	25	0	0
Mrs. M. G. Dixon-Johnson ...	30	0	0
Moulvi Mujibur Rehman Sahib, Editor of "Mussulman" and Mr. A. Rasool Calcutta ...	30	0	0
Mr. M. Mumtaz Ali, through the Editor of "Comrade" Calcutta ...	25	7	7
Mr. A. Rasul and Moulvi Mujibur Rahman, Calcutta	24	0	0
Mr. M. S. Ahsanuddin Ahmed, Calcutta, by performance	20	0	0
Hon. Mrs. Charlton, London ...	20	0	0
Mohammad Hosain, Gurdaspur ...	15	0	0
Islamic Society, London	9	7	3
Earl of Mexbrough	3	3	0
Mr. M. S. Gunzburg	3	3	0
Khan Bahadur Moulvi Mohd Fazl Matin, Patiala...	2	0	0
Do. do. ...	1	0	0
Do. do. ...	1	0	0
Mr. F. H. Landsberg, Germany ...	1	1	0
" R. Donald Bain, Durham ...	1	1	0
" N. Cassel	1	0	0
" F. G. Poole	1	0	0
Mohammad Akbar, Patiala ...	1	0	0
Mr. I. Fathe Mahmad, Patiala ...	1	0	0
A. B. C. through Mr. Reiss ...	0	5	0
Mr. Frank Howship	0	2	6
	£ 7,819	15	4

A. S. M. ANIK,
Hon. Treasurer,

2, Fenchurch Avenue, London E.C. 30th July.

YOUR Oldest Photo makes you look youngest, so does Aubry Sisters' Famous Beautifier, a delightful invention that takes the place of both powder and cream without being shiny like the one or greasy like the other. It makes the skin smooth and velvety giving to the complexion a fresh bloom of perfect health. Guaranteed harmless and invisible.—MADON SONS & Co., The Original Madon's, Crawford Market, Bombay.

"MARRIAGE" IN A HOUSE.

Strange Story of Mock Wedding.

THE narrative of an alleged mock marriage said to have been gone through in a private house by a man who professed to be a minister, in the presence of another who professed to be a solicitor, and the subsequent signing of documents purporting to be marriage certificates which are alleged to have been in fact promissory notes, was told at Lewes police court on August 16.

The alleged offence was novel, and the indictment was based upon an Act of George IV.'s reign. The two defendants, George Alfred Crawley and Lawrence Brisco Graham, were charged on two counts:—

That on July 13, at Seaford, near Newhaven, they "unlawfully, feloniously, knowingly and wilfully did solemnise a marriage between Francis Sydney Mannering and Evangeline Healay (they not being of the Society of Friends, commonly called Quakers, or persons professing the Jewish religion, and such marriage not being by special licence) in a dwelling-house, No. 16, East-street, Seaford, which was not a church or chapel in which marriages might then be solemnised, according to the rites of the Church of England, nor a registered building or office specified in a due notice, or certificate under the Marriage Act, 1836," contrary to the statute.

And also for that they "with intent to defraud or injure Francis Sydney Mannering and Evangeline Healey, unlawfully and knowingly by a certain false pretence did fraudulently cause or induce" those persons "to write their names upon a certain paper in order that the same might be afterwards made or converted into or used, or dealt with as a valuable security, to wit, as a promissory note.

Dr. Crossley and Sir John Bromley heard the case. Mr. Lawson Lewis prosecuted on behalf of the police. The defendant Graham was represented by Mr. E. H. Fuller, solicitor.

Miss Healey, the "bride" in the alleged marriage, a slight, pretty girl, dressed in dove-grey, was accompanied by a lady. Mr. Mannering, her "bridegroom," described himself as a teacher of languages. He is young, tall, has a cultivated accent, and the bearing of an educated man.

Mr. Lewis in his opening statement described the charges as very grave, and under the first count the accused were liable to a term of fourteen years' imprisonment. For some time during June and July Mr. Mannering was staying in a convalescent home at Seaford. There he became acquainted with Miss Healey, a relative of someone in charge of the home (the name was not mentioned in court). As was admitted on all hands, a genuine attachment sprang up between Mr. Mannering and Miss Healey. A little before July 13 Mr. Mannering met the prisoner Graham, spoke of his engagement to a lady, said they were going to the Continent, and expressed a wish to be married in England. Graham said he could arrange that.

Mr. Mannering and Graham (continued Mr. Lewis) put themselves in communication with the Roman Catholic convent at Seaford, but were told that the marriage could only take place there in certain circumstances. They went to the registrar but on hearing what the cost would be of a speedy marriage, they abandoned the idea. Immediately afterwards Graham told Mannering that he had obtained somebody who could solemnise the marriage. "That Graham knew he was embarking on a criminal proceeding," commented Mr. Lewis, "there can be no doubt."

Mr. Mannering was perfectly frank. He said he had no money at all, Graham replied that he himself would pay all the expenses. "That," said Mr. Lewis, "is strange, unless he had some ulterior motive. I suggest that Graham had a very serious object in view.

"On the morning of Saturday, July 13, Mr. Mannering and Miss Healey," said counsel, "met opposite the Seaford post-office, and went into the house No. 16, East-street, where Graham and his wife occupied rooms. The two prisoners were waiting in a room on the ground floor. Graham was introduced to Miss Healey as Mr. Mannering's solicitor. Crawley was introduced as 'the registrar,' but Mr. Mannering at once substituted the word 'minister.' The unfortunate girl, having complete faith in Mr. Mannering, had no reason to disbelieve the statements. Crawley, a Prayer-book in his hand, went through a large part of the marriage service, and at the appropriate moment a ring was placed on the girl's finger. As far as she could believe, a ceremony of marriage had actually taken place. Immediately after the ceremony, Graham produced two papers, and asked for the signatures of Miss Healey and Mr. Mannering to both, leading them to believe that the documents were marriage certificates. The signatures were given.

SEPARATION AFTER CEREMONY.

"Miss Healey's share in the transaction," said Mr. Lewis, "is a cruelly unfortunate one. I am not going to suggest that Mannering is free from blame with regard to his beliefs and what he thought. He will have an opportunity of speaking for himself when he gets into the box. Very, very fortunately in the interests of the unfortunate girl, the couple separated immediately after the ceremony, and therefore the deplorable disaster which would in ordinary circumstances follow upon a mock marriage has been escaped."

Mr. Lewis suggested that, so far from being certificates of marriage, the papers were promissory notes for the payment of money. One had been destroyed, the other was in the hands of Mr. Fuller, Graham's representative (it was produced later in the proceedings). Immediately after the "wedding, Mr. Mannering was in company with the two prisoners, and Graham demanded money with threats. Mr. Mannering had no money. Graham suggested that the girl might have some, or failing that, that they could get possession of her jewels that very day. Probably impelled by nervousness, Mr. Mannering asked Miss Healey for £3. She began to have suspicions. She soon discovered that the whole thing had been a fraud.

Mr. Edgar Henry Fuller, the solicitor who defended Graham, was the first witness. He had been subpœnaed to produce the document signed after the ceremony. He pleaded the privilege attaching to communications between solicitor and client, but his objection was overruled, and the document was produced. It bore a penny bill stamp across which was written in ink "£ 20," The document ran :—

One side :—

I, the undersigned, in view of the expenses incurred by Messrs. Graham and Cameron, promise to pay on demand £20 in settlement thereof on my marriage to Mr. G. Mannering.

Signed (see over).

The other side :—

Seaford, July 13 1912.

Evangeline Mannering.
Francis S. Mannering.

Evidence was given later to the effect that Crawley had been indroduced to Miss Healey as the Rev. Cameron, of New-haven. Mr. Mannering's initial was incorrectly given in the body of the note.

"Graham," said Mr. Fuller, "brought me that paper, and asked me if it was a valid legal document. I informed him it was absolutely worthless. He said 'Then put it on one side,' and that was the whole extent of the interview."

Miss Evangeline Healey was then called. She went to the Seaford Convalescent Home on June 23, and met Mr. Francis Sydney Mannering, who was staying there.

"An attachment sprang up between us. He proposed marriage to me, and we became engaged. We had one or two conversations about getting married, and on Saturday morning, July 13, at 11·45, I met him outside the post-office. We went to a house in East-street, Seaford, and I followed him into a room on the ground floor.

"The two prisoners were there. Mr. Mannering introduced Graham as my solicitor. 'Graham introduced Crawley as the registrar, but Mr. Mannering quickly corrected him by saying minister.'

"I asked Graham if the marriage was perfectly legal, and he replied that it was. The blinds were down. Subsequently I noticed that Crawley had no clerical collar on. Crawley asked me if my name was Evangeline Healey and if I was a free agent, and to both questions I said 'Yes. He then read the Church of England marriage service from a Prayer Book—practically the whole, though some of the prayers were omitted at the end. Mr. Mannering took a ring from his pocket and placed it on my finger.

"At Graham's direction I signed two papers. They were of exactly the same appearance. I understood they were marriage certificates though I saw no writing upon them. (Miss Healey indentified the promissory note as one of the two).

"Later in the day I saw Mr. Mannering again. He gave me a letter which he had himself written to me. It contained a request for £3. I became suspicious. I saw him on Sunday morning again, on Sunday evening and a minute or two on Monday morning. After that I knew that the ceremony was not legal."

Cross-examined by Mr. Fuller, Miss Healey said: "I was willing to marry Mannering secretly. I did not wish any publishing of banns."

Crawley said he had no questions to put. "It would be merely wasting time," he said, "if we are sent to the Assizes, and it has all to be done again."

Mr. Francis Sydney Mannering, a young man with glossy black hair, a slight moustache, and a big brown ulster, then gave evidence. "I was at the convalescent home as a patient," he said. "Miss Healey and I became attached to each other, and I proposed marriage. I first met Graham in the first week of July. I told him of my engagement. In that I was indiscreet, I admit. He spoke of having been with a prominent firm of solicitors in London. I mentioned the proposed visit to Dieppe, and it was suggested tentatively that Mr. and Mrs. Graham should accompany us.

"Graham and I went to the convent at Seaford to make some inquiries about the possibility of the marriage taking place there, but it was not possible also at the register's, but there was an objection on the score of expenses. At a Forester's fete I was introduced by Graham to Crawley, and it was arranged that Crawley should do his part."

"Of what ?" ask Mr. Lewis.

"Of the ceremony," replied witness.

What ceremony was it to be?—A marriage ceremony.

Did you say anything about having no money?—Yes. Graham said he would meet all the expenses. I asked him for a loan, and gave him an I. O. U. for £2. I never had the £2. (Laughter.) I introduced Graham to Miss Healey as my solicitor. He introduced Crawley as registrar. Of course that was ridiculous, so I said "minister" Graham referred to Crawley in Miss Healey's presence as "The Rev. Cameron, of Newhaven.

The Chairman : Was Crawley first introduced to you as "the Rev. Cameron?—On do, sir. As Crawley.

Continuing, Mr. Mannering said he would not have signed the papers had he known they were promissory notes. "At three o'clock the same afternoon I saw the prisoners in the parlour of the Wellington Hotel. Graham raised his voice very much insisted on having money and abused me. He said that if I did not let him have some money he would march up to the convalescent home and expose me, also that he would write to my father.

"He said, 'Surely the girl has got some money. At the end I was thoroughly scared, and I wrote a letter to Miss Healey and gave it to her asking for money."

Mr. Lewis : Why did you write it?—I was afraid.

Of whom?—Of Graham exposing me. Next day I told Graham that Miss Healey was very much upset, and that her suspicions were aroused. On Monday I said I intended to tell her the whole affair was bogus. He said it was perhaps just as well. He gave me a note to copy for Miss Healey to sign. It ran :—

July 15.

I, Evangeline Healey, entirely exonerate you and your friends with regard to the proceedings on the 13th.

I refused to copy it, and tore up the note.

That was the end of the examination-in-chief, and the cross-examination was adjourned. Sir John Bromley, after several questions as to date, remarked that the whole alleged conspiracy only occupied three days. The case will be resumed on Monday.

FIVE YEARS WITH THE ESKIMO.

Long-lost European Tribe in the North-West.

The Canadian correspondent of the "Times" writes :—Professor James Mavor, of the University of Toronto, has received very interesting letters from Mr. Vilhjalmur Stefansson, one of the leaders of the Anglo-American Expedition to the Arctic seas, who claims to have discovered a long-lost European tribe in Far Northern Canada. The expedition set out in 1905. The first letter received by Professor Mavor is dated from Shingle Point, April 28, 1906, the last from the Mouth of the Dease River, January 21, 1911.

A FAIR RACE OF ESKIMO.

In the course of a letter dated from Langton Bay, Stefansson writes :—

We have in four years travelled by sled more miles than any other travellers in the Arctic who have tried to live on the country. We have discovered a dense population (as Eskimos go) in districts labelled "uninhabited" in the "Aborigines of Canada" map issued by the Government. We have found a thousand peoples and through them know of another thousand (in Victoria Land), who never saw a white man, a rifle or a sulphur match. We have lived with a group of these people five months and know their speech, habits, and conditions. A point of some interest is our discovery of some people in South-Western Victoria Land who are strikingly non-Eskimo in type—in fact, look more like North-Europeans than Eskimos. Their speech and culture is Eskimo, though I found one or two words that might reasonably be thought to be from old Norse.

The most European-looking group (of which I saw only 17 out of 40), the Haneragmiut opposite Cape Bixley, is not isolated in the sense that there are fair beards and eyebrows in many other groups; and there is hardly a man west of the Coppermine Mouth who is quite as dark in skin, eyebrows, and beard as are the Mackenzie Eskimos, or the Alaskans.

I have heard stories which lead me to believe that one or more survivors of Franklin's expedition lived for some years amongst the Eskimos in Victoria Land; but be that so, it will explain nothing, so far as the South-West Victoria Land physical type is concerned. If you date the origin of the fair type less than a century back and assume that the type springs from the marriage of white men with Eskimo women, then a thousand whites married among the Eskimo would be an insufficient number to produce the condition found. It seems to me that if admixture of white blood is the explanation of the origin of the fair type in Western and South-Western Victoria Land, then the only historical event that can explain it is the disappearance from Greenland between 1412 and the 17th (?) century (Hans Egede's Voyages) of the Icelandic (Scandinavian) colony of 3,000 people.

In the same letter Stefansson says that he and his party discovered that the rivers La Ronciere and MacFarlane are pure creations of the imagination, and that they traced the Horton River, which is larger than the Coppermine, for 400 miles.

THE POSITION OF WOMEN.

In a letter dated from Shingle Point, Arctic Ocean (approximately lat. 69° N. long. 137°. W.,) on April 28, 1906, Stefansson says :—

There seems to be nothing in the nature of a ceremony connected with entering into conjugal relations. There may be, and often is, an understanding between principals, but the essential is that the consent of the parents be obtained and then that of the prospective bride. A negative from any of those three settles it for the time being—otherwise the marital relations are entered into on the day of the agreement, and as simply as if they were being resumed after a short separation among us. The great majority of the marriages seem to be temporary. If they last beyond the year the chances are they will become permanent. For divorces after more than a year are rare—except where women have left native husbands (usually by the husband's consent) to become "wives" of white men. The habit of lending wives is about confined to those who have two wives—and there never were many of these in any village. Three at one time is the greatest number I have heard of, and that was when men, now middle-aged, were boys. Exchange of wives is still practised, but only among close friends . . . The line of division of labour is not always clear. Both sexes row boats and some women hunt deer with the rifle. Both tend fish nets. When there is plenty of time the women both cook and make clothes, but men often cook when the women are otherwise engaged, and often mend their own clothes for a similar reason. I have never seen anything approaching a quarrel between a man and his wife.

MEDICINE AND RELIGION.

In another letter Stefansson says :—

There are two ways of treating diseases or injuries among the Kogmolliks (Herschel Island to Parry). There are :—(1) Blood letting (apparently referred to by some writers as "counter irritation") and (2) magic. Whether the latter is exorcistic in purpose I have not yet learnt. The gashes for blood letting are one and a half or two inches long and skin deep. They are over the real or fancied seat of the disease, or near it, and are cut by the man himself, or any one who is present when the patient decides he wants the cut made; there is, of course, no fee though a second person does the work. Certain men in the community are known as doctors. The statements as to how they become doctors are inconsistent, and so far I have not made up my mind. Their treatment is by songs and dances, with sometimes a sleight-of-hand trick or two, and neither the invalid nor the audience takes any active part. The details are somewhat complicated, and I have seen no performance so far. After the performance the doctor is paid—in the old days the fee went as high as two to three whaling uniaks (big skin boats). If the invalid is poor everybody gives the doctor something—a foxskin, spear, bag of oil, or other things of value. If the man treated dies within the year his wife or children get the fee back—under other conditions the fee is retained.

Of their former religious condition I know little as yet—I merely note their attitude towards Christianity. The Kogmolliks seem to be natural sceptics. The work of the missionary among them seems therefore to be largely destructive. It is easy for him to persuade them that fish are not annually created by a woman of the deep sea, and that songs and dances cannot cure serious diseases or work any tangible results. But when he broaches the Genesis story of Creation and urges the efficacy of prayer he has less success. There are said to be but two converts here, after all the efforts of two Bishops and an energetic missionary for many years. But while they take little interest in the missionary's religious teachings, it is different with his secular instruction. There has been maintained at Herschel Island a school for several winters. This has been attended by men and boys of almost all ages, and a surprisingly large number can read and write a little.

THE WEATHER.

Storm Moves up from Chota Nagpur.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUG. 30.

The storm moved from Chota Nagpur into the district round Cawnpore, and has caused moderately heavy rain to the south of its track. It is likely to move again in a north-westerly direction into the East Punjab.

The rainfall has been nearly general in the West Coast, the northern half of the Central Provinces, Central India, Bihar and Orissa, Lower Burma; fairly general in Mysore, Gujarat, Rajputana, and Bengal; and local in the United Provinces, Assam and Upper Burma.

Principal amounts:—Mercara 1 1-2; Pendra, two; Pachmarhi and Sutna one; Neemuch, two; Surat, 1 1-2; Silchar, Mandalay, Kyaukpyu and Victoria Point, one; Akyab and Diamond Island, 1 1-2; Moulmein, Tavoy, and Port Blair, two; and Mergui, three.

Forecast :—The rainfall is likely to increase in North-East Rajputana, the north-west of the United Provinces, to extend over East Punjab, to diminish in the south-east of the United Provinces, the north-east of Central Provinces and in Bihar and Orissa.

Arabian Sea :—The mail steamer from Aden reports normal monsoon in centre and weak monsoon in east of the Arabian Sea.

AT SEA.

The P. and O.Co's mail steamer "Salsette," Captain H. G. H. Levellin, R. N. R., which arrived in harbour yesterday from Aden reports having experienced light monsoon, moderate sea and occasional cloudy weather.

RAINFALL STATISTICS.
IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In Cts	Esplanade In Cts	Fort In Cts	Colaba In Cts
Previously registered	48·75	49·40	49·51	45·20
Friday, 30th August.	0·03	0·04	0·06	0.26
Total	48·78	49·44	49·57	45·46
Same date last year.........	48·42	50·94	51·01	41·58

KEMP & CO., LD., CUMBALLA HILL, AUG. 30.
Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1910.	Corpdg. Total 1911.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.
Cumballa Hill...	0·01	45·83	56·39	43·12

BOOT FACTORY AT SION.
Registered Rainfall.

24 hours ending 8 a. m. of the 30th Aug.		Total up-to-date.	
In.	cts.	Ins.	cts.
0·0	00	53	61

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.
KOTAH DIVISION.

Weekly return of rainfall commencing from 8-30 a.m. Saturday the 17th August to 8-30 a.m. Saturday the 24th August 1912 :—

	In.	cts.		In.	cts.
Bandra	50	76	Bulsar	72	82
Panjoo	50	34	Nausari	57	87
Vaiturai	70	46	Bardoli	58	58
Alot	20	33	Nandarbar	19	98
Pachpahar	17	62	Nardana	12	36
Kotah	16	28	Surat	47	69
Indergarh	22	93	Kim	38	48
Ganjapur City ...	20	70	Kosumba	32	92
Hindaun City ...	21	49½	Rajpardi	37	65
Bayena	19	41	Broach	46	78
Bharatpur	17	52	Mulsar	39	17
Palghar	65	12	Dabhoi	39	73
Gholwad	68	25	Baroda	44	21
Daman	72	54			

AHMEDABAD DIVISION.

	In.	cts.		In.	cts
Mahmadabad	27	45	Limkheda	34	46
Ahmedabad	34	37	Dohad	20	5
Viramgam	22	90	Amerghar	31	17
Patri	21	40	Rutlam	19	21
Sevorlia	25	90	Nagda	19	70
Godhra	31	81			

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Friday, the 30th August, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are clear in the north and the south-west Punjab and lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity is in defect at most stations. Maximum temperature is in excess in the north and the south-west Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen, in the extreme western and southern districts; Agra has had 0·45." Jhanshi 0·48" and Allahabad 3·05." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The usual amount of moisture is present in the air. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Fairly general but light rain has fallen in the eastern districts of Rajputana; Ajmer has had 0·17" and Jaipur 0·11." Skies are moderately clouded. Humidity is in excess and maximum temperature in defect at Kotah.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Nearly general rain has fallen in west Central India, Gujarat and the eastern half of Kathiawar; Neemuch has had 1·82," Indore 0·65," Deesa 0·16," Surat 1·27," Bhavnagar Para 1·62," Rajkot 0·97" and Veraval 0·11." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is in excess in the area of rainfall. Maximum temperature is in defect except at the coast stations and Bhuj.

The Central Provinces.—Nearly general rain has fallen in the north-eastern districts and local rain in Berar; Saugor has had 0·76," Jubbulpore 0·67," Hoshangabad 0·38" and Amraoti 0·10." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity is normal. Maximum temperature is in defect at some stations.

The Konkan.—Nearly general rain has fallen; Bombay has had 0.26", Ratnagiri 0·24" and Mormugao 0·19." Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. The air contains the usual amount of moisture. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Belgaum records 0·10" of rain. Skies are lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity is normal or in slight defect. Maximum temperature is in defect at Hyderabad and Aurangabad.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been nearly general on the west coast of the Peninsula and in south Gujarat, the eastern half of Kathiawar, west Central India, the north-east Central Provinces and the extreme western and southern districts of the United Provinces. Light local rain has fallen in Rajputana, north Gujarat, Berar and the south Bombay Deccan. The storm from the Bay of Bengal that was reported yesterday to be over Chhota Nagpur appears to have moved to the neighbourhood of Allahabad.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula and in the United and the north-east Central Provinces, west Central India, Gujarat and the eastern half of the Kathiawar; and local rain over the rest of the Central Provinces and in east Rajputana. Some showers are possible in the south-east Punjab and the south Bombay Deccan.

P. and O. Mail Steamer Report.—S.S. "Salsette" which left Aden on the evening of the 25th instant experienced till longitude 49 1-2° E. Light variable airs and clear weather; till longitude 65° E. moderate or fresh south-westerly or south-south-westerly wind, moderate sea swell with overcast or cloudy skies from longitude 59° E. till arrival this morning generally gentle south-westerly or west-south-westerly wind moderate sea and swell with cloudy or overcast skies. Winds have weakened in the western half of the Arabian Sea also and are now below normal in strength over the whole Arabian Sea.

Appended is Friday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (29th)	93·3	80·0	...	...
Jask	92·3	81·8	...	...
Muskat (29th)	88·3	82·1	...	0·26
Multan	102·3	84·5	...	4·48
Rawalpindi	95·4	77·9	...	13·41
Lahore	99·9	80·7	...	10·29
Sirsa	96·8	81·0	...	8·52
Ambala	96·5	79·4	...	19·84
Delhi	92·5	78·3	0·02	17·89
Agra	92·0	78·0	0·45	15·00
Mainpuri	90·8	78·6	0·06	24·90
Jhansi	88·5	76·5	0·48	24·17
Cawnpore	90·2	78·9	0·09	24·24
Allahabad	85·6	76·0	3·05	20·93
Jacobabad	...	...	...	...
Karachi	86·5	77·5	...	3·15
Ajmer	86·6	76·2	0·17	11·73
Jaipur	89·2	76·1	0·11	26·18
Kotah	86·6	76·6	...	21·98
Bhuj	91·0	76·5	0·02	19·94
Dwarka	86·3	79·2	0·01	21·88
Veraval	81·6	77·3	0·11	26·49
Rajkot	82·6	74·3	0·97	27·24
Bhavnagar Para	80·0	75·0	1·62	37·87
Surat	80·4	74·1	1·27	49·33
Ahmedabad	79·6	74·7	0·05	36·66
Deesa	87·8	75·4	0·16	15·41
Neemuch	80·9	73·0	1·82	21·36
Indore	77·1	70·1	0·65	24·79
Jubbulpore	85·8	73·3	0·67	28·84
Saugor	78·8	72·5	0·76	26·44
Hoshangabad	83·1	71·9	0·38	32·10
Khandwa	81·2	73·6	0·06	13·01
Akola	80·2	72·6	0·09	17·29
Amraoti	78·8	72·3	0·10	17·11
Nagpur	82·6	75·3	...	41·86
Chanda	83·0	75·0	0·02	35·83
Raipur	83·7	75·6	...	35·89
BOMBAY	84·5	77·4	0·26	45·46
Ratnagiri	84·8	73·9	0·24	82·58
Mormugao	85·5	75·2	0·19	85·63
Karwar	82·7	74·0	0·09	90·63
Malegaon	85·4	72·1	...	10·97
Ahmednagar	85·1	67·0	...	6·79
Poona	83·5	68·3	...	12·43
Sholapur	91·3	70·1	...	9·16
Bijapur	88·7	68·3	...	5·71
Belgaum	75·8	66·0	0·10	58·18
Aurangabad	80·4	67·7	...	14·20
Nizamabad (Indur)	86·9	72·2	...	27·41
Hyderabad	82·3	71·2	...	15·24
Mangalore	83·8	74·8	0·71	119·28
Calicut	82·3	74·1	0·66	105·72
Cochin	84·7	73·7	0·53	88·50
Colombo	87·0	77·0	...	26·55
Masulipatam	89·3	79·2	...	?
Bellary	91·0	72·8	0·04	6·62
Cuddapah	95·7	77·1	...	7·07
Madras	96·0	79·0	...	[illegible]
Bangalore	79·8	64·8	...	13·77
Coimbatore	87·4	69·8	...	4·59
Trichinopoly	97·1	76·3	...	5·06
Negapatam	93·7	78·7	...	4·15

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the Barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32 F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) 30th August, was 29·724 inches. The height of observatory barometer csitern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 12 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 7 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mericurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of the gauge, be different from 47 feet, it will be read higher or lower by 6 inches for 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.—Broad Gauge System.
Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 17th Aug. on 915·61 miles open :—

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week.........	1,90,000	2,60,000	4,000	4,54,000
Or per mile of Railway.........	201	275	4	480
For previous 6 weeks of half year	10,76,000	18,99,000	24,000	29,99,000
Total for 7 weeks	12,66,000	21,59,000	28,000	34,53,000
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,71,920	2,68,255	3,125	4,43,300
Per mile of Ry...	182	284	3	469
Total to corresponding date...	11,71,579	18,87, 98	24,151	[illegible]0,83,668

Increase for the week ....Rs. 10,700
Do. to date .... „ 3,69,332

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement Traffic of earnings for week ending 17th Aug. 1912.

	Miles Open.	Total for the period.	Earnings for previous week	Total to date.
Approximate eargs for week ending 17th Aug. 1912				
G. I. P. Ry......	2791·68	1109100	6927400	8036500
A.-D.-C. Ry......	125·90	44200	228300	272500
Baran Kotah Ry.	40·29	4900	23500	28400
Total...	2957·87	1158200	7179200	8337400
Earnings for corresp. 7 days ending 17th Aug. 1911				
G. I. P. Ry......	2791·68	956784	6075314	7032098
A.-D.-C. Ry. ...	125·66	40470	204761	245231
B.-K. By.........	40·29	3126	16398	19524
Total...	2957·63	1000380	6296473	7296853
Inc. or Dec. G.I.P.R.	......	+152310	+852086	+ 1004402
Inc. or Dec. A.D.C.R.	+ 0·24	+ 373	+ 23539	+ 27269
Inc. or Dec. Baran-Kotah R.	......	+ 1774	+ 7102	+ 8876

THE STEALTHY APPROACH OF KIDNEY DISEASE.

No disease is more stealthy in its approach than kidney disease. That is why it is so dangerous; it may become deep seated before the danger is realised.

Therefore it is of great importance to recognise the warning symptoms, because in its early stage kidney disease is easily curable.



"EVERY PICTURE TELLS A STORY."

Pain in the back is a sign of kidney trouble. So are gravel, sediment in the water, and other urinary disorders, headches, languor, puffy eyes. These are well-known symptoms of kidney trouble.

As the kidney grow worse serious disorders set in, such as rheumatism, dropsy, sciatica, stone, etc.

These disorders arise from the urinous poisons in the blood, which weak kidneys are unable to take out. The impurities stay in the system so long as the kidneys are unable to filter them out.

If you would be well you must keep your kidneys well. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills act quickly and directly upon the kidneys and bladder, helping them to flush out the body's waste and impurities. This medicine is solely for the kidneys and bladder.

"One day I was taken with such a stabbing pain in my back that I fell helpless to the ground," says Mrs. E. Riley, of 147, Parchmore Road, Thornton Heath, Surrey, England.

I could not move, and friends had to help me home. The doctor said I had sciatica and lumbago. I had to keep to bed for five weeks, unable to move without assistance.

"Now, however, I am perfectly well, thanks to my using Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. They soon did me good, gradually removing every trace of the sciatica and lumbago. (Signed) Emma Riley."

Over a year later, Mrs. Riley said :—"I am still keeping well; my health is due to Doan's Pills."

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CURRENT INDIAN NEWS.

The Current "Bombay Government Gazette" contains an amended list of rules for the civil station of Rajkot.

It has been decided that chicken pox and mumps shall be deemed infectious diseases for the purposes of the Indian Railways Act.

Sir A. F. G. Law, Chief Judicial Commissioner, Federated Malay States, has retired after thirty-two years, Colonial service.

There is not a bed vacant in Calcutta General Hospital, the hospital being full of fever cases, typhoid, enteric and dengue.

A consignment of animals from Europe, including a pair of pumas, "Tasmanian devils" and several kinds of reptiles and has arrived for the Calcutta Zoo.

Before the barrage across the Indus at Sakkur is begun expert opinion is to be obtained regarding the probable effect of this work on the current of the river in the matter of floods.

The pamphlet entitled "Maharashtra-Git, Bhag 1a" (i.e., Songs of Maharashtra, Part 1st), First Edition, written in Marathi and printed at Poona has been proscribed.

The exemption under the Arms Act granted to Nawab Fateh Muhammad Khan walad Nawab Haji Muhammad Khan Lagbari of the Hyderabad District, Sind, has been withdrawn.

There is a formidable list of cases pending on the original side of the Burma Chief Court, excluding the nine cases still left to be heard at the session, there are close on six hundred suits for disposal.

The conferences in Calcutta in connection with the amalgamation of Posts and Telegraphs having concluded, the heads of the departments who attended them are returning home.

The Government of India have issued instructions for testing of spirits in Custom Houses. These instructions will come into force from 1st January, 1913.

The foundation-stone of the Edward Memorial, called the Edward Sarai, will be laid by His Excellency the Viceroy during his forthcoming visit to Ajmer. He will receive an address from the Municipality when there.

During the week ending Tuesday the 22nd Aug. last, 1912, 3.885 chests or Indore opium, and 17 1-2 chests of Ahmedabad opium were imported into Bombay. The removals from the Bombay warehouse during the same period for export to China by the s. s. "Devanha" were 615 chests of opium.

The Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa has declared the Asoka column at Lauriya in thana Chhikrspore, the lines of Vedic burial mounds near the Asoka column at Nandangarh at Lauriya, the ruined fortress at Nandangarh, the Asoka column at Rampurwa, and the ruined fortress at Janlisgarh to be "protected" monuments.

The Rev. John Wear Burton (author of "The Fiji of To-day") during a three months' tour in India had many interesting experiences which he records in a new volume announced for immediate publication by Mr. Elliot Stock. The books which contains thirty-two illustrations, most of them from photographs taken by the author is entitled "Snapshots in India."

The "Midnapur Hitaishi" reports the wonderful bow-and-arrow achievements of a Madrasi gentleman of Midnapur: "By means of an arrow he can cause to come up to him a two-anna piece placed on the eyelashes of a bystander. He can shoot at such small marks as those made by scandal or lime on the cheeks of any person without even as much as watching him." William Tell was nothing to this.

The "Bombay Government Gazette" contains a copy of the short Government of India Bill to extend the Indians Estradition Act. Doubts have been expressed hitherto, whether under the Act there is provision for the execution of warrants issued by political agents in Presidency towns. In order to remove this doubt and make definite provision. The Bill therefore empowers Chief Presidency Magistrates to execute warrants in Presidency Towns.

Primary education has been made free in Jhind State and several girls' schools have been opened H. H. the Maharajah has recently shown his interests in social reform, it is said, by issuing a circular that the number of persons who join a marriage party shall not exceed 50. Breach of the rule will be punished by a fine of Rs. 10 for every individual exceeding the prescribed number. This is one of the reforms undertaken by the Rajaputra Hitakarini Sabha.

The Arms Act, says the "Englishman" has been so rigidly enforced that the agriculturists in some of the outlying districts of Bengal are crying out for the necessary means of protection against wild beasts. In Kadamwala, for instance, the cotton, sugar and mukka crops, the seeds for which were taken on loan, are being ruined by wild beasts, and the inhabitants of the district do not possess a single rifle amongst them. Who shall say, the police are not thorough!

Not a few English celebrities of the present day were born in India. Mr. Eden Phillpotts, to be one of our foremost novelists, was born at Mount Abu and had he remained in India, he might have immortalised Rajputana instead of Dartmoor. Mr. W. L. Courtney, Editor of the "Fortnightly Review" was born at Poona; Mr. L. S. Amery, M. P., formerly of the "Times" is the son of a Forest officer, and was born at Gorakpur; and Mr. Bernard Shaw, the artist, is the son of a former Registrar of the Madras High Court.

The news of the appointment of Sir Hugh Clifford to the Governorship of the Gold Coast will the "Times of Ceylon" thinks, be generally received in Ceylon with unfeigned regret. "The pleasure naturally felt at the Colonial Secretary's promotion to a position of unsolicited honour and importance will be clouded by the knowledge that a place of still greater distinction in the Colonial Service is about to become vacant which there is no one better qualified than he to fill. There were peculiar circumstances which had given rise to the hope that the Secretary of State might be persuaded, in the case of Ceylon, to set aside the tradition that an official in a Colony should not climb directly to the Governorship of the same Colony without being sent to another field of labour, for the purpose, presumably, of freshening and broadening his outlook. This was perhaps, expecting too much, and indeed there is every sign that the Colonial Office are more attached than ever to this idea, as is indicated by their defence of the appointment of Governors from outside the ranks of the Civil Service."

We take the following from the "Naba Banga":—An appalling case of snake-bite is reported to have occurred at the house of a Mahomedan of Dhanna, in the District of Tipperah. The wife of the Mahomedan asked her eldest daughter to take some rice for cooking from inside an earthenware. As soon as the girl put her hand in it, a snake, which was inside, bit her in the wrist. She could not make out what it was, but forth with lay herself stretched on a mat, never to rise again. The younger daughter was next asked by her mother to carry out her order, but unfortunately she, too, met with the same fate and lay herself down beside her sister, Now it was the turn of the mother herself to come forward. She came in, and the sight of the girls, who were then fast asleep, made her enraged, and she herself put her hand into the same pot, and surely enough met with exactly the same fate. At about 1 o'clock at noon the owner of the house came back from outside to see his wife and daughters sleeping. He got irritated and himself approached the pot when a hissing sound was heared which clearly indicated the presence of a serpent in it. As soon as he pressed it, it dropped and immediately a huge snake came out. He then went to his wife to tell her what had happened, but only to see that they were no more. He is now the only survivor in his house.

INDIAN CROP REPORTS.

BENGAL COTTON.

The first forecast of the cotton crop of Bengal, 1912-13. Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1910-11, the area under cotton crop in Bengal represents some 0·3 per cent of the total area under cotton in India.

Explanatory.—Cotton crop is cultivated only in the districts of Bankura, Midnapore, Chittagong Hill-Tracts and in the State of Hill Tippera. This report deals with the area sown and the prospects of the early crop and gives a brief summary of the progress of the sowings of the late crop.

Character of the season.—The early crop is chiefly grown in the district of the Chittagong Hill-Tracts and in the State of Hill Tippera. In the districts of Bankura and Midnapore the areas under the crop are very limited. The weather conditions have been favourable; but owing to scarcity in Hill Tippera and in the Chitagong Hill-tracts the area cultivated is considerably less this year. The late crop is cultivated only in the districts of Bankura and Midnapore. Fair progress has been made in sowings in Midnapore. In Bankura sowings have not commenced as yet. The condition of the standing crop is reported to be fair on the whole.

Area sown.—The area sown with early cotton is reported to be 49,250 acres against 60,900 acres last year. Up-to-date 480 acres have been sown with the late cotton crop. The area under the crop last year was 1,800 acres.

BENGAL TIL.

The final forecast of the early variety of til in 1912 in the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions. Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1910-11, the area under til in Bengal represents some 5·9 per cent. of the total area under til in British India.

Character of the season.—This forecest only deals with the districts of the Presidency and Burdwan Divisions. The crop is most important in Midnapore, where it covers about half the total area under the crop in these divisions. In Marshidabad, Jessore and Bankura the weather conditions were not favourable at the beginning of the season, but subsequently the prospects improved. The crop is reported to be fairly good on the whole.

Area sown.—The total area sown with the crop is estimated at 23,000 acres against 25,400 acres of last year.

Outturn.—According to the estimates of the District Officers the outturn of the crop for the Province works out to 86 per cent. of the normal against 73 per cent. of last year.

Accepting 4 1-4 maunds as the normal outturn per acre, the gross yield for the Province works out to 3,100 tons against 2,900 tons last year.

EASTERN BENGAL TIL.

The forecast of the summer til crop of Eastern Bengal in 1912. Note.—On the average of the five years ending 1910-11 the area under til in Bengal represents some 5·9 per cent. of the total area under til in British India.

Explanatory.—Under the late Eastern Bengal Government orders which are still in force two forecasts are annually published for the til crop in the Eastern Bengal districts. This forecast deals with the til crop grown between the period March-September.

Character of the season.—Scanty rainfall in the beginning of March and subsequent heavy rain affected the growth of the crop. Slight damage was also done to the crop by floods in the Dacca Division.

Acreage.—District Officer's estimates indicate a total sowing of 162,200 acres which is 5 per cent less than last year. The decrease in the area sown is mainly due to want of rain at sowing time and partly to scarcity in the Chittagong Hill-tracts.

Outturn.—The average outturn from District Officers' estimates works out to 79 percent. of the normal against the same estimate last year.

Taking the normal yield per acre to be 4 cwts. the estimated total outturn is 25,600 tons against 27,000 tons last year, or a decrease of about 5 per cent.

BENGAL SUGAR.

The preliminary forecast of the sugarcane crop of Bengal 1912-13.—Note. [On the average of the five years ending 1919-11, the area under sugarcane in Bengal represents some 10·3 per cent, of the total area under sugarcane in British India.]

Character of the season.—The weather conditions have been generally favourable. Planting began in normal time, and the present condition of the crop is reported to be fairly good. Some damage was done to the crop by heavy rain in April in Dinajpur, Tippera, Noakhali and in the districts of the Dacca Division.

Area planted.—The area planted with sugarcane this year is estimated at 221,500 acres against 223,300 acres of last year. The normal area under the crop is reported to be 250,300 acres.

Outturn.—According to the estimates of the district officers the total outturn of the crop for the province works out to 89 per cent. of the normal as against 102 per cent. estimated last year.

SERVICES AT HOME.

INDIA OFFICE.—From Aug. 5 to Aug. 12.
ARRIVALS REPORTED IN LONDON.

Brig-Gen H D Fanshawe C.M.G.	Capt P L Ingpen, Adj, EB Vol R
Maj G A Becher, 8th Cav	Lieut T D Fulton, 26 Punj
Maj W B Powell, 1-7 G R	Lieut H F Hudson, 1 Simla R
Maj W G Liston, I M S	Lieut C M D Enriquez, 21 Punjabis
Capt S A Ruzzak, I M S	Lieut A A H Beamsn, I Lrs
Capt W R Izat, R E	Engineer W H Walters, R I M
Capt H A Murray, 30 Punj	Mr J P Hewett
Capt A R Withers, 16 Cav	Mr J C Arbuthnott, CIE
Capt J Smalley I M S	Mr C H Borthwick
Capt H J Cotton, 99 Inf	Mr A R Knapp
Capt N N G C McVean, I M S	Mr W H Moreland, CIS, CIE
Capt G F Silvester, M W S	Mr A Rodger
Capt S Haughton, I M S	Mr F W Vyall
Capt T H Stewart I M S	Mr J C C MacHutchin
Capt A J M Binny, I Lrs	

EXTENSIONS OF LEAVE.

Col C M Ducat, G S O, 8 mo in all on M C	Nursing Sister Miss F Needham, Q A M N S I, to date of arrival
Lieut-Col G J F Soady, 66 Punj, 7 days	Mr J H Harford, 3 mo M C
Major L M R Dease, S T C, 2 mo	Mr W Courtenay, 3 mo M C
Major R W C Blair, 123 G Rifles, 3 mo M C	Mr S M L Bean, 7 days on M C
Major H S Shaw, 6 G R, 4 mo M C	Mr W D Hirst, 3 mo M C
Capt J D'Oyly, 119 Inf, 4 mo	Mr A C Holmes, 2 mo 17 days
Capt A V Clutterbuck, Essex Regt, to date of arrival	Mr D M Ferguson, 7 days
Capt W L S Meiklejohn, 106 H Prs, 4 days	Mr M C Chatterton, 4 mo 17 days
Lieut M C Baldwin, 21 G R, 4 mo	Mr J G H I Walker, 6 mo M C
Lieut F M G Griffin, 129 Bel, to 8-4-13	Mr A T Vieux, 6 mo M C
Lieut F B W Jacomb, 108 Inf, 2 mo	Mr M F C Smith, 4 mo M C
Lieut C F Nation, R E, 30 days	Mr G A Tweedy, 10 days
	Mr L S Osmaston, 2 mo

PERMITTED TO RETURN.

Lieut-Col C Mactaggart, I M S, CIE	Mr S M L Bean
Maj C B Prall, I M S	Mr G C Hart
Lieut H S Carden, 39th Garh Rifles	Mr W Wilkinson
	Mr O F Lumsden
	Mr C D McCarth

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LIGHTER VEIN.

DUTIFUL NEPHEW.

"It is the duty of everyone to make at least one person happy during the week," said a Sunday-school teacher. "Now, have you done so, Johnny?"

"Yes," said Johnny promptly.

"That's right. What did you do?"

"I went to see my aunt, and she's always happy when I go home!"

HAPPY THOUGHT.

The presence of mind of an impecunious lover was illustrated recently at a bazaar where there was a stall for the sale of watch-charms.

"Oh, George," said the lady, "buy me a charm?"

"Sarah," answered he, "you have too many already."

TOO QUICK FOR HIM.

Jack—"Yes, I had a little balance in the bank, but I got engaged two months ago, and now——"

Tom—"Ah, love makes the world go round.'

"Yes, but I didn't think it would go round so fast as to make me lose my balance."

THE WORM TURNED.

A lady whilst going downstairs to dinner had the misfortune to step slightly on the dress of a lady in front of her. The man on whose arm the former was leaning said aloud rudely, so that the couple in front might hear—

Always getting in the way, like Balaams ass!

Upon which the lady whose gown had been trodden on turning round, replied with a sweet smile—

Pardon me, it was the angel who stood in the way and the ass who spoke.

SHARP BOY.

Teacher—Now, Tommy, can you name something that will not freeze?

Tommy—Yes, ma'am—hot water.

BRAVERY.

A sturdy Glaswegian had been having a dispute with his wife, which resulted in his taking refuge under the bed. As she stood on guard with a good sized stick in her hand, he called lustily from his retreat—

Ye can lamb me and ye may hate me, but ye canna break my manly spirit. I'll na come oot.

NOWS THE TIME.

A youth of about 18 was walking along the promenade leading to the pier, when all of a sudden he slipped and fell into the water and finding he couldn't swim he shouted at the top of his vice, Help, help I can't swim.

An old gentleman standing close by remarked, Now's your time to learn, young fellow.

BLISSFUL DREAMS.

Here is some money, my love, said the husband.

I don't want any, replied the wife.

Come now, darling take this five-pound-note and go out shopping.

Thank you, dearest, but I really don't care to: I would rather stay at home and help the maid.

Then the husband woke.

HER WEDDING INVITATIONS.

At the wedding reception, the young men remarked—Wasn't it annoying the way that baby, cried during the whole ceremony.

It was simply dreadful, replied the prim little maid of honor; and when I get married I'm going to have engraved right in the corner of the invitations, No babies expected.

ENCOURAGING HIM.

Chollie—"I'm doing my best to get ahead, you know."

Dollie—"Well, everybody knows you need one."

UNCERTAIN AGE.

He—"That's a very pretty fan you are carrying."

She—"Do you like it?"

He—"Yes. I think it is handsome."

She—"I've had it ever since I came out."

He—"Well, it has worn well, hasn't it?"

THINK.

I want you sir to correct the statement you made recently that I drink like a fish.

All right. But if you will stop a moment to think, a fish drinks nothing but water, and only what is needs of that.

SILENCE REIGNED.

The boy terror was in evidence again. His parents had invited some friends to dine, among them being his sister's beau who took the incorrigible on his knee. During a lull in the conversation the young hopeful suddenly yelled out. Mr. Brown, in I as heavy as sister. But no one seemed to hear him.

REASSURING.

He was teaching her to play golf. They were getting on splendidly, but they would have got on much more splendidly were it not for the fact that they had a caddie, at last the instructor threw discretion to the winds and imprinted a chaste salute on the fair learner's ruby lips. Then he took a shilling from his pocket and threw it to the unwanted one.

Here my boy he remarked put that in your pocket You can forget this.

The youth pocketed the bribe and a smile spread over his unwashed countenance.

Don't you worry, guv'nor, said he. Why I've forgotten more about that sort of thing than you ever knew.

IN A MINORITY.

At a certain church one man invariably fell asleep during the sermon, and the person determined on a drastic cure. Breaking his discourse, and speaking quietly, so as not to disturb the sleeper the parson said:—

All those who wish to go to heaven stand up.

All stood up except the offending party. Quietly still—Sit down. Then in a loud voice:—

All those who wish to go to the other place stand up.

The sleeper, who had caught the last words, stood up, rubbed his eyes, looked slowly about him, and drawled:—

Well, parson. I don't know what the votin's about, but you and I seem to be in a minority.

BEFORE—AND AFTER.

A silvery summer moon shone sweetly on the like wise silvery sands.

The summer sweethearts sat in silence. She was gazing up at the dim blue vault over them where the little stars twinkled in a million tiny points of flame. He was gazing at her as if he'd like to eat her.

Dearie, what makes the stars shine so dimly tonight she gurgled.

They are outshone by the glorious light of your eyes, my darling, he whispered foolishly, and so they pale their splendor, and—or—and—

He didn't know how to go on, so he kissed her instead. And she was quite satisfied, perfectly content, and glad.

Same moon, same sands, same people only they are married now.

I wonder how many telegraph poles, she murmured thoughtfully, it would take to reach from here to the moon?

He looked at her as if held like to bite her.

One if it was long enough, he snapped, Don't ask such silly questions.

And a solemn silence enwrapped the summer night.

FRIGHTENED HIM.

He was a sewing-machine agent of the most aggressive type. For twenty minutes the lady of the house had been awaiting an opportunity to say she already possessed one. At last he paused. Only long enough, however, to thrust a card into the lady's hand. The bit of pasteboard was certainly a novelty.

My name is Sellum, it read, of the firm of Blang and Company, sewing machine manufacturers, and I intend to prove to you that it is madness to defer purchasing one of our unequalled machines. After long distribution of the machine came the following:—You may plead that you are unable to work a machine. I will remove that objection in 15 minutes, or in three lessons. Will call next Wednesday.

When the agent called again a six-foot men opened the door and blandly remarked—

You're the sewing machine man, I suppose.

Yes; I called last week, and—

Yes I know, interrupted the big man. You don't know me, I suppose? My names Bury and Keepem, undertakers, and I intend to prove to you that it is madness to defer purchasing one of our unequalled coffins.

The agent began to edge away.

You may plead that you are scarcely qualified for a coffin, the big man went on. I will remove that objection in 10 seconds.

But the agent simply flew from the house.

MICHELIN
No Longer
Takes Part
IN RACES.

R. C.

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THE FRENCH MOTOR CAR and ELECTRIC Co., 55 Bentinck St.

MADRAS: ADDITION and Co., Mount Road
SIMPSON and Co., 201 Mount Street.

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DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKET

LONDON, AUG. 29.] [BOMBAY, AUG. 30.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Plus.	Minus.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	75 1-2	1-16	
do. Rentes	92 3-4	un	chgd
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	92 1-2	un	chgd
3 do. Gov. Securities...	64 1-8	un	chgd
Bar Silver in London Spot	28 11-16	1-4	
do. 2 months' hence...	28 9-16	3-16	
Bar Silver in New York ...	62 3-8	5-8	
Exchange on London at Paris...	25·28 1-2	0·1	
do. do. at Berlin...	20 47	1-2	
do. do. New York...	4·87 3-8	un	chgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	4	since	
do. Short London Bills	29th Aug		
3 months' sight...	3 3-4	un	chgd
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	4	1-16	
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4	un	chgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	4 1-2	un	chgd
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	2 1-2	7-8	
do. 7 day Market Loans...	2 1-2	1-2	

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 29-32 unchgd.

Closing Tone of Silver—Indian buying.

Amount paid into the Bank of England about £275,000.

The Bank of England rate of discount is now 4 per cent.

THE BANK OF ENGLAND Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results:—

Total Bullions	...£41,700,000	Inc. £ 800,000
Public Deposits	...£17,200,000	Dec. £ 300,000
Other Deposits	...£45,400,000	Inc. £ 2,500,000
Government Securities	£13,400 000	Unchanged
Other Securities	...£33,400,000	Inc. £1,305,000
Notes and Gold	...£31,000,000	Dec. £ 900,000

The Bank's Reserve is 50 per cent. of the Liabilities.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot — Steady—Increased demand
Futures — Steady.
Manchester — Business poor—Buyers and sellers indifferent
Total Sales ... 6,000 bales
Sold on Speculation and for Export... 500 ,,
Imports ... 1,000 ,,
Mid-Americans ... 6·44+04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 9 11-16—1-16

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.
6·20	6·06	6·03	5·97	5·97
—10	—06	—07	—05	—06

Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar-Apl.	Apr.-May.
5·98	5·99	6·00	6·02
—06	—05	—05	—06

New York 11 a.m., Oct. 10·95 Jan. 10·94.
New York Official Noon call Oct. 10·91 Jan. 10·88
New Orleans 10 a.m. Oct 11·05 Jan. 11·08

NEW YORK— Bales.
Day's Receipts at U. S. Ports ... 17,000
" Receipts at ,, last year ... 24,000
" Exports to Great Britain ... 20,000
" Exports to Continent ... 3,000
" Spot Cotton ... 11·25 unchgd

Futures—Month of Oct 10·77—12
Futures—Month of Jan. 11·90—10
Advanced firm New Orleans market and declined later on Southern selling of futures in the local market.

NEW ORLEANS—
Spot cotton ... 11 1-4—1-8
Futures month of Oct. ... 10·88—05
Futures month of Jan. ... 10·90—05
Tone of Spot Cotton ... Easy.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ... ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... ...
Do. Name of Ports— ......
Wheat White Karachi ... 39 5-8+1-8
Do. Months— ... Aug-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done
Wheat Red Karachi ... ... 39 1-8+1-8
Do Months—Aug-Sept—London—Buyers
Tone—Firmer.

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-61lbs. ...
Do. Month— ...
Barletta Russo 62 1-2 lbs ...
} No Sellers—Firm.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ... ... 40 unchgd
Do Months ...Aug.-Sept.—Value.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawnpore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship. ... 51 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months— ... Aug-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk Nearest—Value
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship ... Nominal
Do. Months— ... .
Do. Name of Ports.— ... .
Brown Cawnpore ... 50 1-2 unchgd
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do Name of Ports—Antwerp—Nearest Value.
Tone—Firm.

LINSEED—

Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship ...63 3-4+1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Buyers.
Tone—Firm.
Linseed Argentine—La Plata ... 58 1-2+1-4
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp.—Value.
Linseed Calcutta ...Yesterday's 51. To-day's 6—1-3
Do. Months—Aug.-Sept.
Do. Name of Ports—London—Done—Firm.

COTTONSEED.—

Bombay Cottonseed Market ... £ 6-16-3+0-1-3
Nov.-Dec.—Hull—Sellers.—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COFFEE—

In New York Fair Rio (No. 7 quality). ... ... 14 1-8 unchgd

RUBBER—

Para Rubber... ... ... 5 1 unchgd
Sept—Done—Steady.

METALS—

Copper Braziers ... £ 90—1-4
Yellow Metal ... d 7-12 unchgd
Standard Copper G M B ... £ 78 15-16—7-16

FREIGHTS—

Coals:—Cardiff to Bombay Canals... 12s 9—Value.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C F India (Double bags) ... 12 9 3-4 d
Do. Months of Shipment...Nov.-Dec.—Sellers
Tone—Steel idle
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ... 12 1 1-2—3-4d
Do Months of Shipments ...Oct-Dec Nominal
Tone—Quiet Neglected
German beet-root 88 p.c. ... 11 2—4d
Months of Shipments ... Sept—Sellers.
9 10 1-4—1d—Oct-Dec—Sellers
Tone—Irregular but closing flat—Old crop Easier
E A B & Similar Crystal C & F India ... 13 11 1-4—1 1-2
Months of Shipments ... Nov.-Dec.—Sellers.
Tone.—Little doing
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ... 11 4 1-2—unchgd. Value
Month of Shipments ... September.
Tone—Quiet
Java-Sugar:—Unchanged—Very Slow demand

BOMBAY MARKETS.

FRIDAY EVENING.] [30TH AUG. 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers.
1 Box Sovs...	Rs. 15,000	London	National Bank
15 Boxes Bulns	11,05,920	do	do
1 Box Sovs...	37,500	do	Chartered Bank
10 Boxes Bulns	6,14,400	do	do
1 Box Bulrs ...	38,400	do	Indian Specie Bank
1 Box Sovs ...	37,500	do	Hongkong Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 28th Aug., 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway...	15	18,913
B. B. and C. I. Railway...	26	31,320

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened firm at 1s. 4d. T. T. 1s. 4 1-32d. on Demand and 1s. 4 1-4d for 3 months' sight Credits. Later on T. T. was available at 1s. 4 1-32d. and there has been a moderate enquiry for Bank remittance. The increase in the Bank of England rate to 4 per cent. and a firm discount market at home has caused steadiness in the Banks buying rates, and the general quotations is 1s. 4 1-4d. for 3 months' sight bills, though 1s. 4 9-32d is asked in some places. There have been few bills offering. Far Eastern rates are steadier.

We quote:—

T. T. on London ...1s. 4d.
Demand Draft ...1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 months' sight ...1s. 4 1-4d.
Do. do forward ...1s. 4 9-32d. 15th Sept
Do. do France ...170 3-4
Do. do Marks ...139
Hongkong 60 days' sight ...148
Shanghai ,, ...201 3-4
Japan ,, ...150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER:—

The market opened at 96 for cash and account and a large business has been done during the settlement to-day in a slightly fluctuating market. At the close we quote as under.

We quote:—
Cash ... ... Rs. 96 0 0
Settlement ... ,, 95 13 0

BULLION:—

A further sharp advance is advised in the London market for Bar Silver, ready being quoted 1-4 up at 28 11-16, and forward 3-16 up at 28 9-16. New York closed 5-8 higher at 62 3-8. The advance in London is reported to be due to Indian buying. The local market opened steady at 72 3-4 for ready and the near settlement and closes 3-16 lower. A moderate business has been done. Bar gold is steady.

We quote:—

English Bar Gold ... ... Rs. 24 0 3
Australian ,, ... ,, 24 0 0
Sovereigns ,, ... ,, 15 0 0
Silver (ex duty)
Ready ... ... ,, 72 9 0
1st Settlement ... ... ,, 72 9 0
2nd Settlement ... ... ,, 72 14 0
Silver (cum duty)
Ready ... ... ,, 81 15 0
1st Settlement ... ... ,, 81 15 0
2nd Settlement ... ... ,, 82 4 0

COUNCIL BILLS:—

At the Weekly Biddings on Wednesday last for 50 lakhs, the Secretary of State again placed the whole amount in Bills at 1s. 4 1-32d. tenderers receiving 37 per cent. The total amount sold during the week ending on Tuesday last was 50·30 lakhs, and for next week the amount to be offered is again 50 lakhs.

The steamer which left London on the 9th August and arrived to-day with the mail of the 16th August brings £130,000 bar gold £370,000 silver and £10,000 Sovereigns, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta ... ...Rs. 43,90,000
Bombay ... ... ,, 2,00,000
Madras ... ... ,, 4,80,000
Total... ... ,, 50,70,000

The steamer which left London on the 16th August and comes with the mail of the 23rd August brings £160,000 bar gold, £70,000 silver and £10,000 gold coin for Bombay, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta ... ...Rs. 41,50,000
Bombay ... ... ,, 4,30,000
Madras ... ... ,, 4,50,000
Total... ... ,, 50,30,000

The steamer which left London on the 23rd August and comes with the mail of the 30th August brings £180,000 bar gold and £550,000 silver for Bombay, and the following Council Bills:—

Calcutta ... ...Rs. 30,20,000
Bombay ... ... ,, 11,70,000
Madras ... ... ,, 8,10,000
Total... ... ,, 50,00,000

The following is the Weekly Statement of the Bank of Bombay, for the last week, as compared with the previous one:—

	Increase. Rs.	Decrease. Rs.
LIABILITIES—		
Public Deposits	28,46,000	......
Other Deposits	47,42,000	......
Sundries	......	9,000
ASSETS—		
Government Securities ...	......	2,23,000
Other Authorized Securities	Unchanged	
Credits on Govt. and other Authorized Securities...	......	2,83,000
Loans on Govt. and other Authorized Securities...	......	6,40,000
Bills Discounted and Purchased	......	8,72,000
Bullion	......	72,000
Balance with other Banks.	......	1,22,000
Sundries	......	21,000
Cash	98,18,000	......

COTTON STATISTICS

	Bales 1911-12.	Bales. 1910-11.	Bales Differences.
Receipts for the week.	7,445	3,690	+ 3,755
Receipts from 1st Oct. to 29th Aug. ...	2,510,731	2,478,132	+ 32,599
Shipments for the week			
Europe ...	Nil	Nil	Nil
China, Japan, Coast Ports ...	3,532	2,224	+ 1,308
Total...	3,532	2,224	+ 1,308
Total Shipments from 1st Oct. to 29th Aug.			
Europe ...	388,429	924,507	—536,078
China ...	36,616	14,510	+ 22,106
Japan ...	849,493	598,252	+251,241
Coast Ports ...	25,176	31,865	— 6,689
Total...	1,299,714	1,569,134	—269,420
Afloat in Harbour—			
Europe ...	5,973	4,510	+ 1,463
China, Japan, Coast Ports ...	Nil	Nil	Nil.

Total exports from Bombay by G. I. P. Railway from 1st October 1911 to 17th August, 1912, 38,023 bales.

Total exports from Bombay, by B. B. & C. I. Railway from 1st Oct. 1911 to 24th August 1912—53,176 bales.

Receipts of various growths of Cotton at Bombay to date compared with the corresponding periods of the previous season:—

....	Total for week.	Total since 1st Oct. 1911.	Total same time last year.
	Bales.	Bales.	Bales.
Khandeish	......	272,934	400,801
Central India... ...	138	161,837	147,521
Barsee and Nagur ...	74	113,106	117,093
Berar	49	538,696	359,614
Central Provinces ...	......	358,311	150,796
Total Oomras ...	261	1,444,884	1,175,825
Dholleras	......	29,260	268,221
Broach	160	142,828	218,511
Compta and Dharwar.	2,844	232,237	253,715
Westerns	3,843	98,737	45,708
Bengals (N.-W. Provinces)	212	126,761	296,534
Bengals. (Rajputana)	188	104,986	136,693
Sind	......	93,714	69,458
Persian	28	4,866	3,093
American	349	220,695a	6,653
Egyptian	......	2,050	2,613
Other sorts	60	9,813	1,193
Total ...	7,445	2,510,731	2,478,132

a Or 177,958 original bales of American Cotton imported since 1st October 1911.

STOCK OF COTTON IN BOMBAY.

	Bales.
Estimated Stock on 1st October, 1911.	300,000
Receipts from 1st October, 1911, to 29th Aug, 1912	2,510,731
	2,810,731
Less Shipments from 1st October, 1911, to 29th Aug, 1912 ...	1,299,714
	1,511,017
Less Afloat	5,973
	1,505,044
Less Estimated mill consumption ...	987,000
	519,044
Less Up-country by rail	91,199
	427,845
Less Estimated destroyed by fire ...	12,000
Stock of Cotton in Bombay in all hands on 30th Aug, 1912 ...	415,845
Difference since last week ...	—17,757

EXPORTS.

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

During the past week we have seen a further decline in the home markets, the weakness having come from the South, which has been selling freely. On the other hand Wall Street has been buying but the demand has been insufficient to maintain prices in face of such heavy selling. In spite of all reports of the lateness of the present crop, receipts have been heavy. The weather continues favourable and the coming Bureau Report is expected to show an average condition of 73 to 75 per cent. All these are bearish factors; and the general opinion (which was bullish when cotton was at 7d.) has completely changed and is now very bearish. In this opinion we are, however, still unable to share. Cotton is now below the level of 6d., and though possibly the bear element may be sufficiently strong to beat prices down another farthing, we do not look for any further material decline. September is a critical month for the crop and deterioration during this month is natural. The recent drop has already discounted the favourable weather, and a bearish Bureau Report. Trade condition are the same as they were a month ago, though they are now kept in the background. To maintain bearish sentiments therefore appears to us unhealthy, and we look for a reaction at no distant date; while any unfavourable crop news during the coming month would cause a higher range of values.

The following are comparison of prices in the Home markets as shown by the telegrams received here last Friday morning and to-day:—

	Last week.	This week.	Differences.
New York—			
Futures Oct. ...	11·23	10·77	—·46
,, Jan. ...	11·31	10·90	—·41
Spot ...	11·80	11·25	—·55
New Orleans—			
Futures Oct. ...	11·33	10·88	—·44
,, Jan. ...	11·35	10·90	—·45
Spot ...	11 11-16	11 1-4	— 7-16
Liverpool—			
Futures Aug.-Sept.	6·32	6·20	—·12
,, Sept.-Oct....	6·20	6·06	—·14
Spot ...	6·62	6·44	—·18

The local market has fluctuated during the week, the highest price for good Broach having been Rs. 300, and the lowest Rs. 290. As usual the chief business has been in this description and in fully good Bengal. Declines have been due to selling against straddles of Americans, or to export houses having been sellers. On the withdrawal of such sellers from the market, local speculators have maintained their bullish attitude and succeeded in reinstating prices. Rates are consequently very irregular and are governed by the prevailing influence of the day. Occasionally export houses have shown a disposition to sell fine Khamgaon-Akola January delivery, but business at anything like current bazaar rates is impracticable. To-day the market opens quiet at the lowest price of the week, viz., Rs. 290 for good Broach. Other quotations are more or less nominal.

The enquiry for ready cotton has been very moderate, and prices are fully Rs. 5 lower on the week for nearly all descriptions. Mills have been the chief buyers, and owing to favourable reports of the growing crop, holders have been more disposed to part with their stocks, the decline in the home market also tending to produce an easier feeling. The ready market closes quiet with little business doing.

Crop reports continue satisfactory. The late break has been followed by moderate general rain, which has benefitted the standing crop, and the plants are flourishing and healthy. In parts of the Dhollera districts the rain has been too heavy, and some damage is reported to the crop. In Hubli and Bellary, cotton sowing is making good progress. The outlook generally is very promising.

The market has fluctuated slightly during the day. Japan shippers and an export house have been sellers of good Broach, and a moderate business has been done. Rates close as under.

QUOTATIONS:—

NEW CROP.

Fine M. G. Broach ...	... Rs.	297	March
Good M. G. Broach ...	... Rs.	289 1-2	Mar.
Fine M.G. Wardha-Hingunghat	,,	286	Jan.
Fine M. G. Nagpur ...	,,	283	,,
Fine M.G. Dhamangaon Pulgaon	,,	276	,,
F. M. G. Khamgaon-Akola...	,,	273	,,
Fine M. G. Khandeish	,,	268	,,
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	,,	253	,,
Fine M. G. Bengal ...	,,	254-5	,,
Fine M. G. Bengal	,,	258-9	Dec.
" " "	,,	263-4	Nov.
F. G. H. G. Bengal's	,,	239	Jan.

LIVERPOOL OPENER.—

Opening Tone ... ...Barely Steady.
Estimated Sales 6,000
Total Imports 1,000

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.
6·13 —07	5·99 —07	5·95 —08
Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.
5·90 —07	5·90 —07	5·90 —08
Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-Apr	Apr.-May.
5·91 —08	5·92 —08	5·94 —08

FREIGHTS.

The market has ruled firm during the week and a fair business has been done. The following business is reported:—

ANTWERP.—About 1,750 tons ready loading at 18s. 6d. light seeds, 20s. barley, and 20s. 6d. seeds cotton. Also 1,000 tons for September shipment at 20s. 6d. seeds cotton; and 500 tons for December at 20s.

HAMBURG.—400 tons light seeds at 21s. seeds at 22s. for September.

DUNKIRK.—For September and October 6,500 tons booked at 19s. 6d. light seeds, 20s. 6d. barley, and 21s. seeds cotton.

GENOA-LIVERPOOL.—400 tons ready shipment at 22s. seeds, 22s. 6d. cotton.

HULL.—2,000 tons December loading at 17s. 9d. light seeds. Also 4,000 tons for January at 18s. light seeds; 4,000 tons February at 17s. 9d. light seeds, and 4,000 tons March at 17s. 6d. light seeds.

For April and May 600 tons monthly 17s. 6d. light seeds.

For the New Year 250 tons monthly January to June has been booked for Hull—Antwerp at 18s. light seeds, 20s. seeds cotton. If Dunkirk 6d. more.

The following are rates:—

	September.			
ANTWERP	... 20s.	sds.	20s. 6d.	cotton
DUNKIRK	... 21s.	,,	21s. 6d.	,,
HAMBURG	... 22s.	,,	22s. 6d.	,,
GENOA	... 22s.	,,	22s. 6d.	,,
LIVERPOOL	...22s.	,,	22s. 6d.	,,
TRIESTE-VENICE	... 24s.	,,	25s.	,,
LONDON, HAVRE, MARSEILLES	} Nil.			

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED:—

Fluctuations have occurred in the home markets and the closing tone is firm. In the local market the situation has been governed by the near approach of the September settlement, and the market has given way owing to the expectation of heavy tenders. The future of the market here will depend a good deal on the extent of the taking up of these tenders; and fluctuations are likely, as a considerable amount of contracts are in the hands of shippers.

We quote:—
Ready ... ...Rs. 10 10 0 B.T.
September ... ..., 11 5 0 R.T.
April-May, ..., 10 11 0 ,,

RAPESEED:—

The market has remained quiet but steady during the week, and prices for old crop show little or no change. New Crop rates have fluctuated, but on the whole are rather easier. The market closes steady as under.

We quote:—
Brown Delhi, Ap-May ... Rs. 8 3 6 R.T.
" Cawnpore Ready ... Rs. 8 1 0 B.T.
Yellow " " ... Rs. 9 0 0 ,,

WHEAT:—

The market has been firm in sympathy with the home markets and a fair business has been done in soft kinds. New Crop rates are slightly easier, but the up-country markets still show no signs of giving way to any extent.

We quote:—
White Pissi 85 p. c. ready Rs. 5 6 6 R.T.
White Delhi, September ..., 5 5 0 ,,
White Delhi, Ap-May, 1913 ,, 5 7 6 ,,

POPPYSEED:—

We have little change to report in this market. Prices have kept steady and the enquiry has been small. Stocks are very moderate and dealers are firm holders.

We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 12 8 0 B. T.

GINGELLYSEED:—

The market has kept steady and prices are slightly higher. A small business has been done in New Crop.

We quote:—
Bold White 85 per cent. ,, Rs. 55 0 0
Small White ... ,, ,, 54 0 0
Black Kutni... ... ,, ,, 48 0 0

CASTORSEED:—

The market is steady with a moderate business doing.

We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 39 0 0

COTTONSEED:—

The market continues steady and unchanged with a moderate business doing in Old and New Crop.

We quote:—
Ready ... ...Rs. 26 12 0
Dec-Jan ... ... ,, 24 8 0

GROUNDNUTS:—

This market is also steady with a small business passing.

We quote:—
Bold Jan-Feb. ... Rs. 45 0 0
Small " ... ,, 44 0 0

MOWRASEED:—

Quiet but steady with a moderate enquiry.

We quote:—
Ready ... ... Rs. 7 15 0 B.T.

WEEK'S RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the week ended at 6 p.m., yesterday:—

Cotton	7,445	bales.
Wheat	132,459	cwts.
Linseed	41,528	,,
Rapeseed	11,492	,,
Gingellyseed ...	1,539	,,
Poppyseed ...	2,905	,,
Groundnuts... ...	4,438	,,
Castorseed	15,934	,,
Rice	47,706	,,
Myrabollams.. ...	2,311	,,
Cottonseed	18,982	,,
Mowraseed	20,155	,,
Gram	20,485	,,
Joowar	14,317	,,
Maize	187	,,
Barley	16,441	,,

LOCAL YARNS.

The continued decline in the cotton markets at home has had a very discouraging effect on buyers for China who have withdrawn entirely from the market, and business has consequently been almost impracticable. A few small sales have been made to local speculators but otherwise there has been nothing doing, though rates are easier.

	Bales.
Fortnightly sales at Shanghai...	1,500
Unsold stock at ,, ...	74,000
Uncleared stock ,, ...	25,000

IMPORTS.

PIECE-GOODS.

In spite of the continued decline in the prices of raw cotton the home markets continue steady and little business is practicable. Many buyers are withholding purchases in the hope of getting in at lower rates later on.

GREY GOODS:—The market continues quiet and we have no change to report.

WHITE GOODS:—The demand is slack and the position is unchanged.

PRINTS AND DYED GOODS:—The market continues very quiet, but prices are keeping steady.

TURKEY RED PLAIN GOODS:—The home markets are steady and unchanged. The local market is quiet, but the demand is improving.

TURKEY RED PRINTS:—The home market is firm in spite of the drop in Cotton. Bazaar prices here are consequently very steady. Buyers have withheld purchases in the hope of a further decline.

DHOOTIES:—The Bombay market is quiet, but there is some improvement in the demand. The home market continues steady and unchanged.

METALS.

COPPER AND YELLOW METAL:—The home market shows some advance during the week, but this has no effect here and there is little business doing in the market.

COAL MARKET.

Conditions of the Indian Coal trade remain practically the same as when last reported. The G I P Railway have purchased 55,000 tons of Japanese coal.

Approximate quotations are:—

Powell Duffryn ... ...Rs. 22
Davisons West Hartlay ... ... ,, 19 2
Australian Rhondda ... ... ,, 18 8
Australian Pacific ... ... ,, 18 8
Desherghur ... ... ,, 18 8
Jherriah ... ... ,, 17 8

PETROLEUM.

The following are to-day's quotations for the Burmah Oil Company's productions:—

Ex-Godown Price. Delivery charges extra.

	Rs. a. p.
Keresine Oil "Waterlily" per case of two tins ...	5 8 0
Keresine Oil "Firefly" per case of two tins	4 10 0
Keresine Oil "Chukkar" per two tins ...	4 0 0
Keresine Oil "Chukkar" per 8 gallons ...	3 6 0
Keresine Oil "Victoria" per two tins ...	3 11 0
Keresine Oil "Victoria" per 8 gallons ...	3 1 0
Burmah Wax per pound, 1st quality ...	0 4 0
Burmah Wax per pound 2nd quality ...	0 3 0
Burmah Candles per pound ...	0 4 0

The following are the rates ruling to-day for the undermentioned brands of the Asiatic Petroleum Coy., (India), Ld:—

	Rs. a. p.
Rising Sun Brand Bulk Loose per unit...	3 6 0
Rising Sun Brand New Tins per pair...	4 0 0
Ship Brand Bulk Loose per unit...	......
Ship Brand New Tins per pair ...	......
Bull Brand Bulk Loose per unit ...	3 2 0
Bull Brand New Tins per pair ...	3 12 0
Swan Brand Bulk Loose per unit ...	3 1 0
Swan Brand New Tins per pair ...	3 11 0
Anchor Tins per pair ...	4 2 0
Shell 150 cases per case...	5 4 0
Anchor cases per case ...	4 8 0

The following are to-day's prices for the Standard Oil Company's brands:—

		Rs. Per case.
Snowflake Brand ...150°	American	,, 6 0 2
White Rose Brand..150°	American	,, 5 12 2
Chester Brand ...... 75°	Abel A'can	,, 4 12 2
Devoe's Imp. Brilliant 76°	Abel A'can	,, 4 8 2
Monkey Brand ...125°	American	,, 4 6 2
Tiger Brand ...125°	American	,, 4 8 2
White Camelia Brand in tins ...125°		per 2 tins 4 0 0
Elephant Brand Bulk in tins ...125°		,, 4 0 0
Elephant Brand Bulk without tins125°		8 I gallons. ,, 3 6 0
Camel Brand in tins 125° Firm.		per 2 tins. ,, 4 0 0

SHARES.

The market has continued to keep firm, large transactions passing specially in cotton mill shares.

Bank of Bombay shares are quiet at Rs. 740; Bank of Indias are reported to have changed hands at Rs 64; Indian Specie Bank shares are unchanged at and about Rs. 68 1-2; Bombay Merchants' Bank shares at Rs. 12 1-2 X. D; Credit Bank shares at Rs. 12; Central Bank of India shares at Rs. 32; Eastern Bank shares at Rs. 88.

In press companies, Mofussils are steady at Rs. 890; Indian Cotton Rs. 142 1-2; New Berar's at Rs. 575.

In mill companies, Bombay Cotton have declined to Rs. 382 1-2; Bombay Dyeing have improved to Rs. 800; Bombay United have ruled at and about Rs 545; Century Mill shares are at Rs. 310; Central Indias are steady at Rs 2,220; China's at Rs. 1,020; Colaba Land and Mill Company shares at Rs. 1,618; Coorla's at Rs.740; Crescent's at Rs 105; Karrimbhoy at Rs 1,145; Davids have ruled at and about Rs 500; Emperor Edwards are steady at Rs. 550; Empress have changed hands at Rs 250; Edward Sassoons are steady at Rs 215; Fazulbhoy mill shares are steady at Rs 432 1-2; Framji Petit's at Rs 1,725; Finlay's at Rs 392 1-2; Hindustan mill shares are unchanged at Rs 735; Jamsheds are quiet at Rs 200; Jivraj Balloo mill shares are steady at Rs 430 C D; Kohinoor have ruled at and about Rs 850; Madhavji Dharamsey mill shares are steady at Rs 1,610; Maneckjee Petit's have jumped upto Rs 3,110; Morarji Goculdas have advanced to Rs. 3,300; New Great Easterns are steady at Rs 265; New City of Bombay to Rs.1,160, Phoenix at Rs 128 3-4 Sassoon mill shares at Rs 860; Sassoon Silk mill shares at Rs 470; Standard mill shares at Rs 1,380; Sun mill shares have ruled at and about Rs 130; Swadeshis are steady at Rs 1,675; Textiles have changed hands at Rs. 1,530.

In miscellaneous companies, Badham Piles have changed hands at Rs. 947; Bombay Burma Trading Corporation at Rs.560; Bombay E S and Tramways Company ordinary shares are quiet at Rs 174 1-2; and preference shares have improved to Rs. 185; Bombay Flours have changed hands at Rs. 1,020 C D; Bombay Steam Navigation Company, Limited ordinary shares at Rs 292 1-2 and preference shares at Rs. 295; Central India Mining Company shares are quiet at Rs 38; Port Canning and Land Improvement Company shares are unchanged at Rs 777 1-2; Shivrajpurs are quiet at Rs 23; Tata Iron and Steel Company ordinary shares have improved to Rs 88; Deferred shares to Rs 189 and preference shares are unchanged at Rs 785: Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Company, Limited ordinary shares are quiet at Rs 640; and preference shares at Rs 490; Treachers have changed hands at Rs 460.

In railway companies, Ahmedabad Prantej Co shares have changed hands at Rs 687 1-2; Amritsar Patti's are quiet at Rs 137; Sindh Light Railway shares are steady at Rs 140; Tapty Valley Railway Company shares are unchanged at Rs 543 3-4 X D; Central Provinces have changed hands at Rs 73 1-2. The rest are unchanged at previous quotations.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUG. 30.

Opinions differ as to the condition in the coal market yesterday, some describing the tone as slightly better and others as decidedly easier. The list of published prices appears to confirm the latter views. The chief falls were Aukland eight annas to 8-8, Bhalgorah twelve annas to 4-4, Borrea one and a half to 11-8, Equitable four annas to 27-8, Raniganj six annas to 19-14. A transaction in Bokaro-Ramgur is reported at 10-8 unaltered.

Jute shares ruled very firm.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill:—

Day of Month.		HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.		LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.	Depth on Sill.
		h m	ft. in.		h m	ft. in.
Aug 31	m	0 59	27 0	m	6 47	17 4
		1 11 a	27 6		7 18 a	16 10
Sept. 1	m	1 34	26 10	m	7 16	18 0
		1 39 a	27 1		7 45 a	18 10
2	m	2 13	26 6	m	7 46	18 11
		2 10 a	26 6		8 15 a	16 11
3	m	2 59	26 0	m	8 22	19 11
		2 45 a	25 10		8 55 a	17 2
4	m	3 56	25 5	m	9 14	21 0
		3 27 a	25 1		9 52 a	17 6

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

		Sunrise		Sunset
Aug. ,, 31 (Saturday)	,,	6h 24m	,,	6h 55m
Sept. ,, 1 (Sunday)	,,	6h 24m	,,	6h 54m
,, 2 (Monday)	,,	6h 24m	,,	6h 53m
,, 3 (Tuesday)	,,	6h 24m	,,	6h 53m
,, 4 (Wednesday)	,,	6h 24m	,,	6h 52m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, Sept. 4th, 6h. 43-1m. p.m., New Moon, 11th, 9h. 18-5m. a.m.; First Quarter, 18th, 1h. 24-7m. p. m.; Full Moon, 26th 5h. 4-2m. p.m.

ARE you a Martyr to malaria? Then persevere in taking a dose of SQUIBB'S AGUE SPECIFIC, every morning. It neutralizes the poison in the blood and effects a permanent cure. It tones the heart and the system. Take no substitute, but insist on having Squibb's of all Chemists.—MADON, SONS and Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

MANCHESTER WEEKLY REPORT.

Messrs. James F. Hutton and Co., write from Manchester, on 8th August, the following weekly report:—

Cotton Figures from August 31st last to last Friday	Bales this year.	Bales last year.
Liverpool Stock. All kinds of cotton	790,660	320,310
Liverpool Stock. American cotton	661,040	355,020
American cotton into sight ...	15,342,000	11,770,000
Receipts at American Ports ...	11,802,000	8,496,000
Visible Supply. All kinds of cotton	2,403,000	1,694,000
Visible Supply. American cotton	1,539,290	799,140
Visible Supply. Egyptian cotton	113,000	135,860
Visible Supply. East Indian cotton	136,770	193,040
Visible Supply. Other kinds of cotton	95,050	106,340

The deliveries of American Cotton to the World's Spinners for the week ending the 2nd instant, amounted to 166,000 ba'es, against last year for the corresponding week 118,000 bales.

The American Bureau Report on the condition of the growing Cotton crop for the month ending the 25th ult. was published on the 2nd inst. the figure being 76·5 which compares with 80·4 for the month previous and 89·1 a year ago, and although the condition figure was bullish, it would appear to have been discounted beforehand, as New York Bulls were only able to get a rise of 10 points for Spot out of it on the same day, and since then, that market had declined to 12·75 on the 6th inst., yesterday's price being quoted as above. Liverpool Spot receded 3 points on the 6th inst. the opening day after the Bank Holiday week-end, 25 points further yesterday, to-day's price as above.

The more favourable weather reports in the American Cotton Belt, especially of rains in Texas and other States, where rains were supposed to be badly needed, had a counter-acting effect to the Bullish condition report in the different Cotton Markets, while Spinners have been keeping out of the Cotton Markets, they have no doubt covered themselves for the present they also are influenced by the better prospects of the American crop since the condition report, made up to about a fortnight ago.

The fourth report upon the Egyptian Cotton Crop is fairly satisfactory, the month of July weather and temperature conditions having been quite favourable and water sufficient for inundation—some drawback has to be reckoned upon from the presence of the Cotton worm.

The Monsoon in India for the two previous weeks was very satisfactory, both in quantity and distribution, 11 inches more than last year to the 2nd inst. being recorded at Bombay, so far this week no reports are to hand of an unfavourable kind, while the cables report good sowings, and the last mails brought expressions of satisfaction with the rains, the only anxiety being about the sowing, a further period of prosperity being anticipated from all the chief market centres of India.

From Shanghai the mails to the 18th ult. bring no better news except that a demand was springing up for Szechuen, meanwhile little or no improvement takes place in the general political situation, and manufacturers here who work for the China markets despairing of being able to obtain orders for their regular classes of goods, such as Brocades, Satteens, Italians, etc. have turned to making plain cloths for other markets. Merchants buying for India have availed themselves of this position, and have been further and to a greater extent even, enabled to book orders for fairly early deliveries, through the extensions in the weaving sheds, and new ones started.

Our market at present is in a strong position, being well sold and also well bought, although there are some manufacturers who are not doing so well as those who make for India, the speculative element is less evident in the Raw Cotton Markets, and the drooping Cotton prices are an incentive to users to hold off, while there is probably little short element left. Meanwhile the advances from the 4th ult. have held up a considerable amount of business in yarn and textiles which would have gone through on the basis of 6 1-2d cotton, it appears still the best policy to buy as little as possible, as the decline may further develop.

HIGH COURT—AUG. 31.

(Before the Hon'ble Sir Dinshaw D. Davar.)
Long Causes.

231-08 Edg G N and W Sobhagchand Vassanjee vs Dada Abbor M B Chottia.
666-10 Jam R and D Sadda Purna and Co vs Shiv Narayen Parbhu'al Cap and V
821-12 Man J H and Co Magunlal Ghellabhoy vs Maria widow Mehta and D Mans J H and Co.
188-11 Patell and Piraji Malaji Broker vs V S Late Chit M and K
819-11 Pest R K and Co Mulji Jaitha and Co vs Motilal Kanji Man and T and Dik D and S
595-11 Unwalla and P Hakimji Assijee vs T M Nathebhai S B Mehta
214-12 Mulji K and T Jeyroop Oomaji vs P B Deokar Dustur and Co
371-12 Moti and D Bai Rashidabai vs Abdul Samad Esmail Molem Mehta and D
560-12 M B Chothia Bai Sirinbai vs R S Ghandy Mulla and M
566-12 Manek and N S T Mansuria vs A M S Thaver
299 07 Ard H D and Co Kanavalal Basdeodas vs Shankerdas Shivlal Da h F and D
404-12 Patell and E Dhondi Bhikaji vs Abdul Karim Hassanally Payne and Co
766-10 Ard H D and Co Munshi Mahomed Ali Toongekar vs Ahmed Jamal Chit M andK
992 11 Payne and Co R D Sethna vs Manji Vanmali Cap and V.
143-12 Bick M and R Rookhiaboo vs Sarajally Adamji Noorbhai Payne and Co.
166 12 Payne and Co Rutonsi Cursondas vs The Colaba Press Co Ld Nadirsha and D.
182-12 Tyabji D and Co Morarji Keshowji vs Mehta and D.
684-11 Cap and V M Wadia vs S H Batlivala Payne and Co.
211-12 Patell and E Sakharam Govind vs Gungabai D J Mantri.
201-12 Jeh and S M H Jam Mahomed vs Suleman Joosub Sme B and Co.
219-12 Malvi H M and R Bansilal Amirchand vs Shridham Gopinath in Person.
220 12 Mirza M and M Abdul Rehman Mitha vs D D Kharas in Person.
818-11 Dutash and P Shankar Tulsiram vs Babaji Vithoba Manch and N and Duph and P
436-07 Payne and Co Dayanth Krishnanth vs Dhondnath R Khote and others Jam R D and Co Mat J M Khun L and M Edg G W and Co Manchjand W and Sham M and H
941-11 Mulla and M J R Raja vs V S Lohar and another Sme B and Co,

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman).
Long Causes.

153-12 Craw B and Co, the Bank of Bombay vs Vadilal Chhotulal Maoji and D.
13-12 Jeh Ds B N Watchaghandy vs B C Watchaghandy Edg G W and Co,
23-12 Capt and V Radnabai vs Luxmon Jairam D J Mantri.
27-12 Cap and V Abdul Pasheer Gazi Mahomed vs Haji Ellabux Patell and E,
473-11 Bhai K and G Diwan Bahadur Kasturchand Abhirchand vs Hirji Jaitha and Co Mat J and M.
607-10 Bhai K and G Govindji Kanji vs Padamsey Velji.
93-11 Khem L and M Chunilal Lalchand vs Keshowji Tokersey
569-10 Jeh and S Essaji Mossaji vs Essaji Tajbhoy A d H D and Co Payne and Co, Jam R and D,
1071-11 Crawford B and Co Gulamalli Gulam Hoosein vs Rajeo Bubaji Judah and S.
116-11 Edg G W and Co Bapulal Chunilal vs C D Ballsporia Ragh N and Co.
434-11 Mulla and MS D Mehta vs J H Bamboat Sham M and H.
59-19 Payne and Co Keshavlal Gordhandas vs Narotumdas Gordhandas Mat J and M.
973-11 M B Chothia N B Wagh vs D The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Damodardass Teckersey Payne and Co.
1182-12 Sme Bland Co D P Survey vs D E Bhasker Dubash and P
925-10 Mahh K and Co R D Sethna vs Kullianji Sunjibhai Bhai K and G.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your best by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other cases. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.				
Allahabad Bank Ld	100	100	18 p.c.	361
Alliance Bank of Simla	100	100	14 p.c.	
Ld.	500	500	18 p.c.	283
Bank of Bombay	100	50	6 ,,	1740
Bank of India	500	500	14 ,,	64
Bank of Bengal	500	500	12 ,,	1750
Bank of Madras	100	100	7 ,,	1420
Bank of Rangoon	100	50	7 ,,	109
Bank of Baroda	50	10	5 ,,	67
Credit Bank of India Ld.	25	12½	12 p.c	12
National Bank of India	100	100	9	570
Punjab National Bank	50	30	8	125
People's Bank of India	100	50	7	27½
Specie Bank				68½
The Bombay Merchants Bank Ld.	100	10	6½	12½
Central Bank of India	50	25		32½
EXCHANGE BANK.				
Chartered Bank	£20	£20	15 p.c.	£59
Eastern Bank	£10	£4	4 ,,	88
Mercantile Bank	£25	£12½	7 ,,	£19
Do.	25	12½	7 ,,	18-10
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation Ld	$125	$125	£2	...

Interest at 4 per cent. payable while line under construction. Interest has been paid upto 30th June 1911.

PRESS COMPANIES.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Akbar	750	750	250	4800
Albert (Karachi)	1100	1100	45	825
Bombay Cotton	125	125	15	35
Breul's Cawnpore	200	200	6p.c.	128xd
Broach City	200	200	14	170
Fort	475	475	22½	1230
Godavery Valley	100	100	6	...
Harvey & Sabhapatty	500	500	40	705
Hindustan P. and M.	250	250	15	...
Hingolee	100	100	6p.c.	80
Indian Cotton	125	125	10	140
Jamna Gin. & Pressing Co.	1000	1000	7	700
Khangaum	400	400	9p.c.	800
Mahomedpura Cotton	125	125	7½	...
Mahuva	200	200	nil	150
Mercantile	125	125	nil	21
Manmar Mfg.	250	250	15	290
New East India	1000	1000	75	910
New Mofussil Co.	400	400	60	890
New Berar	500	500	40	575
New Prince of Wales	500	500	30	755
Oomri	100	112	nil	...
Purbhany	100	100	10	...
Sind	400	400	30	650
Surat City	200	200	20	245
Volkart U. P. Co., Ld.	500	500	50	755
Wadhwan G. & P.	150	150	12	N

SPINNING & WEAVING COMPANIES.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Ahmedabad Advanced	500	500	yr. 10	810
Alliance	1000	1000	...	80
Berar Mfg	200	200	...	126
Bombay Cotton Mfg	500	500	40	382½
Bombay Dyeing and M. Co.	250	250	15	800
Bombay United	250	250	Nil	545
Century	100	100	3	310
Central India	500	500	70	2217½
China	1000	1000	...	1025
Chho Silk	500	500	20	440
Colaba Land and Mill	700	700	30	1610
Coronation Mills	500	500	...	500
Connaught	300	300	...	200
Coorla	1000	1000	yr. 20	740
Crescent	100	100	4	105xd
Currimbhoy	1000	1000	...	1160xd
Crown	500	500	20	500
David	250	250	10	497½
Emperor Edward	500	500	10	550
Empress	500	500	...	250
Edward Sassoon Mill	200	200	nil	215
Fazulbhoy	250	250	...	432½xd
Framji Petit	1000	1000	25	1750
Finlay Mills	250	250	10	395
Golu Mohur	500	500	yr. 20	430
Hindustan	1000	1000	25	735
Howard and Bullough	500	500	15	490
Hyderabad	1000	1000	40	1200
Imperial Cotton	500	500	...	100
Indian Mfg.	1000	1000	...	540
Indo-China Mfg.	1000	1000	nil	850
James Greaves	500	500	...	325
Jamshed Mfg.	250	250	5	200
Jivraj Baloo	1000	1000	...	480
Jubilee Mills	1000	1000	...	275
Khandesh	1000	610	25	850
Khatow Makonjee	1000	1000	45	1440
Kohinoor	500	500	15	847½
Leopold	100	100	...	72½
Lakshmi Cotton	1000	1000	yr. 100	1480
Madras United	1000	1000	50	2375
Madhavji Dharamsay	500	500	65	1610
Maneckji Petit	1000	1000	80	3110
Morarji Goculdas	1000	1000	60	3300
Mysore Spinning	250	250	...	50
Mysore Spinning	30	30	...	...
Moon	1000	1000	...	100
New Great Eastern	200	200	6	265
New City of Bombay	500	500	20	1160
Phoenix	100	100	6	128½xd
Presidency	1000	1000	...	500
Ripon	1000	1000	...	40
Sassoon Cotton	1000	1000	50	860
Sassoon Silk	500	500	yr. 35	475
Sholapur	1000	1000	125	4850
S. Mahratha	250	250	15	100
Standard Mills	500	500	25	1380
Sun	250	250	nil	130
Swan	250	250	10	257½
Swadesh	500	500	25	1680
Textile	500	500	20	1530
Vishnu Cotton O.	500	500	nil	500
Do. P.	500	500	nil	645
Western India	1000	1000	25	660

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Al'ok Ashdown & Co.	100	100	6 p.c.	175
All India Ut. Co. Ld.	100	20	5 ,,	16½
Bamankua	10	10	...	8
Back Bay Bath	50	50	6 p.c.	28
Badham Pile	70	70	7 p.c.	94xd.
Baroda Tram. Co	100	100	4 p.c.	53
Bombay Burmah T. Corpn	125	125	15 p.c.	560
Bombay Electric S. and T. Co. Ld. O.	£10	£10	Nil.	17½
Do do. P.	£10	£10	6 p.c.	185
Bombay Ice Mfg.	100	100	2 p.c.	26
Bombay Flour Mill	500	500	20	1020
Bombay Land and Building	500	500	5 p.c.	...
Bombay S. N. Co. O.	250	250	7-8	292½
Do. do. P.	250	250	6	295
Central I. M. Co., Ld.	10	10	3½	88
Delhi Flour	200	200	10	140
Empire of I. L. A.	500	50	30 p.c.	200
John Roberts and Co.	100	100	5 p.c.	205
Josts Fans Supply Co.	100	50	7 yr.	50
Kemp and Co.	200	175	12½ ,,	175
Karachi Landing	200	75	12	115
Marcks and Co	100	100	8	111
Marsland Price and Co O.	100	100	4 p.c.	...
Do. do. P.	100	100	7 p.c.	75
Napier Hotel Co.	100	100	...	...
Oriental Govt. L. A. Co.	200	50	20 p.c.	311
Oriental Mining	...	...	...	6
Phillips and Co	40	40	10 p.c.	37
Port Canning Co.	1000	1000	yr. 42	777½
Shivrajpore Syn. etc.	10	10	...	23
Sirdar Carbonic Gas Co.	100	100	5	90
Soundy and Co	100	100	...	20
Tata Iron Steel Co. Ld. O.	75	36	...	88
Do. D.	80	80	...	189
Do. P.	150	130	...	185
Thacker and Co.	50	50	25 p.c	210
Telephone Co.	25	25	yr. 1½	61
Treacher and Co.	500	500	yr. 30	460

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

NAMES.	Amount.	Paid-up.	Last half-yearly Dividend.	Cash Rate.
Ahmedabad-Prantej Railway	500	500	8 p.c.	687½
Amritsar-Patty	100	100	6 ,,	137
Sindh Light Railways Ld. (Mirpur Khas—Jhudo Feeder)	100	100	6 ,,	} 140
Do. Mirpur Khas—Khadro Feeder	100	100	...	
Tapti-Valley Railway Co	00	500	4½ ,,	543½xd
Ahmedabad Dholka Railway	100	100	5½ ,,	138
Central Provinces	25		4 ,,	73½
Guzrat Railway	75		4 ,,	98

GOSSIP OF THE WEEK.

LONDON, Aug. 16.

The King's sons, like their father, always wear the kilt the whole time that they are in Scotland, and make a point of appearing in the garb of old Gaul, when they emerge from the station at Ballater. The change of attire is effected in the train. The kilt is extremely becoming to the Prince of Wales, especially the evening dress of the rather gorgeous Royal Stuart tartan, with silver ornaments and accoutrements.

On the last occasion on which the Queen visited the Dowager Grand Duchess of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, the latter was staying at her Dresden castle of Kepp Schloss. It is built on the side of a range of hills, with a background of woods, and there is a magnificent bird's-eye view of Dresden from the upper windows. Here the Grand Duchess spent her time in a thoroughly rural way, only driving into Dresden for concerts, the opera, or a visit to a picture gallery. Princess Mary, who has accompanied the Queen, is having her first experience of foreign travel. At her age the Queen had already been a good deal abroad, and the two years previous to her making her debut at the English Court were spent by her at Florence with her parents, the late Duke and Duchess of Teck. It was there that her Majesty acquired her knowledge of Italian, and a charming instance of her remembrance of old friends is that she never forgets to send a Christmas card to her former Florentine teacher.

The Dowager Duchess of Genoa, who has died at her villa at Stresa, Isola Bella, at the advanced age of eighty-two, was at one time a very well-known figure among the Courts of Europe. She was the mother of the Queen Dowager of Italy, and the sister of the two last Kings of Saxony, King Albert and King George. After the death of the Duke of Genoa, her romantic marriage with her chamberlain, the Marquis Rapallo, was not approved of by either her Italian or Saxon relatives, and the cold shoulder was shown to the couple at both Courts. In time, however, the alliance was forgiven. The Marquis Rapallo, who was one of the most tactful of men, became a sort of referee, when delicate family questions arose, in the Royal houses of both Saxony and Italy. Until age and infirmity forbade her moving much from her own country, the Duchess of Genoa was a frequent visitor at the Court of Dresden; but she lived chiefly in her palace at Turin or her villa on Lago Maggiore, where she died. The late Duchess was the grandmother of King Victor Emmanuel, not his great-aunt, as has been stated. Prince Thomas, the Duchess's son, as we have already shown, was rather ragged at school on account of his foreign title when he was a new boy. But he so approved himself as to attain a general popularity before he left, and when the future Admiral undertook a sporting cruise up one of the risky Chinese rivers a few years later, quite a host of his old friends found themselves concerned about him.

France's new guest, the ex-Sultan, Mulai Hafid, has been put in fairly comfortable circumstances by an amiable French Government. He is to have a pension of 375,000f. and an "indemnity" of 400,000f. As, however, he is a very much married man, £14,000 a year and £16,000 down can hardly mean what they would to a bachelor. In the course of his uncomfortable occupation of the throne, though, his Shereefian Majesty managed to speculate as successfully as boldly in land. The Prophet had not vetoed this way of making money any more than has the law, and Mulay Hafid made a great deal of money, which he has wisely placed with more European banks than one. Some of the advantages of civilisation, at any rate, he could appreciate. Mulai's smartest stroke of business was effected at the time of the revolt he headed against Abdul, when he disposed of the contents of his brother's armoury at Marrakesh. The guns fetched enormous prices, so Mulai had the satisfaction of arming his partisans at Abdul's expense and making a small fortune at the same time.

Mr. C. E. de Trafford, whose heir has been in an unfortunate motor accident, is the second son of that Sir Humphrey de Trafford whose splendid services to sport and agriculture have been so noteworthy. Mr. de Trafford, like his father before him, is an old Beaumont College boy, and he married one of Lord Denbigh's daughters in 1892. As a cricketer he was a "mighty slogger" of the Bonnor and C. I. Thornton type, and his prowess in the field did much to raise Leicestershire from the ruck of second-class counties, for he captained the county eleven with great judgment, and in 1894 scored nearly 600 runs and in 1899 nearly 900. He was High Sheriff of Leicestershire in 1893.

Lord Clive, whose statue will soon find a temporary site in the garden attached to Gwydyr House, numbers among his descendants the present Earl of Powis, who holds the title of Baron Clive of Plassey, the peerage which was conferred on Robert Clive five years after the decisive defeat of Surajah Dowlah. Fate has been less kind to another great Indian proconsul, as no descendant, direct or collateral, holds the honours won by Warren Hastings. The ancestral manor of Daylesford, of which he was so proud, has long been in the possession of strangers. His only daughter died at Moorshedabad in 1759, and a son, George Hastings, who was brought to England in 1761, passed away before reaching maturity.

With the question of the public's reading to the front, one is reminded of the pronouncement of Mr. George Moore on the same subject. It is frankly pessimistic. He says:—I've no complaint to make; I've done well with my books; but I do think that in the course of the last thirty years the outlook for the man who tries to put brains and ideas into his books has grown steadily worse and worse. And, as far as I can make out, a sale of 5,000 copies for a piece of imaginative literature is as much as any one can now expect. The circle of readers who understand and appreciate is certainly narrower than it was. Mr. Moore's reason is that "we have thought everybody to read, and that has almost killed literature. You can teach people to read, but you can't give them brains."

Visitors to the Bath Assembly Rooms, which a syndicate is about to run on up-to-date lines, had at one time to study their dress most carefully. One of the regulations enforced by the management in the eighteenth century stipulated that "ladies who intend to dance must be dressed in a suit of clothes, a full-trimmed sacque, or full-trimmed Italian night-gown or petticoat, with lappets and dressed hoops. Every lady who chooses to dance a minute will wear a hoop suitable to the fashion and proper for the occasion. It is also expected that no lady will appear in an apron at the Monday balls."

Signor de Mitta, a Milan judge, has been called upon to decide whether poker ranks as a scientific game or a pure gamble. Some prisoners charged before him with gambling in a public restaurant pleaded that they were playing "pocker" a game for which skill is required in order to win. This defence elicited a judgment placing poker on a level with baccarat and other games of pure chance. After summarising the rules, and explaining such terms as bluff, a straight, a full hand, and a royal flush, all of which he gave in English, the judge concluded: "Skill plays only a minor part in the game of 'pocker.' Whether you win or lose depends almost entirely on chance. Bluff can be employed by any one able to command his features. A fine was therefore imposed; but the players are carrying the question of the status of poker to the Court of Appeal.

It is good news that the George V. postage stamps of the improved edition will shortly be issued. The present stamps are almost on a par with those of the last reign, than which nothing could possibly have been less beautiful from an æsthetic point of view. The late King, although he did not admire his own postage stamps, never insisted on a change, but his present Majesty is a philatelist, and it is scarcely to be wondered at if the present stamps do not find favour in his eyes.



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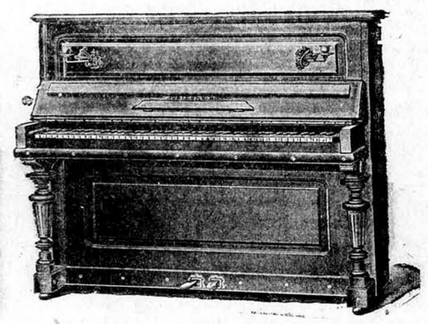
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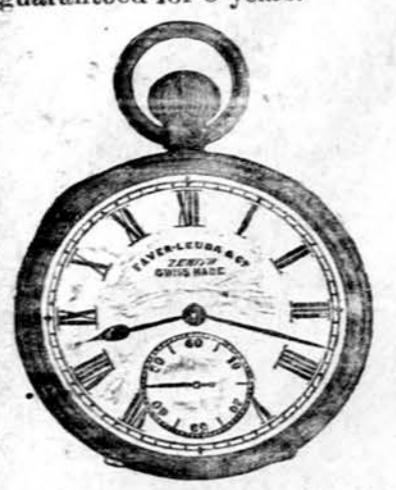
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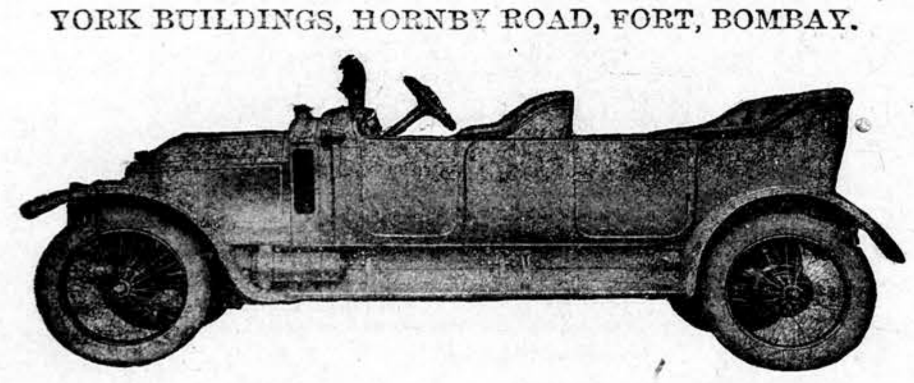
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